CIAL NOTICES.

UNERAL NOTICE.

Friends and acquaintances of
d Mrs. W. W. Haden are hu
o attend the funeral of their
son, Redding S. Haden, from
esidence, 15 Jefferson street, at
ck p. m. today.

EETING NOTICE.

A regular communication of At
nta Lodge, No. 59, F. and A. M.
ll be held in Masonic hall, cor-
r of Mitchell and Forsyth
eets, at 7:30 o'clock, sharp, this
evening. The fellowcraft de-
e conferred. Brethren of good
re fraternally invited.
R. H. CARPENTER,
Worshipful Master.
B. MOON, Secretary.

Hauck, 42 Peachtree Street.
ner, painting, paper-hanging.

THE WEATHER.

ion, January 21.—Forecast for
and Friday:
and South Carolina—Fair
Friday rain; light variable

Florida and Alabama—Fair
Friday; warmer and warmer;
ble winds, becoming fresh

Florida—Fair Thursday and
ept rain Friday in northern
ht variable winds.

om Various Stations.

	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall 12 hours in inches.
d State of ther.			
ear	42	46	.00
loudy	42	50	T
ow	32	34	.14
partly cldy	45	50	T
clear	42	48	.00
loudy	28	42	T
loudy	24	26	T
now	34	36	T
istl. clear	32	54	.30
udy	28	32	T
cloudy	40	48	.00
cloudy	42	48	.01
e. clear	36	62	.55
y. clear	34	38	.00
cloudy	38	40	.01
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ns. cloudy	48	52	.02
clear	40	48	.01
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clear	28	32	.00
loudy	14	16	.00
clear	50	60	T
oudy	48	62	.01
clear	44	50	.06
clear	48	58	.00

J. E. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.
es trace of rain or snow.



E TRIPOD PAINTS,
l Enamels are unequaled
ity, covering capacity and
e. They are put up in all
to apply.
POD PAINT COMPANY.
nd 39 N. PRYOR ST

THE
RAND

inee Today—Tonight,
VE APPEARANCE OF
S MORRISON,
Goethe's Beautiful Romance,
FAUST"
n celebrated throughout the
glish-speaking world.
ry, great electrical effects.
to $1.00; matinee, 25c to 75c.

ay Matinee and Night.
S FROHMAN PRESENTS
NDREW
His Greatest Success
y and the Humming Bird,
y Isaac Henderson.
ire Theater Cast and Produc
Sale Opens Thursday.

JOU

Matinees Today and Sa
urday.
DEVILLE
B. CURTIS & CO.
MINARY GIRLS.
Madison, Ernest and Albert,
d Leigh, Wartenburg Bros.,
McAvoy,
in Bijou prices.

IMBALL HOUSE
KISH BATHS.
v Open
OFFICE FLOOR

NIGHT TRAINS
VIA
ERN RAILWAY,
OVER
and half quickest time
TO
LLE & ST. AUGUSTINE
AND ALL
ORIDA RESORTS.
estibuled Trains.
ca s on Dining Cars.
rite or call on
Jr., D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

VOL. XXXV ATLANTA, GA. FRIDAY. MORNING, JANUARY 23 1903—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE CITY--2 CENTS TRAINS--5 CENTS

WASHINGTON, January 22.—The treaty between the United States and Colombia for the construction of the Panama canal by the United States was signed today in this city.

SURE DEATH FOR TRUSTS IN THIS BILL

At Least Mr. Littlefield Says So, and He Thinks That He Knows

GREAT TRUST KILLER DISCOVERED AT LAST

After Long Travail, House Committee Prepares Measure, Which Roosevelt Thinks Will Make Combines Hunt Cover.

Wasaington, January 22.—Representative Littlefield, of Maine, chairman of the subcommittee of the house judiciary committee, to which all anti-trust bills were referred, will tomorrow report to the full judiciary committee a bill which has been drawn and adopted by the subcommittee. Several weeks have been devoted to the preparation of the bill, the subcommittee having considered some 25 or 30 measures.

The bill is offered as a substitute for the publicity bill introduced by Representative Littlefield at the last session. The full committee is expected to take the bill up tomorrow and decide if it is to be reported to the house as now framed.

Provisions of the Bill.

Section 1 of the bill provides that every corporation engaged in interstate commerce shall file a return with the interstate commerce commission under oath, stating its name, date of organization, where and when organized, giving statutes under which it is organized and all amendments thereof, if consolidated, naming constituent companies and where and when organized, with the same information as to such constituent companies, so far as applicable, as is herein required of such corporations with full reference to laws under which all the reorganizations have taken place with the same information as to all prior companies in the chain of reorganization, so far as applicable, as is herein required of such corporation; amount of authorized capital stock, shares into which it is divided, par value, whether common or preferred, and distinction between each; amount issued and outstanding; amount paid in; how much, if any, paid in in cash, if any, or in property; if any part in property describing in detail the kind and character and location with its cash market value at the time it was received in payment; describing the elements in which the market value is based, especially whether in whole or in part upon the capitalization of earnings, earning capacity, or economics; with the date and the cash price paid therefor at its last sale; the name and address of each officer, managing agent and director; a true and correct copy of its articles of incorporation; a full, true, and correct copy of any and all rules, regulations and by-laws adopted for the management and control of its business and the direction of its officers, managing agents and directors."

May Put Them Out of Business.

Any corporation failing to make such return may be restrained from engaging in interstate commerce.

Section 2 provides that swearing to a false return shall be punishable as perjury.

Section 3 provides for the publication for free distribution of such returns.

Section 4 confers upon the commission the same authority to inquire into the management of all corporations as it now possesses with respect to railroad corporations, and provides penalties for refusal to answer lawful inquiries or to produce books and papers.

Section 5 provides that any person, carrier, lessee, trustee, receiver, officer, agent or representative of a carrier subject to the act to regulate commerce, who shall grant, give, council, accept or receive any rebate, concession, facilities or service in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said act, whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said act to regulate commerce, or shall receive any advantage by way of facilities or service, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a fine of not less than $1,000.

Section 6 provides that no corporation engaged in the production, manufacture or sale of any article of commerce violating any of the provisions of section 5 of this act, or attempting to monopolize or control by discrimination in prices, or by giving special privileges or rebates or otherwise, in order to destroy competition therein in such locality, shall use, either directly or indirectly, any of the facilities or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, or in any way engaged in interstate commerce, for the purpose of aiding or facilitating, either directly or indirectly, such production, manufacture or sale with such intent.

Penalties for Violations.

A penalty of a fine of $500 to $5,000 attaches to violations of this section.

Section 7 forbids the transportation of articles produced in violation of this act, under penalty of not less than $1,000, to be recovered by suit.

Section 8 provides that no person shall be excused from testifying or producing books and papers on the ground of incrimination, and provides for the immunity of any person so testifying.

Section 9 invests the circuit courts of the United States with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain the violation of this act by injunction or otherwise. It is made the duty of the United States district attorneys to prosecute violations of the act.

Section 10 provides that the court may summon before it any other parties, whether resident of the district or not.

Section 11 provides that any person or corporation injured by the violation of this act may recover three-fold the damage sustained.

Section 12 provides that the act shall take effect May 11, 1903.



REP. LITTLEFIELD.
He Has Prepared a Bill Which, He Thinks, Will Put the Trusts Out of Business.

NOW CERTAIN GREAT CANAL WILL BE CUT

No Details in Regard to the Signing of the Treaty Given Out.

SECRECY IS OBSERVED BY THE ADMINISTRATION

It Is Believed, However, That the Treaty Will Be Sent to the Senate Today—Treaty Signed at Home of Secretary Hay.

Washington, January 22.—No details of the signature of the isthmus canal treaty were obtainable tonight, but at the presidential reception at the white house the news that the treaty between the two countries at last was an accomplished fact leaked out and later was confirmed authoritatively on inquiry in official quarters.

It had been intended not to make the signature of the canal public until tomorrow, but the news apparently was too good for some of the friends of the canal to keep after the long delay and suspense, and it transpired at the president's official reception. Fears had been entertained until this week that Colombia would not be willing to accede to the wishes of the United States in the matter and that recourse to the Nicaraguan canal project might be forced on the United States.

The principal obstacle to the conclusion of the treaty, it is said, has been the price that the United States was to pay in the shape of a cash payment and by way of annual rental for the strip of territory along each side of the canal right of way. It could not be learned tonight what was the price finally agreed on. Some time ago there was a hitch over the question of the extent to which control by the United States over this strip of land should go, Colombia objecting on the ground that the provision requested in the treaty by the United States would mean a relinquishment of sovereignty by Colombia over part of her territory, but this matter was amicably adjusted, as was a difference as to the lifetime of the lease of the strip of land in question, the final result being a practical cession in perpetuity of the strip to the United States for canal purposes and incidental police control and protection of the canal right of way.

The canal treaty was signed at Secretary Hay's house this afternoon, Mr. Hay acting for the United States and Dr. Herran, the charge d'affaires of Colombia, who had been specially given full powers to negotiate the treaty, signing in behalf of Colombia. The treaty will have to go to the senate for ratification and it is believed it will be transmitted to that body tomorrow. It is said that details of the agreement will not be made public in advance of the transmission of the treaty to the senate. It is thought that the secretary, from time to time, consulted leading members of the senate on the essential features of the treaty he was negotiating, so that it is believed it will meet the approval of the senate at the present session.

BY AMERICAN WAR DOGS CASTRO WILL BE SAVED FROM FANGS OF KAISER



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

RAIN OF SHELLS STILL FALLING

German Cruisers Continue to Bombard Venezuelan Fort.

Fort Is Replying to the German Ships—Twelve Dead and Fifteen Wounded Venezuelan Soldiers Counted in the Fort.

Maracaibo, January 22.—The bombardment of Fort San Carlos by the German cruisers Vineta, Panther and Falke was continued yesterday afternoon until 6 o'clock.

It was resumed this morning at daybreak. The first shells were hurled at the fort at 4 o'clock at long range.

At 6 o'clock the Panther, being of light draught closed in and again became actively engaged. The fort replied at 8 o'clock the engagement was proceeding as fiercely as yesterday.

Twelve dead and fifteen badly wounded Venezuelan soldiers were counted in the fort at 7 o'clock last night by the correspondent of the Associated Press.

The Panther left her position close in to Fort San Carlos, which she took up earlier in the day, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and joined the Falke. This ship was half a mile outside the bar and about 5 miles from the fort.

At 3 o'clock the correspondent of the Associated Press, in a row boat, approached one side of the fort out of range, and from this point witnessed the long-range fire of the German cruisers, which was continued from 3 o'clock until 6 o'clock. The Vineta and the Falke were close together and nearer the fort than the Panther.

The first two vessels, at a range of 4 1-2 miles, poured in a continuous rain of shell upon the fort and only stopped firing with the advent of dusk at 6 o'clock. At this hour, the German vessel sailed seaward, after having made a second ineffectual attempt to land troops in the village of San Carlos, situated at the base of the fort.

At 7 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the correspondent, who was accompanied by a government telegrapher bearing a telegram from President Castro to the commandant of San Carlos, landed on the island and entered the fort. The walls of the fort are terribly battered and there were many evidences of the fierce engagement. Twelve dead Venezuelan soldiers were counted behind the ramparts and fifteen other men, seriously wounded, were lying on a low platform.

The fort is literally covered with pieces of broken shells. It was seen that a great many of the German shells had not exploded. The magazine had a very narrow escape, two shells having come within an ace of penetrating it. The walls of the fort which face toward the entrance of the lake suffered particularly and were greatly damaged.

It is estimated by the commandant, General Bello, that the German ships fired more than 1,600 shells at Fort San Carlos.

Great Damage to the Fort.

Although the damage inflicted upon the fort by the returned fire of the German cruisers is very great, it is not all that could be expected from such a continuous fire from modern high-power guns. The village of San Carlos suffered greatly. The aim of the German gunners appears to have been inaccurate, for more than 60 per cent of their shells exploded in the village before reaching the fort.

The cannon mounted at San Carlos have not sufficient range to reach the Falke and the Vineta, so the fire from

Continued on Second Page.

Action of Germany in Bombarding Maracaibo Causes War Talk at Washington.

ARMED INTERFERENCE BY THE UNITED STATES

Administration Trying To Get Great Britain to Withdraw and Then the Kaiser Will Be Ordered to Leave Venezuelan Waters.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, D. C., January 22.—(Special.)—The possibility that the United States will issue a sharp call-down to Germany for her belligerent actions in Venezuela is seriously contemplated in administration circles.

High officials, who necesarily cannot be quoted, were in decidedly belligerent mood today. They talked war and used the word "war," which is most unusual in official circles. At the state, war and navy building and in the halls of congress discussion of the attack of the German cruisers upon Fort San Carlos overshadowed everything else. It is freely declared that this government has sounded Great Britain again with a view to getting her to withdraw from her arrangement with Germany, but no confirmation of this statement could be obtained from either state department or British embassy. It was evident at both places, however, that there's something in the air and that it's something serious.

GREAT BRITAIN SICK OF GERMAN ALLIANCE

Sir Michael Herbert sent word down the line at the embassy on Connecticutt avenue that nobody was to discuss Germany's action with newspaper men or anybody else. The British ambassador is much concerned over the possible effect of this last break of Germany upon American public opinion, and the same concern is felt at the British foreign office. In London, as well as here, the British feeling has been that the growth of American anti-German feeling was not to be deprecated so long as Great Britain did not become involved, but it is now feared Britain may be held responsible for Germany's acts and may suffer seriously in consequence. Chancellor Von Buelow's declaration that all steps taken by Germany must have the sanction of the British commanders is distinctly repudiated by the English diplomats in their private talks. The feeling at the British embassy is that the sooner England breaks off with Germany, the better it will be for British prestige in this country, which they believe is being seriously endangered.

While this phase of the question troubles the president and Secretary Hay, as well as the British ambassador, because they are anxious American public sentiment shall be friendly to England, the more serious possibility of a clash with Germany is being gravely considered.

That the Germans have not violated the letter of their rights in carrying out coercive measures against Venezuela is practically admitted by the administration. It is maintained, however, that they have violated the spirit of the assurances given to this government in regard to the mild character of the coercive measures to be applied to Venezuela.

The feeling that the United States government has been trifled with by Germany is becoming very general among administration officials, who see in the drastic operations of the imperial squadron a purpose to defy the principles of the Monroe doctrine.

ARMED INTERFERENCE BY THE UNITED STATES

A very high official of the government, a man whose name, could it be given, would, in view of his talk, startle the country, acknowledged, in discussing the situation with me today, that armed intervention of the United States in Venezuela is to be considered as among the possibilities. He likened the situation in Venezuela to that in Cuba before American intervention.

"Now, as then," said he, "an European power was committing belligerent acts upon American territory. In the case of Spain, this was carried on until American public sentiment rose in its might and demanded that Spain be driven from this hemisphere. In the present case, the

Continued on Second Page.



KAISER WILLIAM.

KAISER WILLIAM LIKE A MADMAN

Crazy, Says Herr Bebel, to Play First Role in World.

Bitter Attack Made on Germany's Course in Venezuela by the Socialist Leader in the Reichstag—Denounces the Bombardments.

Berlin, January 22.—During the budget debate in the reichstag today, Herr Bebel, socialist, ascribed the empire's deficits to the enormous expenditures for the army and navy and to the "futile efforts to play the first role in the world," which Germany was unable to do. The government, he continued, was afflicted with the "malady of suddenness," which defeated its own aims. The speaker instanced the rearmament of the army with artillery which had already been relegated to the second rank. The United States, Herr Bebel said, had entered into the competition for armaments, and, owing to her great resources and energy, will soon outstrip Europe.

Herr Bebel further said the empire's expenditures for the army and navy were likely to grow even greater under the present conception of the foreign policy. Germany wanted to be first everywhere. Its attitude toward weaker states would never be tolerated toward itself.

Its action toward Haiti was brusque, and how, the speaker asked, can the Panther's bombardment of Fort San Carlos be justified? Continuing, Herr Bebel remarked:

"President Castro is struggling for life and the maintenance of the presidency. We cannot take it ill for a man under such circumstances if he resists excessive demands. The coercion of Venezuela is in the interests of great capitalists and the Krupp firm has a share in it. Such violence should be resorted to only in the most extreme cases."

Chancellor Von Buelow again spoke on Venezuela in the reichstag today in answer to the criticism of Herr Bebel, socialist, on the government's policy. The chancellor said:

"Herr Bebel has defended the singular behavior of the Venezuelan government against us with a degree of animation such as I have seen in no European newspaper. President Castro, doubtless, will read Herr Bebel's speech with the greatest delight at his morning coffee. Let me further remark that the question at issue between Venezuela and the powers is not merely one of claims, but of the defense of the powers of their prestige, which has been impaired through President Castro's action and through the manner in which he repudiated, impolitely, to express it mildly, our just claims. We were, therefore, perfectly justified in proceeding jointly with Germany and Italy for the preservation of our prestige."

To Keep Powder Dry.

Chancellor Voe Buelow, later in his address, said that Herr Schaedler (Bavarian member of the center party) had remarked the other day that the Germans were more hated than loved in the world. "I regard this wide generalization as incorrect," continued the chancellor. "I believe we have trustworthy political friends and that the world has not forgoten the radiant genius of the German people. I recently referred to a 'wild poet' who was unfavorably disposed toward us. I am glad to note that the Belgo-French author, Maeterlinck, who is now in Berlin, has not improperly characterized the German people as 'the moral conscience of the world.' But even if so much hatred and dislike for us prevail as Herr Bebel, too, seems to assume, then, in my opinion, hatred and envy, and hate is usually born of envy, are sweeter than pity.

"Let us keep our powder dry; let us not quarrel too much among ourselves and nobody will run foul of our wagon."

Earlier in his speech Count Buelow, referring to Herr Bebel's criticisms of Emperor William's attack upon social democracy, said:

"Are you trying, by all the means of

Continued on Second Page.



EDWARD O. WOLCOTT.
He is Seeking to Defeat Senator Teller by Revolutionary Methods.

TWO MILLIONS TO BE INVESTED IN TWO PLANTS

Cement Plant and Water Power for Cartersville, Ga.

WORK WILL COMMENCE IN THE NEAR FUTURE

Chicago Capitalists Ready To Build as Soon as the Railroads Come To Terms—President Dorwin Talks of the Company's Plans.

Plans have been practically completed by Chicago capitalists to establish a $1,500,000 cement plant at Cartersville, Ga., and to develop the power of the Etowah river at that place under another company with a capital of $500,000.

These investments aggregating $2,000,000, will be made by these Chicago capitalists just as soon as they can secure assurances from the railroads of fair and reasonable rates for their raw material. Negotiations are now being made looking to this end, and if the railroads will come to terms the work of putting up the plants will be started witain the next few weeks.

W. E. Dorwin, president of the Georgia Portland Cement Company, which proposes to erect this plant, was in the city yesterday and stated to a representative of The Constitution before his departure for Chicago last night, that everything was in readiness to begin the work with the exception of making an equitable arrangement with the railroad companies upon which the cement company will have to depend.

There will be two companies, the Georgia Portland Cement Company, with a capital of $1,500,000 as stated, which has already been incorporated and organized, and the Etowah Power Company, with a

Continued on Second Page.

HOLD THE FORT IS THE SLOGAN OF DEMOCRATS

Teller's Friends Will Not Be Snubbed By Republicans of Colorado.

ARMED GUARDS READY TO DEFY REPUBLICANS

Democrats Are in Possession of the State House and Will Not Surrender To the Wolcott Crowd Without a Desperate Fight.

Denver, Colo., January 22.—Before the democratic members of the senate and house assembled in joint session at noon today they held a meeting at which they listened to speeches by Senator Teller and other leaders. United States Senator Thomas H. Patterson said that Senator Teller felt keenly the neglect of six democrats to vote at the joint session yesterday, thereby defeating his election. He said that the conference had been called in order that Senator Teller might make a statement.

Former Governor Adams, Charles S. Thomas and Thomas J. O'Donnell declared that Teller was the only logical candidate and that the only thing for the party to do was to elect him senator.

Senator Teller was greeted with applause. He said that he had not attended the meeting for the purpose of finding fault. He declared that he believed the democratic party was paramount to the interests of any one man. He said he had not withdrawn and did not intend to withdraw unless things came to such a pass that the party could not agree upon him. He was willing that his friends should support the party choice.

Senator Teller said the senate acted properly in calling for the joint session yesterday. When the last election was over the democrats had a majority of 10 on the first ballot and by every precedent in American politics the democrats were entitled to the senatorship.

The senator criticised the republicans for their action in the house. He also denounced the republican senators and held that the question to the democrats was whether the majesty of the law should be maintained.

The meeting then adjourned and at noon the joint session was called to order.

Fifty democratic members of the legislature, one short of a quorum, were present.

Representative William H. Kelly, democrat, was absent and the senate sergeant at arms was instructed to bring in absentees. No attempt was made, however, to force the attendance of republican members.

Preparing for a Long Siege.

The joint session settled down for a long siege for the purpose of taking a ballot for senator, providing Kelly should be found. It was rumored that he had been kidnaped by agents of republicans

Continued on Second Page.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Fair Friday; Saturday rain and warmer; light variable winds becoming southeast.

Highest temperature	46	Normal temperature	41
Lowest temperature	34	Precipitation for past 24 hours	T.
Mean temperature	40	Deficiency since first of month	2.91

LOCAL.

Cement and water plants costing $2,000,000 will be constructed at Cartersville, Ga., by Chicago capitalists.

Organization of the Atlanta Terminal Company, which will build the new union station, is to be perfected early in February.

The Millard Lee insanity case is dismissed from the superior court and will be taken to the supreme court.

GEORGIA.

Horace Aivers, a prominent real estate man of Savannah, was yesterday fined $750 by Judge Pope Barrow for renting property for gaming purposes.

Yesterday morning while stealing coal, Jane Mayo, a negro woman, of Macon, received two loads of buckshot. She was found dead late in the morning.

Postmaster Harry Edwards, of Macon, returns from Washington and gives out a statement in which he says that hereafter President Roosevelt, in making appointments, will consider the fitness of the applicant.

SOUTHERN.

The North Carolina democratic senatorial caucus was fairly stampeded last night when Watson ran ahead of Overman, needing only seven votes to win the nomination.

"Peg Leg" Williams, widely known as a labor agent, was yesterday arrested at Huntsville.

At Spartanburg, S. C., a 3-year-old girl feeds strychnine pills to her infant sister, causing almost instant death

DOMESTIC.

The Panama canal treaty was signed at Washington yesterday.

Congressman Littlefield will report his anti-trust bill to his committee today.

A stranger climbed to the tower of Brooklyn bridge and was arrested before he could jump.

The deadlocks in Colorado and Delaware legislatures, in selecting candidates for senator, are tight ones.

FOREIGN.

German cruisers bombarded Fort San Carlos at Maracaibo, Venezuela, yesterday.

Herr Bebel, socialist, in the reichstag, said the emperor was crazy to play the first role in the world.

The volcano Soufriere, on St. Vincent island, is in eruption again.

Cuban Minister Marchan is at his post in Madrid, Spain.

LIVINGSTON IS COUNTING NOSES

Public Buildings Committee Will Make Canvass Today.

The Meeting May Bring Out Whether Any Public Building Legislation Can Be Secured at This Session of Congress.

Today may determine whether the Atlanta postoffice bill will get through congress at the present session.

The house committee on public buildings will hold a meeting today and the chances of the measure will then be ascertained. There are other similar matters before the committee, and it is believed an effort will be made to have all the emergency affairs given consideration by the house as early as possible.

The following dispatch from Washington tells of the situation:

Washington, January 22.—(Special.)—At tomorrow's meeting of the house committee on public buildings a canvass of possibilities for public building legislation at this session will be made by Chairman Mercer and his associates.

Members of the committee and other members of the house who have meritorious and emergent building projects pending have been acting with Colonel Livingston in making such a canvass of the situation.

This has been satisfactory as a whole. There are many demands, some of them fully as urgent as that of Atlanta, and the recommendations of the supervising architect of the treasury show that in the public interest these should be put through without delay.

It is the hope of Chairman Mercer that such a showing can yet be made as will impress the committee on rules with the necessity of giving the committee a day.

If this can be done it will, of course, not be necessary to attempt to run over the house leaders.

That extreme will only be resorted to in case of refusal on the part of the speaker and the rules committee to permit the consideration of an omnibus bill embracing these urgent public building projects, and the committee on public buildings will not consider this method unless all other plans fail. If there is any such legislation the Atlanta appropriation will be provided in it.

"THE MESSIAH" RENDERED WITH BRILLIANT EFFECT

The production last night of Handel's "Messiah" before an audience that overflowed the First Presbyterian church was the most significant event in Atlanta's musical year and the quality of the performance has been surpassed by no local work Atlanta has ever done.

The audience was a general one, but the excellence of the performance impressed itself not merely upon the musicians present—who were, by the way, quite in evidence. A heavy, serious work can, to some extent, obtain a universal appreciation when it is well presented, and so "The Messiah" effected its purpose last night. It was a splendid example of the music that must found a city's musical progress.

The chorus was a well balanced one of forty-four voices, and very plainly they had analyzed and put together and struggled with and prayed over their music, because they had conquered it, and all the rest is implied.

There were good voices, they were sure of the music, and they had acquired a fine attack, modulation and expression. Their response to the conductor in the matter of precision and color was absolute and their singing had been well smoothed and steadied. Altogether their treatment of the music was reverent and enthusiastic, and they rose to the heights of the oratorio.

Mr. Marshbank, who had so ably brought the chorus to its superb standard, sang the tenor roles. His singing is restful and satisfactory to hear at all times. He is always the artist and confidence may be placed in what he is going to do. Last night his voice was especially steady and his tone pure and sustained. Particularly was he impressive in the temperament of the recitative, "Thy Rebuke Hath Broken His Heart." Congratulations must be divided between his singing and his direction.

Miss Lillian Clark held a really rapt attention during her rendition of the soprano recitation, "There Were Shepherds." Her tones are all well taken and in quality, sweet and clear, and she sings with a simplicity that is an admirable art.

Mrs. Wingfield's prominent solos were "Rejoice Greatly" and "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth," and both she sang with a fine feeling.

The extensive work assigned the bass in this oratorio needed all Mr. Mullin's big voice and deep breathing. He worked up to his best in the famous last recitation and aria, "Behold I Tell You a Mystery" and "The Trumpet Shall Sound."

Mrs. Cooper has a full sweet contralto, with which she handled excellently her beautiful role.

A distinguished feature of the performance was Mr. Richardson as organist. He has the mastery of the instrument, which is a rare attainment, and last night he was in perfect touch with the conductor. His conception of his part was majestic, and to him is in grateful measure due a large share of the oratorio's pronounced success.

THEATERS.

The Grand.

Lewis Morrison, as the devil in "Faust," played as usual to two packed houses at the Grand yesterday afternoon and night.

For the seventeenth time in Atlanta the inimitable impersonator of his satanic majesty held the house completely under his spell.

At the close of the fourth act the immense crowd would not be satisfied with him as the devil, but called persistently for a speech from Morrison. In his response he told a good story of how, at one time, when in the last scene he was supposed to drop into the bottomless pit, as Margaret and Faust were carried into heaven on the wings of the angels, the trapdoor refused to work after he had descended to the distance that only his head and red feather were in view, a voice from the audience was heard saying:

"Hully gee, hell is so ful there is not room for even one more."

As interesting and as entertaining as Mr. Morrison is upon the stage, he is even more charming behind the scenes. As diabolical as he may appear when seen over the footlights, he is the soul of wit and jolly good humor while not "playing the part."

When seen in his dressing room last night, with the very first hearty grasp of the hand he began to tell a story.

"You see, I am deaf," he said, after speaking in glowing terms of Atlanta and how much joy it gave him to appear before an Atlanta audience, "and I met this misfortune at the time my private car was burned, some time ago. As dreadful as was that experience, when I had to drag my wife out of the berth (she leaving, by the way, $10,000 worth of diamonds lying under her pillow) and rush with her to the rear to save her life, there was an amusing incident which occurred in the midst of what liked to have been a frightful tragedy.

"When I reached the rear door of the burning coach with my wife in my arms, and with the determination to drop with her from the car if the train did not stop, I saw there the cook lying on the floor with a mackerel in his hand, crying 'Murder, murder!' at the top of his voice."

At this point his valet called him to take up his part on the stage. When he returned in few moments, in the midst of the act, he began another story, which he told at intervals while the play was in progress, and finished in his dressing room after the last drop of the curtain.

He says he is coming to Atlanta again next year, if the devil does not get him before that time. R. H. T.

Perhaps no man in the theatrical profession takes better care of his health than John Drew, now playing "The Mummy and the Humming Bird," which he will present at the Grand opera house Saturday, January 24, for two performances. Here are a few bits of advice which he always practices:

"Don't swathe yourself in heavy woolen undergarments at the first nip of cold weather. Breathe deep, full and long. Fill yourself mentally with the thought that your blood is coursing through your veins and arteries, warming you through and through, and it will do so. Go much into the open air—go out in the cold ready to welcome it as a friend that will brace you up and fill you with electric life and it will do so. We wear too much and too heavy clothing in our climate in winter. There is more in keeping warm in the mind than most people are aware of. The Japs have the right idea, and as a result of going about barefoot and stockingless, and inuring themselves to the cold early in life, they are recognized as the hardiest of civilized races."

Dan and Charles A. Mason, who are in their second season as co-stars in Charles Newman's hilarious musical comedy, "Rudolph and Adolph," will appear at the Grand next Wednesday and Thursday for three performances.

Mason and Mason are German dialect comedians whose every word and gesture is provocation for uproarious mirth and keep their audiences in convulsions of laughter without resorting to horseplay or knockabout coarseness to do so. This season they are supported by a much larger and if possible stronger company than last, and although "Rudolph and Adolph" was universally considered one of the best entertainments of the kind before the public last season, it has been reconstructed so as to admit of many more specialties and large musical numbers, but the excruciatingly funny plot with the two Dinkenspiels, who look so much alike as to cause confusion with their own wives, remains the same and the many ludicrous complications which arise provoke more laughter than ever.

The Bijou.

The bill at the Bijou this week is nearly through its engagement, for, including the performance tonight, there are but three more chances to be entertained by the most successful offering of the new year.

The programme of mirth and music has completely captured the theatergoers, and despite the fact that there has been unusually strong and popular direct opposition, the attendance has held up to the standard and the people have been delightfully and refreshingly entertained.

The sketch of Mr. Curtis and his assistant is decidedly good. It is a one-act farce comedy that affords "Samuel o' Posen" a great chance to show his gift of entertaining, and he succeeds very well. The act is a good one, and, in fact, it has no equal in vaudeville. The contribution of the Seminary Girls is entirely acceptable. While it is true that the quartet of pretty girls is the principal factor, nevertheless the octet work well together in vocal selections.

Bailey and Madison, the eccentric acrobatic comedians, have scored the best laughing hit of the bill. They are clever, and sure dispellers of the most acute case of the blues. Wartenburg Brothers contribute a wonderful act in foot juggling, and there are other numbers on the bill that appeal strongly to those who admire original cleverness.

The bill that will be the attraction at the Bijou next week includes the famous Rossow midgets, who will make their first appearance in Atlanta. These little men are not freaks, but perfect men, small in statue. They are wonderful acrobats and clever boxers, and one of them, Charlie, is an interesting character impersonator. There are a number of other strong feature acts, among them Phroso, the mechanical doll.

STEALING COAL SHE MET DEATH

Two Barrels of Buckshot Emptied Into Negro Woman.

Charles Horne, of Macon, Shot at Tresspasser in Coal House Early Yesterday Morning. After Day the Body Was Found.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, Brown House, Macon, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Buckshot, as many as two barrels of an improved breechloading magazine gun could carry, penetrated the head and body of Jane Mayo, a negro woman, in South Macon this morning at 2 o'clock.

Dead upon the ground, within a few feet of his chicken coop, Charles Horne found the corpse this morning, just before breakfast.

Some time after midnight Mr. Horne was aroused from his sleep by a noise in his coal yard. He went to his kitchen window for the purpose of ascertaining what had aroused him from his slumbers and observed a figure moving stealthily and quietly away from his coal house.

In the hallway was a double-barreled shotgun. The gun had been loaded for some weeks in anticipation of winging a thief who had made many depredations. Seizing it, Mr. Horne, without further ado, leveled both barrels at the object.

Two reports came quickly, but as the object retained its feet and moved away, Mr. Horne returned to his room without making further inquiry.

Early this morning, however, he visited his coal house and found blood upon the walls. This induced a further investigation.

Within a dozen feet of the coal house he discovered the body of a negro woman. It proved to be that of Jane Mayo, a negro woman well known within the city of Macon, as well as within the confines of South Macon.

Mr. Horne at once communicated with the officers of that suburb. The coroner was notified and the body was at once removed to Undertaker Emory's place, where an inquest was held.

The inquest developed the facts related and the body was surrendered to relatives, by whom it was laid to rest in the colored graveyard.

The result of the inquiry was a verdict of justifiable homicide.

No one regrets the tragedy more than does Mr. Horne. For some time past coal yards and chicken roosts in that portion of the city have been robbed right along with impunity. Up to this time the thieves have been working with an apparent safety from protection, but in all probability the good aim shown by Mr. Horne may check these midnight thieves in their work.

CUBAN MINISTER AT MADRID

Marchan Sympathized with Those Who Fought for Independence.

Paris, January 22.—A dispatch to La Liberte from Madrid says that for the first time in history Cuba has a legation at Madrid. Minister Marchan was born in Cuba. He sympathized with the wars for independence, but took no part in them. He says that Cuba greatly desires to conclude a commercial treaty with Spain on a basis of reciprocity.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FIRE DEVOURS MANY SHOES

Flames This Morning Damage Mann & Lewis' Shoe Store on Peachtree.

A serious conflagration threatened the business district shortly before 1 o'clock this morning in the store of Mann & Lewis Shoe Company, at 41 Peachtree street.

The flames were extinguished before they had gained much headway, although several hundred pairs of shoes were burned and other portions of the stock damaged. The exact amount of damage is not known.

The fire was discovered by a nearby fruit vender, who noticed heavy volumes of smoke issuing from the doors and windows. An alarm was then turned in from box 41. The fire was in the extreme rear of the building and it was several minutes before its exact location could be determined, owing to the density of the smoke.

The firemen pushed their way through the smoke and after the flames were found it was then the space of only a few minutes until they were extinguished. The origin of the fire is unknown.

AMERICAN WAR DOGS MAY SAVE CASTRO FROM FANGS OF KAISER

Continued from First Page.

YANKEE WAR DOGS MAY SAVE CASTRO

point has not yet been reached when the government has been forced to act. It would not take much urging to make this government call on Germany to explain the inconsistency of her bombardments with positive assurances of a bloodless programme which she gave when she started upon this debt collecting expedition to Venezuela. Germany may think she is acting in good faith, but circumstantial evidence is against her."

One other consideration which influences this government in pursuing its policy of patient waiting is the belief that the Germans are deliberately endeavoring to force the United States to take some forward step while Germany's present understanding with England holds. It is pretty certain that should Great Britain disentangle herself there would be little delay on the part of this government in forcing Germany to show her hand. It is even hinted that efforts to persuade Great Britain to break with Germany by promptly withdrawing her ships from Venezuelan waters are now being made in notes passing between Washington and London.

A cablegram has been received here from Mr. Russell, American charge at Caracas, confirming the press report to the effect that three German war ships began to bombard Fort San Carlos yesterday. The cablegram does not indicate the result of the bombardment, and, in fact, contains no other detail.

STATE DEPARTMENT IS VERY RETICENT

There is a singular reticence on the part of the state department officials, suddenly developed in connection with the Venezuelan situation, and especially with reference to the German bombardments, which may be significant of the gravity with which they view the situation. There is no longer any talk of exerting friendly influence to prevent these bombardments, but it is difficult for the department to answer congressional callers who are asking for reasonable explanation. An annoying feature of the situation is the probability that there may be a serious interference with Minister Bowen's mission, in which the United States government, though not officially concerned, is deeply interested. There were rumors to the effect that the state department had taken steps to point out to the foreign offices at London, Berlin and Rome its views on this subject, but these could not be confirmed, and today it was stated that at present the attitude of the United States must be one of patient waiting. Mr. Bowen called at the state department and had a short talk with Dr. Hill and with Third Assistant Secetary Pierce. He is making a number of semi-official calls on the foreign embassies and legations other than the allies, and it is believed that this is in pursuance of his general duty of adjusting any proper claim they may have against Venezuela. It is the understanding that none of the countries which refrained from joining in the blockade will be permitted to suffer by Venezuela in consequence of its forbearance, but that its citizens who have suffered as a result of the Venezuelan revolutionary movements and other causes will, when it comes to a settlement of its claims, be placed upon an equality with claimants from England, Germany and Italy.

It was stated that nothing in the nature of an answer to Minister Bowen's proposition for a removal of the blockade as a condition precedent to negotiations had been received from any of the European foreign offices, though it is admitted that there is a free exchange of notes in progress between the embassies and the European capitals.

RAIN OF SHOT STILL FALLING

these vessels was not returned, as they kept out of range of the Venezulan artillery.

The Vineta and Falke are of too great draught to cross the bar. The Panther alone can do this, and this fact explains why the last mentioned cruiser was the only one to come in close to the fort.

Some of the artillery on the fort has been destroyed by the German fire, but there are still five guns that can be used.

General Bello is a soldier of remarkable courage and daring. He has shown great bravery and is in no way intimidated. He will not abandon the fort, but will resist as long as it is possible for him to do so. He swears that on January 17, the occasion of the first bombardment, the Panther fired upon him first, without reason and without provocation.

The report that the biggest of the three attacking vessels was either an English or an Italian ship is untrue. It is known that all three vessels are German.

The Venezuelan gunboat Miranda is in Lake Maracaibo. It was doubtless the intention of the Panther, in trying to pass the fort and get into the lake, to capture this vessel. The passage over the bar that leads into the lake is narrow and the fort commands it. General Bello is confident that he can sink the Panther, if she attempts to get by, with the fire of the five guns that remain to him.

Wednesday night passed without incident and the garrison of Fort San Carlos rested from the fight of the day and made preparations for what the morrow might bring.

Without Warning or Cause.

Caracas, January 22.—The German bombardment of Fort San Carlos is incomprehensible here. The shelling was begun without any warning whatever. All the foreign residents of Caracas are greatly dissatisfied with this action of the German war ships, especially as the Venezuelan government maintains a fair and generous attitude in the matter of claims.

The correspondent here of the Associated Press questioned Foreign Minister Barall today concerning the bombardment. Dr. Barall said:

"What more can we do than accept the terms of the powers and send Mr. Bowen, with full powers, from Venezuela to negotiate at Washington? Have we refused to agree to the terms?"

It takes six hours to go in a boat from Maracaibo to Fort San Carlos. Communication being very difficult, little news of the bombardment has reached Caracas. The Indians, the boatmen of Maracaibo, refuse to go out to the fort except when paid very liberally.

KAISER WILLIAM LIKE A MADMAN

agitation, to injure the monarchy? You wonder that the monarch, penetrated with a sense of his responsibilities and rights, defends himself. So long as social democracy aims to overturn the existing constitutional system you cannot wonder that the highest bearer of the monarchical principle takes the defensive with all energy and even severity when this expresses his character."

The foreign office is very impatiently awaiting official news from Maracaibo. The German newspapers express amazement at the fact that the government had not arranged for prompt information, "particularly in view of the nervousness of public opinion in the United States."

General Boguslawski, retired, the well-known writer on military matters, discussing the press telegrams, says:

"The commander of the Panther in the first incident was merely making the blockade effective on his station by seeking to prevent the carriage of coffee through Colombia. The second bombardment was probably intended to chastise the insolence of the Venezuelans and their exultation over the first affair."

British Diplomats Aroused.

London, January 22.—Diplomatic circles are much aroused by the news of the German bombardment of San Carlos, but the officials of the various embassies seem equally as ignorant as the foreign office regarding its cause. The belief prevails that the step taken by the German commander will seriously delay the settlement of the questions in dispute.

The foreign office points out that everything depends on the disposition of the Venezuelan government. Should the forthcoming negotiations with Minister Bowen satisfy the powers that Venezuela is determined to do everything possible to meet her obligations the powers will terminate the blockade at the earliest possible moment. The belief is expressed that President Castro's offer to set aside the customs as a guarantee may prove to be a workable basis for a satisfactory solution of the present difficulties.

HOLD THE FORT IS THE SLOGAN

Continued from First Page.

or democrats who wished to have Senator Teller defeated.

The democratic senators who are holding the senate chamber have agreed, if necessary, to spend the remainder of the ninety days of the session in the chamber. They have adopted a set of rules and regulations which will govern the members as long as the present conditions hold out. Each senator was assigned to a certain amount of duty as captain of the guard, and a list was made out giving six senators a night off together.

Lieutenant Governor Haggott's senate held an executive session today, and some of its members conferred with Governor Peabody. Various rumors as to the plans of the republicans are in circulation, but no definite announcement of what they will do has been made.

Attorney General Miller is looking up the law bearing upon the controversy, and it is believed that Governor Peabody will be governor by Miller's advice.

"Certainly not," said E. O. Wilcott, leading republican for senator, when asked today whether he would withdraw if Senator Teller would do so.

Wolcott said no contingency could arise which would cause him to withdraw.

Delaware Deadlock Contiues.

Dover, Del., January 22.—One ballot was taken for United States senator today. It resulted as follows:

Long Term—Addicks, union republican, 21; H. A. Dupont, regular republican, 10; Kenny, democrat, 21.

Short Term—Addicks, 19; Higgins, regular republican, 12; Saulsbury, democrat, 21.

Necessary to a choice, 27.

Senator Groves and Representative Jones, union republican, changed their votes from T. C. Dupont to Higgins. Adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

Washington, January 22.—In view of claims made by both sides in the senatorial contest in Delaware, it is authoritatively stated that the president has not interfered in the matter in any way whatever.

Mrs. S. F. Magruder, Rome, Ga.

Rome, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The people of this city were shocked this morning to learn of the death of Mrs. Simeon F. Magruder, one of the most prominent young matrons of the city. She had been ill for some time, but it was not thought that she was near death. Before her marriage she was Miss Annie Pentecost, of Gadsden, Ala. She leaves a husband and a 3-year-old boy. The funeral will take place tomorrow.

Elks' Club Indicted.

Meridian, Miss., January 22.—The grand jury today returned thirty-odd indictments. Among the true bills brought today are some against Murphy & Co. and Baxter & Co. for alleged dealings in futures. It is also said on good authority that the Elks' Club has been indicted as a corporation.

FIRE AND DEATH IN CAROLINA CITY

Reported Two Are Burned to Death at Columbia.

Columbia, S. C., January 22.—(Special.) Fire which broke out here on Main street just to the rear of the state capitol destroyed six handsome residences.

It is rumored that two lives were lost in the flames, but at this hour it is impossible to learn names or details.

At 3 o'clock it is believed that the fire is under control.

SOUFRIERE BREAKS LOOSE

St. Vincent Volcano Is Again in Eruption.

Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, January 22.—A brisk eruption of the Soufriere volcano, on this island, occurred at noon today. Into the clear sky shot up a twirling, incandescent cloud, followed by black smoke, which rapidly ascended to a great height. It furnished a highly interesting spectacle and was visible throughout the island. Sand is falling at Chateau Belair.

FAST EXPRESS GOES INTO DITCH

Three Men Fatally and Two Seriously Injured Near Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., January 22.—The fast passenger train of the Illinois Central from Memphis to New Orleans, which left the city at 12:25 o'clock this (Friday) morning, entered an open switch at the siding of the Florence Pump and Lumber Company, in the southern suburbs of the city, ditching five coaches, fatally injuring three trainmen and seriously injuring two mail clerks. It is stated by the conductor that no passengers were injured.

Fatally Injured.

HARRY NORTON, engineer, Memphis.
JOHN McDANIEL, Water Valley, Miss.

Seriously Injured.

Frank Etheridge, mail clerk.
Reuben Davis, mail clek.

The switch led into a siding of the manufacturing company, and although open the lamp showed a clear track. It is claimed that the wreck was the work of some miscreant.

The train was running at a fai rrate of speed when the accident occurred.

The wrecked train is known as the New Orleans Special and is one of the handsomest trains in the service of the Illinois Central railroad.

It is scheduled to arrive in Memphis at 12:10 a. m. from Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Louisville..

ODD TROUSER SALE . . .

This is odd "Trouser" time, you may need a nice fresh pair to brighten up that old coat and vest just to bridge over until spring. We have some splendid values at

$3.50.

The goods are all wool, splendid patterns in worsteds and Scotch effects, and perfect fitting.

Here is the chance for the man with an insatiable appetite for nice trousers to feast at little cost.

Essig Bros.,
THE POPULAR CLOTHIERS.
26 Whitehall St.

See Our Window Display of $2.00 Hats All Kinds.

TWO MILLIONS TO BE INVESTED

Continued from First Page.

capital of $500,000, which has not yet secured a charter, but which will be chartered and organized just as soon as the final details of the purchase have been completed.

John E. Scott, of Calcago, vice president of the cement company, reached New York yesterday. Mr. Dorwin stated for the purpose of completing the details of the purchase of the river power, which is at present in the hands of a receiver. The proposition made by the Calcagos has already been accepted, and practically nothing remains but to sign the papers which will determine the transaction.

Mr. Dorwin Talks.

"We have within 16 miles of Cartersville," Mr. Dorwin said to a representative of The Constitution, "the greatest abundance of material for making the finest Portland cement in the world. Our plant, however, will be erected at Cartersville, where we can make use of the water power, that is, provided we can secure rates from the railroads which will enable us to operate at a profit. Otherwise we shall have to locate on the line of some other road.

"The cement plant we propose to erect will have a capacity of 1,200 barrels a day, though we put it at 1,000 barrels which we will surely make. We will have to have each day thirteen cars of rock and shale, and 80 tons of coal a day if we use the water power. If the water power is not used we will require 110 tons of coal a day. We will have considerable other freight coming in and will ship about eight carloads of cement a day. It can readily be seen what a large business this will be, and the necessity of making an equitable and binding arrangement with the railroads will be appreciated.

"We are ready to begin erecting the plant just as soon as we can get a contract that is binding with the railroads. If we cannot do it in Cartersville we will go somewhere else. All our plans are formulated, and it is now up to the road to say what they are willing to do."

Mr. Dorwin will stop in Nashville to see officials of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis with a view to reaching some understanding regarding rates. The railroads which would have to serve the plant at Cartersville are the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis and the Seaboard, which has acquired the East and West railroad.

The company proposes to expend $2,000,000 in developing the Etowah water power and besides using it at the cement plant expects to secure a contract for lighting Cartersville, and to furnish cheap horsepower to small manufactories in that city. The Cartersville chamber of commerce has taken an interest in the matter and will reach out to bring new industries into the city.

W. B. Larramore, of Cartersville, is one of the directors of the cement company, and the other directors as well as the officers reside in Chicago.

Mr. Dorwin says there are immense possibilities in the country around Cartersville. He spoke of the iron and other minerals in that section, and said he felt warranted in saying that he knew of no place, not even Pittsburg, that has the possibilities presented there.

CLARA MORRIS IS VERY SICK

Actress' Physician Says She Is in No Immediate Danger.

Yonkers, N. Y., January 22.—The physician attending Clara Morris, the actress, said today that his patient was in no immediate danger. She is suffering from nervous prostration and intermittent fever, but is able to be up and about her room, though very weak.

Found Dead in Bed.

Augusta, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Thomas Simpkins, a well known negro, was found dead in bed today. He retired in good health last night. The coroner's jury assigns apoplexy as the cause of death.

Laxative
To Get the Genuine See that this Signature is on the Box:
E. W. Grove
BromO
Cures a Cold in One day
Cures Grip in Two Days
7 Million Boxes Sold During the past Year
Quinine

WATSON GAINS VOTES IN CONTEST FOR TOGA



LEE S. OVERMAN.



CYRUS B. WATSON.

Raleigh, N. C., January 22.—(Special.)—All today the air was full of rumors that there would be a break in the ranks at tonight's senatorial caucus, and that the Craig men would make the break.

It was true, and so surprising were the changes that when the last ballot of the night was taken with Watson 62, Overman 55 and Craig 19, 136 voting, Watson was within 7 votes of winning the prize so long contested for.

It was the first night's caucus at which there has been any sensation. Wild cheering was repeated again and again, demonstrations for Watson, in which the galleries participated.

Upon the announcement of the first ballot of the night, the forty-third of the series, a shout went up from Watson's support on the floor and in the galleries, and there was another rousing demonstration on the forty-fourth, when for the first time Watson led Overman.

Senator Travis rose and challenged the correctness of the scorers' report. Chairman Morton said Travis was mistaken, as the official vote of the scorers corresponded—the chairman and scorers are all Overman men.

On the forty-sixth ballot, when Watson reached 60 and Overman dropped to 35 and Craig to 21, there was another scene of wild applause and confusion. The chairman had to threaten to stop roll calls before quiet was restored.

The friends of all were rooting for their men, and all hands were rushing after votes to check the apprehended stampede. Even one of the faithful scorers, who never before had left his post for a minute, abandoned it and went to work.

When the next ballot showed 62 for Watson, and that he was in 7 of the nomination, E. J. Justice, of the Craig forces, moved an adjournment.

Craig and Overman men joined forces and adjourned on Watson, whose forces aiding those of Craig had last night adjourned over Overman.

The general opinion appears to be that if another ballot had been taken Watson would have won. There is evidently a deep determination to end the affair.

Craig yet holds the key to the situation. All the candidates were interviewed after the caucus.

Candidates Talk.

"I will be nominated tomorrow night," said Watson. Overman said: "I have not given up hope. I still think I will win." Craig said: "My friends still have control of the situation."

Eleven Craig votes went to Watson tonight. Craig men say this break was made before any general arrangement was agreed on. A senator says Craig intimated to him before tonight's caucus that if he did not develop strength at it he would withdraw, as he did not wish to unnecessarily prolong the contest.

Alexander was entirely dropped by his supporters tonight. He had eight of them.

NORTH STATE LEGISLATURE

Bills Introduced and Bills Passed by Tar Heels Yesterday.

Raleigh, N. C., January 22.—(Special.)—Governor Aycock sent a message to the legislature heartily indorsing the plan of inviting non-resident natives to attend North Carolina day at Greensboro October 12. Both branches adopted a resolution of indorsement unanimously.

The senate passed a bill prohibiting manufacturing and sale and shipment of liquor in Robeson county. Bills to regulate the sale of morphine and to provide for remarriage of husband and wife, divorced and living apart for five years, were tabled.

In the house there were scores of liquor prohibition petitions from all sections.

Bills were introduced providing state registration for trained nurses and giving the state supervision of private asylums for the insane, idiots and inebriates.

Bills passed prohibiting the sale and manufacture of liquor in Johnson county; allowing an appropriation of $1,500 for additional clerical aid to insurance commissioners.

Most of the session was consumed in discussing a bill giving the corporation commission power to compel in its discretion the building of union passenger depots in cities where two or more roads enter. The bill passed second reading, 72 to 38, and upon objection to third reading, went over for the day.

Another joint session of the senate and house to elect a United States senator was held and was barren of result, over a hundred democrats receiving votes, all, of course, purely complimentary.

Clothing Boys.

The children's department is too often an "open switch" for a clothing store. It is generally a department tolerated for no other reason than to apply the formula, "everything for men and boys."

Muse's has contracted to clothe the boy as successfully as the man; is willing to be judged by the boys' department alone. Could you suggest a more crucial test for a clothing store? We think not.

Boys' Suits.

Double-breasted wool cheviots, 6 to 16 years, **$2.50** to **$10.00.**

Sailor blouse suits of serge, cheviot and fancy mixtures, plain and trimmed, 3 to 10 years, **$3.00** to **$8.00.**

Military Norfolk suits of wide wale blue serge, 4 to 8 years, **$6.50.**

Velvet suits, very handsome styles, 2½ to 6 years, **$10.00** and **$15.00.**

Boys' Overcoats.

Long Box Overcoats, 7 to 17 years, **$3.50** to **$15.00.**

Long Russian Overcoats, original styles for the small man, 3 to 8 years, **$4.50** to **$12.50.**

Mackintosh coats, **$1.50** to **$5.00.**

Rain coats, **$1.00** to **$2.50.**

Military capes, **$6.50.**

HATS.

Boys' soft felts, $1.00 to $2.00.

Little boys' felt sailors, 75c to $2.50.

Velvet hats, $2.50 to $3.50.

SHIRTS.

Boys' negligee shirts, new dark patterns, 50c to $1.00.

Madras and percale stiff bosoms, 50c to $1.00.

All-wool sweaters, 75c to $2.50.

GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO.

3, 5 and 7 Whitehall.

LIQUOR FIGHT IN TENNESSEE

Senate Passes Bill Prepared by Anti-Saloon League.

Nashville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.)—By a vote of 20 to 12 the senate today passed the bill prepared by the anti-saloon league, and which it is conceded will pass the house by an overwhelming majority.

The law, as it now stands, permits towns of 2,000 to abolish their charters and reincorporate, the sale of whisky being prohibited in towns of that size hereafter incorporated.

The bill as passed by the senate today extends the privilege to all towns of 5,000 population and under and affects every town and city in the state, except eight.

Numerous amendments were offered, including a local option bill and amendment making the bill apply to every city in the state, but al lwere voted down, and the bill passed by the following vote:

For the Bill—Messrs. Adams, Baxter, Bell, Bowden, Bright, Cate of Bradley, Cate of Cocke, Crowley, Erwin, Graham, Jackson, Jones, McFarland, Nelson, Parsons, Rice, Stafford, Tharp, Woolridge and Speaker Seay—20.

Against the Bill—Caldwell, Cole, Cox, Garrett, Hancock, Kimbrough, Ledgerwood, Norfleet, Peake, Stewart, White and Worthington—12.

School Officers Elected.

The state public school officers' association today elected officers as follows: A. J. Brandon, of Tallahoma, president; R. M. Burke, of Athens, vice president; P. L. Harned, of Clarksville, secretary; Claude J. Bell, of Nashville, assistant secretary; Homer L. Higgs, of Greenfield; S. E. Hill, of Knoxville; Louis Wilberton, of Shelbyville; C. P. Jester, of Humboldt, and Miss Maud Moore, of Memphis, executive committee.

INFANT KILLED BY STRYCHNINE

Three-Year-Old Sister Fed Pills to the Little Child.

Spartanburg, S. C., January 22.—(Special.)—A sad death occurred 2 miles beyond Whitney last night.

The 3-weeks-old baby of G. Y. Harrell was given strychnine pills by its little sister, as a result of which the baby died last night at 10 o'clock.

The little 3-year-old sister of the baby discovered a box of strychnine pills while playing about the house.

The little girl opened the box, and taking the pills out fed them to the infant child. The little girl also ate a number of the pills herself.

The infant was seized with convulsions and despite all that medical aid could do the little one died in great agony at 10 o'clock, four hours after taking the pills.

The 3-year-old girl who fed the pills to her little sister and who also took a quantity of the drug was saved by use of the stomach pump.

THE FIRST BILL BECOMES LAW

Many Matters Now Occupying Lawmakers in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., January 22.—(Special.)—The first bill to pass the legislature got to the governor today and was signed. It creates clerks of committees and other subordinate employees. Mr. Harrison's bill to allow street railways to come into Alabama from foreign states and sell electricity for heat and power passed the senate.

In the house Mr. Starr offered a bill increasing the encampment fund of the national guard from $12,500 to $17,500. Mr. Waddell introduced a bill imposing a license tax of $1.50 on all dogs. Mr. Cunningham introduced a bill creating the state board of examiners of barbers and it requires signed examinations of all who follow that trade.

The St. Louis fair commission met here today and is preparing a bill asking for $50,000.

GOV. FRAZIER'S FIRST MESSAGE

Document Transmitted to Tennessee Legislature.

Nashville, Tenn., January 22.—Governor J. B. Frazier, who was inaugurated Tuesday last, sent his first message to the legislature today.

The document deals entirely with state affairs, expressing satisfaction with the state's finances; makes a vigorous plea for better schools and asks continued aid for the Peabody normal college and the University of Tennessee.

Good roads occupies a prominent place in the message, and liberal pensions for ex-confederate soldiers are asked. The message closes with requesting encouragement of industrial development and liberal appropriation for a Tennessee exhibit at the St. Louis fair.

MRS. BALLARD'S FUNERAL

Body of Deceased Reduced to Ashes in Washington.

Washington, January 22.—(Special.)—Funeral services of Mrs. J. W. Ballard, formerly of Atlanta, who died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Jack W. Johnson, in Birmingham, occurred in this city today. The body was brought to Washington this morning, accompanied by Colonel and Mrs. Johnson, Mr. A. B. Ballard, of Tampa, Fla., and Rev. M. R. Hansbrough, of Orange Court House, Va., brother in law of Mrs. Ballard. Rev. M. R. Hansbrough officiated at the services, which were held in the chapel of the Lee undertaking establishment.

At the conclusion the body was, in accordance with the wishes of the deceased, reduced to ashes at the Lee crematory.

Mr. Pallard and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson will leave tomorrow morning for Atlanta, where the ashes will be deposited in Oakland cemetery.

ATTEMPTED TO WRECK TRAIN

Tie Placed on Track—Passengers Shaken, but Nobody Hurt.

Rome, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The southbound Southern passenger train between Chattanooga and Rome struck a tie that had been placed on the track, near Morrison Station. Nobody was hurt, but several passengers were badly shaken up.

MARKHAM WINS SURVEYORSHIP

Nomination of Atlanta Man Confirmed by Senate.

Charleston Whites Making a Hard Fight To Defeat the Nomination of Crum—It Is Alleged Crum Sold His Vote.

Washington, January 22.—(Special.)—Marcellus O. Markham was confirmed by the senate today as surveyor of customs at Atlanta.

The senate also confirmed the nomination of A. B. Harp as postmaster at Jackson, Ga.

The following postmasters were nominated for Georgia:

Ida R. Wimberly, Abbeville; James McKinney, Blackshear; John B. Crawford, Cairo; Alfred B. Finney, Douglas; Cicero Alexander, Harmony Grove; John C. Massey, Hartwell; Newton T. Jones, Pelham; Job R. Smith, Winder.

Charleston Fights Crum.

The nomination of Dr. W. D. Crum, a colored man, to be collector of the port at Charleston, S. C., was the subject of an hour's hearing today by the senate committee on commerce, before which the nomination is pending. Senator Tillman, Mayor Smyth, of Charleston, and Colonel J. C. Hemphill appeared in opposition to confirmation. They preferred charges to the effect that Crum had sold out as a delegate to the Minneapolis republican convention, and in support of this charge read an affidavit in which it was declared that he had been sent to the convention as a Harrison delegate but had shifted to the support of Blaine on the promise of appointment to the position of postmaster. It was made quite plain, however, that the principal opposition was because of Crum's color, and Senator Tillman admitted as much. He told the committee that the people of the south did not want their offices filled by negroes, "and," he said, "so long as they are so filled there will be trouble; oil and water will not unite."

Ex-Governor P. B. S. Pinchback, of Louisiana, and Whitfield McKinlay, formerly of South Carolina, both colored, appeared for Dr. Crum. They declared that the charge of selling out at Minneapolis was unfounded and eulogized Crum as a man of education and character.

The committee adjourned without considering or passing on the testimony.

Negro Officers for Army.

The war department has cabled the commandant of the army in the Philippines for the military record of Captain David J. Gilmer, United States volunteers, with the view of his appointment to the army as lieutenant of scouts.

Captin Gilmer is a negro officer, and his appointment is being urged by Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina. The senator has made former efforts to promote Captain Gilmer from the ranks of volunteers, and it has caused much comment in army and civil circles.

The age limit between which civilians may be appointed to the regular army is 21 to 27, and for those who have served in volunteer ranks the limit is 30 years. It is said that Captain Gilmer has reached that age which makes him ineligible as an officer in the regulars.

The probability is the best that can be done for him is a commission in the Philippine scouts. Pritchard is urging his appointment to offset the criticism of North Carolina negroes for his attitude in fighting negro office holders.

McCall Defeats Negroes.

The senate committee on commerce today authorized a favorable report on the nomination of Henry McCall, to be collector of customs at the port of New Orleans, La. Mr. McCall's nomination had been stubbornly antagonized by negroes.

Other nominations sent to the senate follow:

Postmasters:

Alabama—James T. Pott, Florence.

Mississippi—Frank Fairley, Mount Olive.

Confirmations:

A. B. Kennedy, receiver of public moneys at New Orleans.

Collectors of internal revenue—Joseph O. Thomaston, district of Alabama; W. E. Howell, district of Louisiana.

Collectors of customs—Richard G. Banks, district of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.

Postmasters:

Alabama—Joseph Webb, Tuskegee; J. M. Hobson, Greensboro; C. Hays, Jr., Eutaw; R. T. West, Roanoke.

Georgia—A. B. Harp, Jackson.

Mississippi—J. B. Collier, Leland.

South Carolina—J. F. Kneece, Batesburg.

Virginia—R. L. Poag, Wytheville; G. T. Tilley, Berkley; W. B. Alford, Clarksville; R. A. Anderson, Marion; C. A. McKinney, Cape Charles.

NOT DUE TO CLIMATE.

Catarrh Is Found Everywhere.

Catarrh is at home anywhere and everywhere. While more common in cold, changeable climates, it is by no means confined to them, but is prevalent in every state and territory in the union.

The common definition of catarrh is a chronic cold in the head, which if long neglected often destroys the sense of smell and hearing; but there are many other forms of the disease, even more obstinate and dangerous.

Catarrh of the throat and bronchial tubes as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver are almost as common as nasal catarrh and generally more difficult to cure.

Catarrh is undoubtedly a blood disease and can only be successfully eradicated by an internal treatment. Sprays, washes and powders are useless as far as reaching the real seat of the disease is concerned.

Dr. McIverney advises catarrh sufferers to use a new preparation, sold by druggists, called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because actual analysis has shown these tablets to contain certain anti-septic qualities of the highest value and being an internal remedy, pleasant to taste, convenient and harmless, can be used as freely as required, as well for children as for adults.

An attorney and public speaker, who had been a catarrh sufferer for years, says:

"Every fall I would catch a cold which would settle in my head and throat and hang on all winter long, and every winter it seemed to get a little worse. I was continually clearing my throat and my voice became effected to such an extent as to interfere with my public speaking.

"I tried troches and cheap cough cures and sometimes got relief, but only for a short time, until this winter when I learned of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, through a newspaper advertisement. Two fifty cent boxes which I bought at my druggist's cleared my head and throat in fine shape and to guard against a return of my old trouble I keep a box of the tablets on hand and whenever I catch a little cold I take a tablet or two and ward off any serious developments."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets deserves to head the list as a household remedy, to check and break up coughs and colds, because unlike many other catarrh and cough cures, these tablets contain no opiate, cocaine or any injurious drug.



SHORT SIGHTED PEOPLE

Are surely missing a beautiful opportunity to save money, if they fail to see what we are now offering in our half-yearly

Pre-Inventory SHOE SALE.

The time for this sale is at hand—a time when all the odd pairs and surplus stock of shoes are priced to insure a general clearing up before stock taking time. The assortment is quite extensive—Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

FRIDAY MAY BE UNLUCKY FOR SOME THINGS, BUT IT'S THE BEST DAY TO GET YOUR SIZE.

Men's Shoes.

Men's $9.00 bench made patent kid..... **$7.50**

Patent kid, vici, box calf, velour calf in the $5.00 qualities..... **$3.85**

Patent colt lace, one of our $3.50 Shoes..... **$2.95**

Vici kid and box calf in the lace, kid or drill lined; were $3.00, ... **$2.48**

A large and well assorted line of $2.50 shoes in any style and leather..... **$2.20**

Women's Shoes.

Gun metal kid, patent vici and plain vici, in our $5.00 styles, ... **$3.73**

Plain vici, patent tip, lace and button, $5.00 goods, at.. **$3.48**

Patent enamel, vici kid, in any style, Goodyear hand sewed, ... **$3.10**

Vici kid, Goodyear hand sewed, button or lace, were $3.00, ... **$2.65**

Goodyear hand sewed, lace, bought at a bargain.... **$1.75**

Children's Shoes.

Patent kid lace, our $2.00 dress Shoe for misses, sizes 11½ to 2, ... **$1.40**

Vici kid and box calf, a $1.50 Shoe, sizes 11½ to 2..... **$1.19**

Vici kid in button or lace, and in box calf in our $1.25 Shoe, sizes 8½ to 11..... **98c**

In any leather, button or lace, sizes 5 to 8... ..... **68c**

Boys' Shoes, the kind we always sell in good, serviceable Shoes at similar reductions.

We can only give you an idea of a few of our prices here.

Come and see them for yourself.

These Are Strictly Cash Prices.

36 Whitehall St. — Carlton Shoe Co. — 36 Whitehall St.

SCRUGGS SEEKS FOREIGN POST

Atlanta Man May Get an Appointment to the Argentine Republic.

There is a probability that Hon. W. L. Scruggs, of Atlanta, who represented this country in a diplomatic position in Venezuela, may be appointed to a South American post by the present administration.

Colonel Scruggs is now in Washington, and, it is said, is renewing his efforts to secure some good post. It is understood he has suggested that he is particularly available for diplomatic work in the Latin-American countries.

It is stated he has a desire to receive an appointment to Argentina, and his friends at the national capital are now said to be working to that end in his behalf. Colonel Scruggs, it is understood, urges in his own behalf that Georgia is entitled to some good diplomatic post since the death of Colonel Buck.

Colonel Scruggs is familiar with the Latin tongues and is well up on the international relations of the countries of South America.

FACTS ABOUT CHILD LABOR

Report of North Carolina Labor Commissioner Is Interesting.

Raleigh, N. C., January 22.—(Special.)—The report of the state labor commissioner, completed today, shows 220 cotton, fourteen woolen and forty-six knitting mills. Spindles operated, 1,743,431; looms, 38,061; knitting machines, 3,281; number of employees, 46,569.

Of these 23,011 are males over 12 years of age, 22,629 females.

Ninety-eight mills, operating 533,612 spindles, 11,771 looms and 917 knitting machines, failed to report the number of children upder 12 years employed out of their 13,839 operatives. One hundred and seventy-eight mills reported 929 children under 12 employed.

The highest average daily wages paid are, males, $1.90; females 94 cents; lowest wages, males, 58 cents; females, 45 cents. Average children's wages are, daily, 35 cents. The number of hours of labor ranges from ten to twelve per day. The number dependent on the mills for a living is 109,781. The percentage of adult operatives who can read and write is 84; of children, 71.

CAMBON MEETS KING ALFONSO

French Ambassador Presents His Credentials.

Madrid, January 22.—M. Cambon, the French ambassador, was recived officially by King Alfonso today and presented his credentials. The ceremony at the palace was a brilliant one and was marked with expressions of unusual cordiality.

The ambassador proceeded to the palace in a carriage drawn by six horses, followed by other carriages in which were members of the embassy and escorted by a squadron of the royal guards. At the palace M. Cambon was received by a detachment of troops. Halberdier lined the stairways to the throne where King Alfonso and the court waited the ambassador.

In the course of his reply to M. Cambon, his majesty said he was pleased to see France and Spain united in the ties of old friendship and recalled the fact that M. Cambon, while occupying another post under critical circumstances had won the regard and friendship of Spain. The king said he was confident this regard and friendship would continue.

Duke of Tetuan on Death Bed.

Madrid, January 22.—The duke of Tetuan, formerly minister of foreign affairs, is so seriously ill that he is not expected to recover.

WHITE MAN SHOT; SERIOUSLY HURT

Mistaken By One Negro For Another Black.

Lucius Jackson Was Living with George Washington's Wife. Mistaking W. R. Shaw for Washington He Fired on Him.

Tifton, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—W. R. Shaw, a prominent citizen of Nashville, was shot and seriously if not fatally wounded yesterday evening about dark by Lucius Jackson, a negro.

A few months ago a negro named George Washington was sent to the chaingang for misdemeanor and Jackson took charge of Washington's wife. His term is nearly out and for some time the boys at Nashville have been teasing Jackson by telling him that Washington would soon come back with his razor.

Late yesterday evening as Mr. Shaw was going home he stopped at Jackson's house to get the woman to do some washing for him the next day. While he was standing at one door Jackson came in at the other, and seeing Mr. Shaw in the deep dusk, thought it was Washington returned. He drew his pistol and began firing. One ball struck Mr. Shaw in the right thigh and the other just above the right hip.

It is impossible to tell the extent of his injuries, but the wound in the body is a very serious one. Mr. Shaw is the father in law of County Treasurer J. I. Norwood, of Berrien.

Francis Wilson in Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., January 22.—(Special.) Ex-Congressman Francis H. Wilson, of New York, is in Huntsville to look over the properties of the New York-Alabama Oil Company, of which he is president. Mr. Wilson will select a site for the first oil well and boring will begin as soon as possible after machinery reaches here.

FATHER AND SON ARE BOTH DEAD

J. G. Gallagher Died Yesterday—He and Child Fell Into Fire.

John G. Gallagher, who was seized with an apoplectic stroke a few days ago and fell into the fire, at the same time his 10-months-old child, John, was fatally burned, died yesterday morning at his residence on the West Hunter road. The child died Monday.

The circumstances surrounding the death of Gallagher and his little son are very pathetic. At the time of the accident, the father was sitting in front of the fire at his home and the little fellow was playing on his lap. Mr. Gallagher was suddenly attacked with the apoplectic stroke and fell forward, both he and the child being precipitated into the flames.

Assistance quickly arrived and father and son were rescued from the fire, but not before the latter had received fatal burns. Mr. Gallagher was found to be in a serious condition from the apoplexy, and, in addition, he had been badly burned about the arm. The child lingered until Monday, when it passed away. The condition of the father continued to grow worse until yesterday morning, when he, too, breathed his last.

Funeral services over the body of Mr. Gallagher will be conducted this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception by Rev. Father Jackson. The interment will be in Westview cemetery. The body of the child was also interred in Westview. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: E. C. O'Donnell, Will Buyers, J. M. Breslin, M. Brady, Thomas Gallagher and Patrick Campbell.

New Mill for Lafayette.

Lafayette, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—It looks like Lafayette is to have another cotton factory. A meeting was held today in the court house to discuss the matter, and it was decided that a $100,000 mill could be built, and accordingly subscription books were opened. Twenty thousand dollars' stock was at once subscribed and the people of the town are enthusiastic over the enterprise. A thorough canvass of the county will be made at once, and it is believed the mill is an assured fact.

JURORS BOWED IN PRAYER AND THEN FREED ACCUSED

Chicago, January 22.—A "season of prayer" preceded the deliberations of a jury in Judge Chetlain's court today, which resulted in the acquittal of Patrick Deehan, charged with the murder of John Lindens. When the twelve jurors took their places around the table William H. Deitz said:

"Gentlemen, this is a most serious duty. A human life hangs in the balance, awaiting but a word from us to be made free or to be ended. This is such a solemn duty that I almost fear to approach it, and I think we ought to ask for courage and for light. Won't you gentlemen join me in prayer? Let us kneel here in the jury chambers and ask divine guidance in the duty we are undertaking?"

The twelve men dropped to their knees and bowed their heads as the one juror offered a prayer for supreme guidance.

These Books Are Free.

Each of my books are invaluable, for they contain information which nine people out of ten need. Simply send your name and address, designate by number which of the books you wish, and they will be sent you free in sealed envelope:

No. 1, Nervous Debility, Sexual Weakness; No. 2, Varicocele; No. 3, Stricture; No. 4, Kidney and Bladder Complaint; No. 5, Diseases of Women; No. 6, The Poison King (Blood Poison); No. 7, Catarrh; No. 8, Manliness, Vigor and Health; 64 pages, covering all diseases of men. Write for one of these books today. Address,

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.,
33 Inman building, Atlanta, Ga.

RENTING AGENT GETS HEAVY FINE

Charged With Letting Property For Gaming Purposes.

Judge Pope Barrow Making It Hot for Savannah Sporting Men. Believed Action Against Owners and Agents Will End Gaming.

Savannah, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Fines of $1,000 were rocks that were tumbled in the way of transgressors in the superior court today, Judge Pope Barrow being the Titan who placed the impediments between the alleged members of the gambling fraternity on trial and freedom.

Chief interest among the cases tried was that against Horace A. Rivers, of Rivers & Gibbes, real estate agents, against whom a charge of renting the property at No. 17 Broughton street, east, for gambling purposes had been brought.

Some had thought that the social standing of the defendant might operate in his favor, but such was not the case.

The indictment grew out of the Kiley shooting case in the keno joint conducted at the place. Mr. Rivers, C. H. Gibbes and Mrs. Anne N. Herron were then indicted for renting the premises to the gamblers.

During the trial of Rivers today it was so clearly demonstrated that Gibbes had had no part in dealing with the gamblers and that Mrs. Herron has so specifically instructed that the property should not be leased for gambling that it was given out that indictments against them would be nol prossed.

Rivers claimed that his contract expressly stipulated that there should be no gambling on the premises and that it was set forth that a cigar factory was to be operated there.

This the jury regarded as a subterfuge, one witness, Frank Butler, testifying that he had lost his job in the joint "through politics," and had then notified Rivers of the purpose to which the property was being adapted.

The jury recommended Mr. Rivers to the mercy of the court, but all he received was a fine of $750 or twelve months on the chaingang.

Julius Rosenthal and J. H. Monahan, convicted of running the place, were each fined $1,000, with the alternative of twelve months on the chaingang.

It is believed these fines will put an end to a sporting landmark of Savannah, as this place has been a gambling dive for twenty-five years.

MURDER CHARGE AGAINST EIGHT

Thomas Superior Court Has Many Important Cases on Docket.

Thomasville, Ga., January 22.—(Special.) The adjourned term of Thomas superior court has been in session since Tuesday, Judge Mitchell presiding.

Eight negroes were indicted for murder, three of them for killing white men.

Charley Wade was convicted of manslaughter for killing another negro. Ed Mitchell was convicted this evening of killing Alex Mahone, colored, and recommended to mercy.

A matter of intense interest is the trial of Henry Steel for the shooting of Goodman Pittman. Charles Hansell and Thomas Hopkins have been appointed for the defense. The court room was packed this evening. A jury has been selected and evidence will be introduced tomorrow. A motion to continue the case was overruled.

Fire in Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., January 23.—(Special.)—The home of J. J. Rodgers, 1 mile west of Columbus, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The cause was unknown, all the family except one being asleep, when the fire was discovered, and he being off some distance feeding stock. Nearly all the furniture was destroyed. Mr. Rodgers also lost $250 in money. The residence was insured for $400. The furniture was not insured. Mr. Rodgers is a farmer and bailiff for a county district, and as bailiff he has had trouble with some desperate negro characters.

TRAGEDY TOLD BY WITNESS AT INQUEST

"Here I Am; Finish Me," Said Gonzales After Being Shot.

SENATOR TALBIRD SAYS HE HEARD THESE WORDS

Coroner's Jury Returns Verdict That Gonzales' Death Due to Wound Inflicted by Tillman—A Crowd at the Investigation Last Night.

Columbia, S. C., January 22.—Less than one hundred people, including the jury, officers and witnesses were present at the inquest in the Gonzales tragedy, conducted by Coroner Green in the county court house tonight. J. W. Thurmond, of Edgefield, prosecuting attorney of the fifth circuit; ex-Attorney General G. Duncan Bell, who has been called into assist him, and C. L. Blease, of counsel for the defense, were present, but merely as spectators. State Senators Brown and Talbird, who were with Tillman when he fired the shot; J. F. Sims; A. G. LaMotte, County Physician Knowlton, who performed the autopsy, and Clerk of Court J. Frost Walker were examined.

The verdict, found in less than five minutes after the jury retired, was a plain statement that "the deceased, N. G. Gonzales, came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by the hand of James H. Tillman on the 15th of January, 1903.

Testimony of Witness.

Senator Talbird was the most important witness. New matter in his testimony was that he first saw Mr. Gonzales, who had approached within 10 or 15 feet, and Tillman said: "How are you, Mr. Gonzales?" The latter made no reply, but obliqued to the leeft to the inside of the sidewalk, Tillman being on the outside. When he was almost on a line with Tillman and himself, Tillman said: "I received your message," and almost instantaneously fired. Talbird rushed to Gonzales and exclaimed: "This must stop!" Gonzales said:

"Here I am, finish me," or something to that effect.

Senator Brown's testimony was substantially what has already been published as his statement. He had turned to speak to a lady friend, did not see the shot fired, and heard nothing save the report of the pistol.

J. F. Sims swore that his attention was first attracted by the report of the pistol, and that he heard, at about the same time, Tillman say:

"I received your message."

He emphasized that the pistol shot first attracted his attention. Clerk Walker has the custody of the pistols and the bullet that passed through Mr. Gonzales' body, and they were exhibited.

LaMotte's testimony bore chiefly on incidents occurring immediately after the shooting, when he went to Mr. Gonzales' assistance.

Dr. Knowlton read a technical report of the result of the autopsy, which has been published substantially. He expressed the opinion that the shot was fired at close range and rather from the side than from the front.

Tillman has made no statement.

BRUMBY ON VISIT TO ATHENS.

Nephew of the Late Lieutenant Thos. M. Brumby.

Athens, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Hardeman Brumby, United States navy, is visiting his parents, Captain and Mrs. John W. Brumby, of this city. Lieutenant Brumby is one of the most efficient officers in the United States naval service, and although he has not yet reached the age of 30, his advance has been little less than phenomenal. During the Spanish-American war he served with distinction as ensign on the New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship, and since the close of the war has been steadily promoted until he now occupies the same position as that held by his distinguished uncle, Lieutenant Thomas M. Brumby, who shared, with a large measure, with Admiral Dewey the credit for the victory of Manila bay.

FITNESS FIRST SAYS ROOSEVELT

Communities at Interest To Be Considered in Future.

Postmaster Edwards, of Macon, Who Has Just Returned from Washington Makes Offical Statement—Refers Chiefly to Local Officials.

Macon, Ga., January 22.—Harry Stillwell Edwards, the postmaster of Macon, returned today from Washington, where, along with Colonel W. H. Johnson, United States marshal for the northern district of Georgia, he had gone to consult with the president with regard to the government service in Georgia.

Mr. Edwards, in an interview, says the president has decided to issue a circular to all postmasters informing them that there will be debarred from appointment to office any person who may secure an indorsement for a valuable consideration and dismissing from office any official who may for a valuable consideration give to an applicant for office his indorsement.

Mr. Edwards says he has the president's permission to announce his policy in the following language:

"The spirit of the constitution forbids that any man shall be refused office on account of race or color; it also forbids that any man shall ask office on account of race or color. The whole matter resolves itself within the party, back into a question of character, ability and fitness, and of previous service, or the indorsement of the community at interest, shall constitute the best test. Where a suitable member of the party cannot be found, the best man obtainable will be chosen."

Mr. Edwards says that he takes this positive statement of the president to refer chiefly to communities where local officials are to be appointed and not to officers whose functions involve states and districts.

COHEN DOWNED BY DOUGHERTY

Interesting Bout Before the Savannah Athletic Club.

Savannah, Ga., January 22.—Danny Dougherty, formerly bantam champion, went on for twenty rounds with Ike Cohen, of England, before the Savannah Athletic Club tonight. The mill was as clever, clean and fast as could be wished. In the beginning of the sixth round Cohen knocked Dougherty down for the count of eight. Dougherty came up like a steel spring and went at Cohen, landing right and left almost simultaneously on the jaw. The left sent Cohen full length on the mat, where he was counted out.

WELL-KNOWN VETERAN DIES

Had Just Returned to Tennille from Soldiers Home.

Tennille, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—C. C. Watts, a prominent old confederate veteran of this county, who has been an inmate of the Soldiers' home in Atlanta for some time and who was returned from Atlanta on the Central of Georgia train today, dropped dead in a few minutes after alighting from the train.

The old veterans of this place are caring for his body. Before entering the Soldiers' home he was a prominent landmark of Washington county. He has an only daughter, who survives him.

MAMIE DE CHRIST ON FARM

Notorious Diamond Queen on Two Years' Visit at Milledgeville.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Mamie DeChrist, better known as the "Diamond Queen," arrived here yesterday afternoon, and was immediately transferred out to the state farm, where she is to serve a two-year sentence.

The second anniversary of the death of Queen Victoria was yesterday observed at Windsor, London, and elsewhere by the depositing of wreaths on statues erected to her memory and by memorial services. King Edward, Queen Alexandra, the prince and princess of Wales and other members of the royal family were present at a service held in the Frogmore mausoleum.

GIANT STRIDES

THE SALES OF

MOËT & CHANDON CHAMPAGNE

IN THE YEAR 1902 WERE

3,733,744

BOTTLES, A FIGURE NEVER REACHED BY ANY OTHER CHAMPAGNE HOUSE.

THE INCREASE IN THE UNITED STATES FOR 1902 OVER 1901 WAS

367,116

BOTTLES, A RECORD NEVER BEFORE ATTAINED IN THE HISTORY OF THE CHAMPAGNE TRADE IN THIS COUNTRY, MARKING AN ADVANCE EQUAL TO

564 PER CENT

GREATER THAN THE COMBINED INCREASE OF ALL THE OTHER CHAMPAGNE HOUSES."

Extract, "Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular," January 10, 1903.



THESE NOTEWORTHY STATISTICS SHOW A FITTING TRIBUTE ENDORSING THE

QUALITY OF MOËT & CHANDON "WHITE SEAL"

THE CHAMPAGNE OF THE DAY

Geo. A. Kessler & Co., NEW YORK

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LOOK ON 3rd PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

Lawton Knowlton

SILAS N. CONNALLY DIES

Well-Known Lawyer and Citizen Is No More.

THE FUNERAL SATURDAY

The Deceased Practiced Law in Atlanta for a Number of Years. Had Many Friends.

The death of Silas N. Connally, the well known lawyer of this city, occurred yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock after a short illness at his home in College Park.

The deceased was a brother of Dr. E. L. Connally, of this city; B. W. Connally, Cornelius J. C. and Rev. Paul Connally. He leaves a wife and two sons, Silas N., Jr., and Lowndes Connally, and two sisters, Mrs. L. Z. Rosser, of this city, and Mrs. Connally Whitley, of Dalton.

Silas N. Connally was 48 years of age and for a number of years had practiced law in Atlanta, being engaged from time to time in some of the largest litigation ever carried into the Fulton county courts. He was a man of sterling qualities and had a great many friends all over the state.

He was graduated in 1878 from Emory college with a class of men, nearly all of whom have achieved distinction in the business and professional world. He was a member of the Chi Phi fraternity in college.

His widow was a daughter of Judge Lowndes Calhoun, of Atlanta. The funeral will be conducted at the residence at College Park Saturday morning at 10 o'clock and the interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

NEW OIL MILL AT GRIFFIN

First Turn of Wheel Was Quite an Event.

Griffin, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The Griffin Oil Company turned on steam and began to grind cotton seed yesterday afternoon, a number of prominent citizens, headed by Mayor Bailey, being present by invitation of the genial general manager to see the start, which was smooth and perfect as could be.

The plant occupies five acres on the eastern outskirts, with 800 feet frontage on the Central railroad and 577 feet of building frontage, part of it two stories high.

Its total cost is $65,000; its capital, $50,000; the value of its products, $110,000 annually.

It will employ 45 men 125 days, during which time its wage roll will be $350 a week. A lesser number will be kept busy all the year around.

The capacity of the mill is 40 tons of seed, making 1,800 gallons of oil a day, besides the by-products of meal, hulls, etc. The engine is 225 horse power, equal to grinding 100 tons of seed a day, and the whole mill is built so that the addition of two more presses and heaters, costing $6,000 to $7,000, will double its present capacity.

The capacity of the seed ware house is 4,000 tons. Forty seed houses and 50 or 60 scales will be erected by the company along the line of the railroads in this territory during the coming summer, and an up-to-date ginnery will be erected.

PLAGUE ON WANE AT MAZATLAN

Only Four Deaths Reported Yesterday.

Authorities Still Burning Infected Houses — Stevedore Attacked with the Plague Attacks Inspector—A Case on Schooner at Sea.

Mazatlan, Mexico, January 22.—There were four deaths from the plague today. The number of houses burned to date is 165.

The first case of the plague occurred on an island in the bay, where a child was stricken with the disease and brought to the hospital here.

A stevedore attacked with the plague was about to be taken to the lazaretto when he assaulted a sanitary inspector with a knife.

Governor Canedo considers the disease to be abating and ascribes this happy result to a rigorous disinfection, isolation of cases, burning of houses and the large emigration of inhabitants. He says it is worthy of note that outside Mazatlan, and with the exception of three solitary cases at Embocada, Villa Union and a farm near Rosario, the plague has been kept at bay, notwithstanding the crowded condition of ranches and villages in the neighborhood of this port, where emigrants of smaller means have taken up their abode.

The City of Mexico has thus far contributed $50,000 to the relief fund and further subscriptions are being made.

Authorities Are Alert.

Durango, Mexico, January 22.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the receipt of information that a man who came overland from Mazatlan had been taken ill with the plague at Coyotes, state of Durango. The patient was immediately sent to an isolated place, from which there is no danger of the disease spreading. Nevertheless, it is feared that he had contact with other parties within the quarantine lines. The state authorities have acted quickly and will make every effort to prevent the disease getting a foothold in this state.

Sailor Striken with Plague.

Mexico City, January 22.—A private telegram states that one member of the crew of the schooner Jenny Ward, three days out from Mazatlan, was stricken with the plague. According to the provisions of the sanitary code this patient will be sent to the hospital maintained by the government on the island of Rouqueta, off Acapulco.

Some morning you may wake and find your papers burnt up. Better rent a safe deposit box from Title Guarantee and Trust Co., Empire Building.

Queen Helena of Italy has received Ambassador and Mrs. Meyer most cordially in private audience, and expressed the friendliest sentiments for America and Americans.

WOMEN LAUNCH OIL COMPANY

Big Alabama Concern Starts Business Without Men's Help.

New Decatur, Ala., January 22.—The Great Southern Oil and Development Company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, with shares of $25 each, was incorporated today, and the company has engaged an expert and ordered three sets of oil drilling machinery and will commence drilling for oil in the Tennessee valley at once.

The company owns 100,000 acres of lands in leases and by fee simple and much of these lands are said to be rich in oil, iron, coal and kaolin. It is the purpose to first develop their mineral resources and then to colonize what lands do not contain oil or minerals.

The president of the company is Mrs. P. Collings, a sister of Sir Marcus Samuals, the lord mayor of London, who resides in London, where her husband is a corporation lawyer.

Among the other officers, who are all women, are the following: Vice president, Mrs. F. W. Campbell, Liverpool, England, wife of the manager of the British and general express company; secretary and general manager, Mrs. Ray Nelson, of New Decatur Ala. Among the directors is Mrs. Ruth H. Gordon widow of Confederate General Gordon of Virginia.

THE WORLD ALMANAC AND ENCYCLOPAEDIA

For 1903, just out. Price 25c. Mail order 35c. For sale by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

Bricklayers at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., January 22.—This morning's session of the International Bricklayers' Union was taken up with the report of the committee on subordinate unions. The report showed $795,763 to be in the hands of the treasurer. The total membership of the order is 77,236. The financial condition of all local unions in the United States is classed as follows: Seventy per cent in good condition; 13 per cent in fair condition; 17 per cent in poor condition.

Judge H. W. Bruce.

Louisville, Ky., January 2.—Judge H. W. Bruce, chief counsel for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, former chancellor of the city of Louisville, and member of the confederate congress, died at his home here this morning, aged 72.

FUNERAL OF DEAD BURGLAR

Body Interred Yesterday in Hollywood Cemetery—Atlanta Man and Woman Baer Expense.

The body of the dead white burglar was interred in Hollywood cemetery yesterday.

The body has been much identified, but it is probable that the stranger, killed by Policeman Mann, will go into history as the "unknown." The expenses of the burial were borne by two Atlanta people, a man and woman, who became interested in the case. The woman gave the ground for the grave.

It was the original intention to inter the body Wednesday, and it was carried to the cemetery on that day. The grave, however, was not in readiness and it was necessary to defer the burial until yesterday. The body was locked in a room at the cemetery, and an Atlanta man, who accompanied the body to the cemetery, remained there and guarded it throughout Wednesday night.

The Norcross Building fire was an object lesson. You had better pront by it and get one of our safe deposit boxes. Title Guarantee and Trust Co., Empire Building.

EIGHT DIVORCES GRANTED

Spalding Superior Court Goes by Former Record.

Griffin, Ga., January 22.—(Special)—The superior court has been engaged in trying two cases against the Central of Georgia Railway Company this week but had time to hear one more divorce case and grant another verdict of separation between white parties yesterday. This makes eight divorce cases at this term.

In the case of Martin against the Central of Georgia Railway Company, a suit for $2,000 because of alleged breach of contract, brought by a passenger, the jury returned a verdict for the defendant company.

The other suit, Goodman, next friend, v. the Central, is now being tried. This is a suit for killing of J. B. Goodman, which occurred at Sunny Side last spring, and is brought in the interest of their minor children. This case was completed late yesterday and the jury is now out.

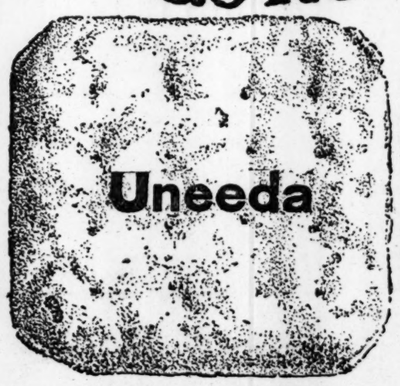
Tomorrow the case of Ison v. Moore will be called. This is a land line case and has been tried several times in the superior court here and has been carried to the supreme court several times. The amount of land involved is not large, but the case will be bitterly contested.

New Hotel for Arlington.

Arlington, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Major W. J. Horsley, of this place, and J. L. Jay, Jr., of Tifton, closed a contract with W. T. Jay, of Shellman, a few days ago for the construction in Arlington of a modern brick hotel to contain twenty-one rooms, taking the place of the one which was destroyed by fire recently. The building and fixtures will cost about $8,000, and will be one of the best in south Georgia.

It's as Broad as it's Long

The best of baking skill has been devoted to the perfection of **Uneeda Biscuit** The more they bake, the better they bake them; the better they bake them, the more they have to bake.



The great demand for **Uneeda Biscuit** constantly keeps the grocers' stocks fresh. The famous In-er-seal Package keeps the biscuit in such perfect condition that when they reach you they're as delightfully crisp as when just from the oven.

Uneeda Biscuit

JUDICIOUS. WHISKIES FOR PURPOSES.

In Your Sick Room Is Where We Want to Place Our Goods.

THAT'S THE SEVEREST TEST.

Only the better Grades. Lion Distilling Co.,

Take Elevator, Peachtree Entrance, Peters' Bldg. 2 Wall Street.

BROAD SMILES WORN BY TRUST MAGNATES

Republican Senators Are Playing Directly Into the Hands of Combine Managers.

STATEHOOD BILL USED AS BUFFER FOR TRUSTS

Measure Will Be Kept Before the Senate in Order to Defeat Legislation Which the Great Combines Do Not Want Enacted.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, January 22.—(Special.)—The probability of a vote upon the pending statehood bill is apparently as remote as it was the day the bill was first placed before the senate.

There is much talk of a serious clash between the advocates of statehood and the senators who are specially interested in other matters which the senate should consider at this session, but a great deal of this talk is partly for effect.

The statehood bill will, in furtherance of the wishes and intentions of the republican leaders of the senate, remain the regular business before that body for some time to come, and it will be kept there not so much because of any love for the bill itself, but because it is just at present a valuable buffer in the way of several measures which senate republicans intend to keep in the background.

One of these is the eight-hour bill. Another is the immigration bill. A third, though it has not yet assumed shape, is the anti-trust bill, which the senate expects some time during the present session to consider in some shape or other not yet determined upon.

Senator Quay, who is the leader of those republicans who support the omnibus statehood bill, will fight every effort to displace that measure. He talks of his great desire to have an early vote upon it. On the surface his assertions in this direction seem sincere. He may be honestly for the statehood bill, but he is also honestly, and very positively, opposed to the eight-hour bill and the immigration bill. It happens that his activity for statehood serves him the double purpose of enabling him to put himself right on that question and also to keep these other objected-to measures in the background.

Senate Leaders Have Their Plans.

Members of the republican steering committee of the senate do not hesitate in private conversation to express their determination that there shall be no eight-hour bill and no immigration bill at this session, and also that such anti-trust bill as is passed shall be as innocent and free from real substance as the latest breakfast food.

When these gentlemen are told that President Roosevelt is insisting upon "substantial anti-trust legislation," they go off to themselves and smile. As they understand their senatorial duties, their chief concern is to see that no legislation shall be passed which can in any way injure the business interests of the country. They know what these interests want. They are in daily communication with the men who represent the corporations of the country and they are considering what these gentlemen say with a great deal more seriousness than they give to the talk of President Roosevelt at the white house.

The eight-hour bill has been backed by most labor organizations. It is an exceedingly drastic measure, providing that no laboring man at work on any government contract shall be permitted to work over eight hours a day. Severe penalties are provided for any infractions of this law. There are to be no exceptions. It is asserted in this bill to be a crime for a man to work overtime, entirely irrespective of whether he is paid extra wages for that labor or not. It is claimed that the enactment of this law would be a great blow to the ship yards which are building ships for the navy on contract and which, in order to meet the time requirements of the government's contracts, must work some of its men for long hours. A great many other people would be affected by the provisions of this law. It is claimed by senators that they have a large number of letters from the skilled workmen directly interested in which they protest strongly against the passage of the law, though they do not do this openly, on account of their desire to keep their real attitude secret from the labor unions which are pressing for the passage of the bill.

The Immigration Bill.

Great railroad and mining interests are opposed to the immigration bill, because they claim it would cut very seriously into their labor supply. They assert they cannot use negro labor from the south because American white labor in the northern and western states will not work with the negroes; and as there is great scarcity of American white labor, they have to rely largely upon that which comes in from other countries. The present bill is calculated to cut short this labor supply and railroad men and mine owners particularly have urged republican senators to prevent the bill reaching the stage of consideration at this session.

Senator Quay, as the representative of the state of Pennsylvania, has, of course, deep interest in both of these measures. The shipyard people and the men who hold government contracts, as well as the laborers themselves, have urged him to prevent the passage of the eight-hour bill, while the mine owners and the great railway interests centered in Pennsylvania are interested in the same direction in the immigration bill.

All of those republican senators who are recognized as leaders have agreed that no matter how strenuous white house suggestions for anti-trust legislation may be, the bill which passes congress must be a very mild and inoffensive measure—one which will meet the approval of the corporate and business interests of the country.

Nobody Seems Anxious for It.

No republican senator has manifested any disposition to force the anti-trust fight. Senator Hoar, it is true, introduced a bill, but he has decided to let it slumber. Senators are watching with some interest the work on the house committee to which is intrusted the preparation of an anti-trust bill, but they are not bothering themselves at all about its provisions because they know that when the time comes the senate will shape the law. Senator Platt, of Connecticut, has been deputized by republican leaders of the senate to put their anti-trust ideas into shape. Senator Platt is one of the most conservative, as well as one of the most able members of the senate, and there can be no doubt that such a bill as he may draft will in no way injure the corporations and trusts.

The purpose, of course, is to bring in a bill which will look fierce enough, but which will mean little. Senator Platt's ability to shape this is universally recognized. It will be an anti-trust bill, but it will be without any sting.

Instead, therefore, of there being any uneasiness among republicans over the fact that the statehood bill has the right of way as the unfinished business of that body, the senators are perfectly satisfied with the situation. It plays into their hands to have something to divert the attention of the senate and the country at this time. In a week or so the regular appropriation bills will begin to come out of the senate committees and they will have the right of way.

Want to Make Speeches.

The Vest resolution upon free coal lies upon the table so as to furnish the opportunity for tariff speeches whenever there is nothing else to fill in the time. Senator Vest has, since the passage of the rebate bill which came from the house, endeavored to have his resolution indefinitely postponed because it has served its purpose in drawing the attention of the country to the necessity for action and in forcing the republicans to take action to remove the duty from coal. Each time he has made the suggestion, it is met with objection from the republican side, it being stated that certain republicans desire to give expression to their views. The retaliatory tariff resolution introduced by Senator Lodge is to serve the same purpose. Then there is the Cuban treaty, which will be allowed to drag on because none of the republicans are particularly anxious to see it ratified at this session.

In other words, the republican programme in the senate is to kill time and the pending measures are playing directly into their hands. President Roosevelt is pictured as chafing under this delay and in talks with individual senators he has urged speedy action. But the republican leaders of the senate are paying very little attention to President Roosevelt.

Statehood Bill Up.

Washington, January 22.—The statehood bill occupied the entire attention of the senate today, except for a few routine matters which came up during the morning hour. After a brief executive session an adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

Ben Smith Loses Foot.

Covington, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—While assisting in making up a train here yesterday Ben Smith, a brakeman on the Central of Georgia, had his foot so badly mashed that it will have to be amputated at the ankle.

LANDON BOWIE FREED BY JURY

Was Charged With Murder of D. F. Locklear at Rome.

Rome, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of young Landon Bowie, chaged with the murder of D. F. Locklear, returned a verdict this afternoon of not guilty. The jury was out twenty-four hours.

The two men had a quarrel and a fight. One day some time after the first affair they had another fight in the cotton mill where they worked. Locklear started toward Bowie with a piece of scantlin several feet long and the latter went to his coat on the wall near by and got his pistol, warning Locklear. As he kept advancing he fired.

Bowie put in a plea of self-defense. He belongs to a prominent family here, who are rejoicing over his acquittal.

BRIBE SCANDAL WILL BE AIRED

House Takes Up the Charge Made By Lessler.

Representatives of Press Will Be Admitted—Lessler Has Witness To Prove That $6,000 Was Offered for His Influence.

Washington, January 22.—The house committee on naval affairs today obtained authority from the house to prosecute a formal investigation of the charges made by Representative Lessler, of New York, that attempts had been made by corrupt means to influence his action with respect to appropriations for submarine torpedo boats. Prior to bringing before the house, the resolution authorizing the investigation the naval affairs committee considered a report made to it by one of its subcommittees of the inquiry the subcommittee had made into the charges by Mr. Lessler, the report recommending that the house be requested to authorize a formal investigation by the full committee or a subcommittee and to grant authority to send for persons and papers. The house gave the requisite authority immediately after assembling and this afternoon the naval committee held quite a long session, outlining its method of procedure.

It was decided to begin the investigation at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning. Witnesses were summoned to be present and it was stated by members of the committee that the taking of testimony will begin tomorrow. It was decided to admit representatives of the press to the hearings and that the investigation should be conducted by the full committee. It is stated that the committee is to make a searching inquiry.

It is now known that there was another witness beside Mr. Lessler yesterday before the subcommittee of the house naval affairs committee. He was a deputy in the office of the superintendent of elections in New York and told his story voluntarily. In effect it was that an ex-representative had told him to see Lessler and that there was $6,000 in it, $1,000 for him and $5,000 for Mr. Lessler.

A NEW CHAMBER ORGANIZED

Cartersville Business Men Will Work Together for City.

Cartersville, Ga., January 22.—(Special.) Incidental to the possible establishment here of a Portland cement plant of mammoth proportions, a chamber of commerce was organized Tuesday night by the citizens and business men to secure, if possible, better freight rates to aid in the establishment of this and other enterprises and to promote the general welfare of the city.

The meeting was an enthusiastic one and the city's general advantages were presented by men who know in such a favorable light that new effort will be expended for the city's growth.

The organization has a hundred names enrolled and is particularly well officered. H. T. Bradley, a leading merchant, is president; Albert Strickland, wholesale grocer, vice president, and Y. W. Reeves, late clerk of the superior court, secretary and active worker, and C. M. Milam, cashier of the Bank of Cartersville, treasurer. W. P. Laramore, a well-known developer, heads the list of directors.

Title Guarantee and Trust Company will examine and insure you real estate title at reasonable rates. One premium secures perpetual protection. Empire building.

OFFICERS POURED OUT BEER

Twenty-four Hundred Gallons Went Into the Earth.

Mountainsboro, Ala., January 22.—(Special.)—Deputy United States Collectors Knox, Booth and Campbell captured a seventy-five-gallon still worm and outfit last night near Union Grove, Marshal county; 2,400 gallons of beer was poured out on the ground. M. V. Bunch, the wildcatter, was arrested. The officers were fired on from ambush, but no one was hurt.

VON HOLLEBEN ON ROOSEVELT

Retiring Ambassador Speaks Highly of the President.

Paris, January 22.—Dr. Von Holleben, the retiring ambassador to the United States, who arrived here yesterday from Cherborg, is still suffering from his recent illness. He will go in a few days to the Riviera. The ambassador said today:

"My departure from Washington was quite devoid of significance, except that my government had granted me leave of absence on account of ill health. I regret that I was too ill at the time of leaving to call personally on President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay. I have the highest regard and admiration for the president, and I shall take an early occasion to assure him of my regret at my inability to see him before leaving. Pleasant personal messages were exchanged with Secretary Hay on the eve of my sailing."

West Point's New Officals.

West Point, January 22.—(Special.)—A change in the administration of the city government took place Tuesday night at the council chamber, when Mayor-Elect Philip Lanier and the following aldermen, W. J. Kirby, E. B. Anderson, J. L. Askew, J. T. Johnson, G. F. Erwin and Dr. J. N. Hogg, were administered the oath of office. The new officials convened in their first session immediately and took up the matter of choosing other officials. The following were reelected to fill the respective offices: City clerk, H. T. Woodyard; chief of police, F. T. Reed; street overseer, J. T. Roberts; night watchman, Purnell Cochran.

The new officials are all young men and representative business men and intend watching the interests of the city with the utmost diligence and to further its welfare. The retiring officers are Mayor E. J. Collins, Aldermen J. H. Booker, S. T. Whitaker, W. D. Woodyard, Philip Lanier, W. J. Kirby and E. B. Anderson.

Remains of Rev. J. R. Wilson.

Princeton, N. J., January 22.—President Wilson, of Princeton university, left for Columbia, S. C., today with the body of his father, the Rev. J. R. Wilson, D.D., who died last night. The funeral will take place tomorrow in Columbia. Several hundred students were present at the railroad station as a mark of sympathy. President Wilson was deeply touched and thanked the undergraduates.

DOWN IN DEFEAT GO THE CHIEFS

Signal Overthrow on the Philippine Coinage Bill.

Administration Measure Is Rejected and the Substitute Offered by the Democratic Minority Is Passed—Provisions of the Substitute.

Washington, January 22.—The house leaders went down to signal defeat today when the house, by a vote of 146 to 128, rejected the Philippine coinage bill reported by the insular affairs committee and adopted the substitute offered by the minority under the leadership of Mr. Jones, of Virginia, for the introduction of American currency and the American coinage system in the islands.

The insular committee includes in its membership the chairman of the most powerful committees of the house, Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations; Mr. Hitt, chairman of foreign affairs; Mr. Payne, chairman of ways and means; Mr. Hepburn, chairman of interstate commerce, and Mr. Tawney, chairman of the committee on expositions. They reported a bill to establish the gold standard in the islands and to authorize the coinage of silver pesos of 416 grains, to be made legal tender at the rate of 2 pesos for one gold dollar.

The majority members made a gallant fight for their bill, but a considerable number of republicans, twenty-eight on the final vote, under the lead of Mr. Hill, of Connecticut; Mr. Fowler, of New Jersey, and Mr. McCall, of Massachusetts, joined with the democrats and carried through the substitute.

The fact that Secretary Shaw and other high treasury officials were quoted on the floor as favorable to the substitute aided in the overthrow of the committee bill. Their opinions were advanced as against those of Governor Taft and other members of the Philippine commission.

The substitute, as passed, provides that the lawful money of the United States shall be legal tender in the Philippines and declares the coinage laws of the United States to be in full force there. It provides for the redemption of the Mexican and Spanish silver at their bullion value. After six months no coin except that of the United States shall be legal tender. The bill provides for recoinage of Philippine silver. The Alaska delegate bill was then taken up and was supported by Mr. Cushman, republican, of Washington; Mr. Wooten, democrat, of Texas, and Mr. Sulzer, democrat, of New York, and opposed by Mr. Warner, republican, of Illinois. The house adjourned until tomorrow.

The safe deposit vaults of Title Guarantee and Trust Company in basement of Empire Building are the most secure in

To Enlarge Car Plant.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.)—It is announced by Samuel Marfield, manager of the Southern Car and Foundry Company, whose extensive plant is at Lenoir City, Tenn., near here, that the capacity of the plant will be considerably enlarged. It has a number of large contracts for building and equipping cars for leading railroads. When the improvements are completed—and they are to be made at once—the plant will have a capacity of twelve cars per day. Eight cars is now the daily output This is one of the largest industries in east Tennessee, outside of Knoxville, employing several hundred men.

Will Hold City Primary.

Selma, Ala., January 22.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the city executive committee today it was decided to hold the primary for the city officers on the 9th of March. This election will probably be the biggest ever held in Selma, as there will not be less than fifty candidates running for the various offices.

THEORIES ABOUT FOOD.

Also a Few Facts on the Same Subject.

We hear much nowadays about health foods and hygienic living, about vegetarianism and many other fads along the same line.

Restaurants may be found in the larger cities where no meat, pastry or coffee is served and the food crank is in his glory, and arguments and theories galore advanced to prove that meat was never intended for human stomachs, and almost make us believe that our sturdy ancestors who lived four score years in robust health on roast beef, pork and mutton must have been grossly ignorant of the laws of health.

Our forefathers had other things to do than formulate theories about the food they ate. A warm welcome was extended to any kind from bacon to acorns.

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats is undoubtedly the best.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form and is digested and is assimilated more quickly than vegetables and grains.

Dr. Julius Remmson on this subject says: "Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality should eat meat and plenty of it. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily corrected by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three hours, and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets because they supply the pepsin and diastase necessary to perfect digestion, and every form of indigestion will be overcome by their use.

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its proper digestion by the daily use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets composed of the natural digestive principles, pepsin, diastase, fruit acids and salts, which actually perform the work of digestion. Cheap cathartic medicines, masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures are useless for indigestion as they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its many forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food and the sensible way to solve the riddle and cure the dyspepsia is to make daily use at meal time of a preparation like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which is endorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles.



Miss ELIA BOURGE

One of the Beautiful Women of Chicago relates an experience.

Miss ELIA BOURGE, of 47 Ashland Boulevard, Chicago, Ill., wrote to Dr. Pierce recently, as follows:

"I am glad to be able to testify to the public what your medicine has done for me. I had been troubled with catarrh for a number of years; had used many other remedies but failed to find any change and was about to give up all hope. I at last tried your medicine and found it just what it is represented to be. I used a number of bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and will say that I have not felt as well in several years. My headaches, which had become a common occurrence, have entirely disappeared, as well as the burning sensation I endured through my eyes and nose. My voice has wonderfully improved since using your medicine; I would not be without it, and I shall forever give praise to your worthy medicine."

PUBLIC SINGERS EVERYWHERE

Recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for coughs, nose and throat troubles. It cures Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Weak Lungs, Bleeding from Lungs, public speaker's Sore Throat, Hoarseness, and Suppression or Loss of Voice. This vegetable tonic has ingredients which allay a cough, and at the same time it purifies the blood, thereby getting at *the seat* of the difficulty, for a cold or catarrh is produced by a stagnation of the blood supply. The "Discovery" purifies the blood by eliminating the corrupt and poisonous accumulations which are the source of many diseases. It gives new life and strength.

E. D. LOE, of Princeton, Mo., sends his sincere thanks to Dr. Pierce, as follows:

"About one year ago I took what our home doctor called La Grippe, and was bothered with a dry hacking cough, also bowel trouble, all summer. People of my acquaintance said I was going fast with quick consumption. Had weighed one hundred and eighty pounds before having Grippe, but had become very thin when I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After taking five bottles the bowel trouble was completely overcome and my cough was gone."

Sick people, especially those suffering from disease in chronic form, are invited to consult Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter, *free*.

GIVEN AWAY. ***No charge is made for Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is sent FREE on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY. It is the best modern medical work, containing more than one thousand large pages of valuable advice and information. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.***

LOOK ON 3rd PAGE OF THIS PAPER.
Carlton

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Druggists
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

FOR RENT

My present Store at 37 Whitehall Street, as I move into my New Establishment in the Century Building early in February. This Store fronts on both Whitehall and Broad Streets.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,
DIAMOND MERCHANT AND JEWELER,
37 Whitehall Street.

LEFT ARM TORN FROM SHOULDER

Engineer Meets Death Trying to Belt Moving Wheel.

Greensboro, N. C., January 22.—(Special.)—His left arm torn from the shoulder and his life beaten out by several swift revolutions around a drive wheel was the price which Willie Chandler, a young engineer, aged 30, paid today at Pilot Mountain for trying to put a belt on a wheel while the engine was running at full speed.

His chest was crushed to a jelly and he was otherwise horribly mutilated.

"PEG LEG" AGAIN FINDS TROUBLE

Notorious Labor Agent Put in Limb at Huntsville, Alabama.

Huntsville, Ala., January 22.—(Special.)—"Peg Leg" Williams, the railroad and labor agent, was arrested here yesterday on a charge of enticing laborers away from their work, and was required to give a $500 bond far appearance before the next grand jury.

Williams, it is charged, has been instrumental in removing a large number of negroes from this section to the plantations of Mississippi and Arkansas, a large majority of them jumping debts here.

In this way the landlords of Madison county have lost thousands of dollars this season. Williams claims that he is a railroad agent exclusively, and that he is not guilty of enticing laborers away.

Negro Brakeman Killed.

Sewanee, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Freight train No. 65, as it approached the station at this place last night, parted about middle of the train, the front going some distance ahead, slacked its speed and was overtaken by the rear cars with such momentum as to demolish and seriously damage five cars loaded with merchandise and other freight. Andy Anderson, a negro brakeman, being on the rear cars, endeavoring to stop them, was thrown off when they collided and was so badly injured that he died in about one hour after the accident. His body was sent to Central, S. C., his former home.

Will Reenter Business.

Quitman, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The Quitman Grocery Company, whose stock was destroyed by fire a few weeks ago, has been reorganized and will open up again in a few weeks on a much larger scale than before. A number of substantial citizens have taken stock and the Quitman Grocery Company was organized yesterday and an application made for a charter, the capital stock to be not less than $15,000 nor more than $50,000. The plans for the building are in the hands of the architect and construction will be pushed so that the house will be ready when the goods arrive.

NOT A TRAITOR, CRIES LYNCH

Irishman Contends That He Had a Right to Fight for the Boers.

London, January 22.—The court room in which Colonel Arthur Lynch, member of parliament for Galway, is being tried on the charge of high treason, was again crowded today.

After reading the deposition of an American, Lewis Pandley, who said Colonel Lynch had compelled him to take up arms in behalf of the Boers at Glencoe, but who had got off through the intervention fo the American consul, counsel for the defense submitted that the prisoner was protected by the naturalization laws. He claimed that a man was entitled to become an alien at any time, even after the outbreak of the war. He referred to the war of independence; said there were, at least, 20,000 men of British birth in the American mercantile marine and asserted that there were 20,000 people living in America who possessed the two nationalities.

Counsel contended that Colonel Lynch took up arms in behalf of the Transvaal without secrecy and under the mistaken belief that the naturalization act permitted this. In any event, counsel added, if the court decided the prisoner was a British subject he ought to be tried in Australia, where he was born.

The attorney general, Sir Robert Finlay, replying for the prosecution, argued that Colonel Lynch procured naturalization for the purpose of fighting against his own country, and added that even could naturalization cover the prisoner's subsequent actions, it could not cover his anterior reason; namely, adhering to the "queen's enemy" and declaring his willingness to fight against her forces.

The court decided that the naturalization act afforded no defense in the present case. Naturalization was preceded by taking an oath of allegiance to the enemy, which was a treasonable action.

The case was then adjourned.

LIFE IS TAKEN BY WRECKERS

'Frisco Express Derailed By Misplaced Switch and Engineer Killed.

Kansas City, Mo., January 22.—Northbound express No. 104, which left Memphis for Kansas City at 9:15 yesterday morning, was wrecked 4 miles south of South Greenfield, Mo., on the 'Frisco road, at 10 o'clock this morning. The entire train, consisting of baggage car, mail car, smoker and common coach, chair car and one sleeper, left the track, caught fire and was consumed. Fred Fisher, of Fort Scott, the engineer, was killed instantly, and Fireman Ed Gilbert, also of Fort Scott, was seriously hurt.

The wreck occurred just off a trestle and at a sharp curve while the train was running at high speed. The switch had been set deliberately for the side track, and the lights turned to indicate a clear track. It evidently was the work either of train robbers or of persons maliciously inclined.

A freight train was standing on the siding and before the passenger engineer saw the open switch his train had passed through it and crashed into the freight. The passenger engine rolled over and down an 18-foot embankment, Engineer Fisher being crushed to death. The mail car turned over, but the postal clerks escaped unhurt, the remainder of the train following. Young Gilbert is a son of B. M. Gilbert, passenger agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas at Fort Scott.

Morris Fatally Wounded.

Rome, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Henry Oden shot and mortally wounded George Morris near the Rome furnace yesterday. It seems that the two men had a dispute about some trivial matter. Oden became very much enraged and went off and secured a winchester. On his return the quarrel was renewed and he shot Morris just above the heart. It is said that Morris will die. Oden was arrested by the police and is now in jail. Both parties are negroes.

Pneumonia is one of the most dangerous and often fatal diseases. It always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy quickly cures these diseases and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. It is made especially for these and similar ailments and can always be depended upon.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
ROBY ROBINSON.....Business Manager

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United States, Canada and Mexico:
10 to 12-page paper 1c
16 to 24-page paper 2c
28 to 36-page paper 3c
36 to 56-page paper 5c

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., January 23, 1903.

Suggested by a Contrast!

Upon the death of William McKinley a movement was started by the people of Atlanta for the purpose of raising a fund to build a monument to his memory, and about five thousand dollars was subscribed, of which about $1,500 was at once paid in.

The late Colonel W. A. Hemphill was the chairman of the organization and since his death no active steps have been taken to complete the work so auspiciously begun.

Every dollar of the money then subscribed will be paid upon call.

Why not finish the work which was so well begun with such a remarkable enthusiasm?

There is much more reason today for building a monument in a southern city to the memory of William McKinley than there was at the time the movement was inaugurated. More than ever do the people of the south understand and appreciate the sterling qualities of the man, and his record of ever friendly consideration for the south is particularly emphasized by the contrast presented since his death in the attitude of the national administration toward the south.

Not until now has the true import of President McKinley's considerate treatment of the south been fully understood by the people of this section.

The time was never more opportune than now to vivify and carry to successful completion the work begun in the fall of 1901.

Time will not fade the chaplet of reverent memory in which McKinley is held in the southern heart. So far as the proposed monument in Atlanta is concerned, our people have not been remiss or held back because such a tribute involved the individual pocket-book. On the other hand, they subscribed freely and they will pay as cheerfully when called upon.

The presidential comparison recently forced upon the southern people and made with a sense of pain rather than anger, would make particularly opportune the revival of the McKinley monument movement in Atlanta.

The people of this great misunderstood section and this, its truly representative city, respected, honored and loved the brave peacemaker of the new era in intersectional relations—the first president of his party who had the breadth of mind and the warmth of heart to recognize Mason and Dixon's traditional line as an exploded myth. Here was a strong publicist, secure in mere partisan power, who scorned to stoop to humiliate a minority opposition of the body politic, already proscribed as a section by the unforgiving past, by official word or act.

On the contrary, President McKinley fraternized with the south and his friendship, being believed sincere, was accepted gladly and reciprocated warmly. He won the full confidence of our people, not through admiration of his amicable personality, but through belief in his sense of justice and the kindliness of his ethics toward the south.

It is no fulsome exaggeration to say that he nailed more planks of love on the bridge building across the nation's "bloody chasm" than any northern man whose citizenship has blessed the country since the civil war.

It is for this that the people of our reunited country who deprecate the old sectional malignity most revere this noble public servant's memory. As for the south, she had wearied of being made an Ishmaelite. She was ready, aye, impatient, to meet so Christian a sentiment half way.

Atlanta knew McKinley well. Some of his most notable and reassuring utterances of national unity and fraternity were made in this city. It was here he gave voice to that beautiful sentiment concerning the graves of our soldier dead. The man and the occasion well merit a shaft of imposing proportions, or a heroic statue of bronze, but even if the memorial takes no more pretentious form than a drinking fountain with a modest bas-relief bust or inscription, we should rear it in a public place and dedicate it with appropriate ceremony. It stands for too much to allow its erection to go by default now.

The Constitution believes it voices an enthusiastic sentiment of the people of Atlanta, and of Georgia and the south as well, when it declares the McKinley memorial should be built here. Let the present committee get together, collect the fund subscribed and start the work!

Not until now does the south know how much it is indebted to McKinley. It is an everlasting obligation and it is illuminated by the contrast of his policy with that of his successor, toward the people of the south!

Post-Check Currency.

Many people do not know that the much discussed post-check currency system which may soon be made a part of the postal service was invented by a man of the appropriate name of C. W. Post. Mr. Post recently explained the workings of his system before the house committee on post-offices, and what he said was most instructive.

It is estimated that the post-check system would save the government about $600,000 in clerk hire in the postal service, and its convenience to the public is unquestioned. At present money can be transmitted through the mails by bank check, registered letter or money order. A fair idea of the proportion in which the various means of transmission are employed can be gathered by Mr. Post's statement that a firm which receives approximately 40,000 small remittances a year, gets 4,000 of them in postoffice money orders, 2,000 in checks and express orders and 34,000 in stamps, coins and loose bills.

The latter statement shows the laxity of the present system of money transmission as a result, no doubt, of no popular medium of cheap exchange. The postal money order has too much red tape about it for small remittances, and the exchange fee is an item. With the post-check currency it would only be necessary for the remitter to fill certain blank spaces on a treasury note with the name and address of the person to whom the money is sent, to sign the note himself and attach and cancel a postage stamp in order to convert the note into a check on the United States government.

The system would result in a constant renewal of treasury notes, and the effect would be salutary in that it would do away with worn, dirty, germ-transmitting curreney. Mr. Post shows that this constant renewal would be without cost to the government, as the two-cent tax, in the form of the postage stamp for the conversion of the note into a check would meet the cost of new issues. The increased use of stamps is also to be taken into consideration.

It is said the principal opposition to the plan in Washington comes from treasury officials, who object to the extra work involved in a rapid renewal of the currency. There is no doubt that the system is popular where intelligently discussed by the public, and the people are beginning to understand it.

Lost His Suit.

A young Kentuckian, on matrimony bent, telegraphed his intended to meet him at a certain time and place in Louisville. The dispatch, as deciphered or copied by the operator at its destination, read Nashville, and to Tennessee's capital city the loyal young woman went instanter. Not finding her affianced lover, as promised, she returned home in high dudgeon and refused to listen to any explanations from the unfortunate young man.

Exhausting all efforts toward a reconciliation, the cheated lover sought to avail himself of the feminine prerogative of salving his lacerated heart with goodly damages, for the telegraph company was clearly to blame, and the telegraph company possessed the coin. He filed suit against the bungling corporation, asking damages in the sum of just $1,999!

Was there ever anything so unchivalrous and so unworthy of all the gallant traditions of Kentucky? The loss of a Kentucky belle, matrimonially, to be coolly assessed by the bereaved one himself at such a paltry figure!

As for our opinion, we think that young man did well to escape with his life—in Kentucky. He might have gone into court with some countenance had he added a cipher to his numerals, but—$1,999!

Retributive justice must record that this sordid and unimaginative young Kentuckian is now hustling to satisfy costs.

Philippine Railroad Construction.

That in a land like the Philippines a convenient system of railways would do much toward minimizing perennial insurgency on the part of the natives is a fair supposition. A senate resolution recently embodied this idea in the form of an interpellation for the secretary of war. It follows:

"What effect an adequate system of railroads would have upon the cost of maintaining law and order and protecting life and property in those islands.

"Whether the expense of protecting life and property and maintaining a stable government would be reduced by such a system of railroads in a sum sufficient to equal the interest on the money necessary to build and operate such roads."

The reply of Secretary Root is noteworthy. His reply to the first query was to the effect that all governmental experience has shown that railroad-building in turbulent, inaccessible countries reduces the cost of policing and largely does away with the necessity for policing. He cites the experience of Mexico, which became a stable government after trunk lines crossed Mexican territory, and also the effect of our own transcontinental railways in settling the question of Indian outbreaks and a lawless frontier.

In answering the second question, Secretary Root said "the difference between the cost of maintaining a stable government with such a system of railroads and maintaining a government of equal efficiency without railroads would be greater than the interest on the money necessary to build and operate the roads," adding:

"I think sound policy requires that we should either build or procure the building of railroads in the larger islands of the Philippine islands without any avoidable delay."

The Philippines are badly in need of railroad and telegraphic communication—particularly the former. In the present condition of affairs in the archapeligo it will be difficult, perhaps, to enlist private capital in extensive railroad building, and it is not the policy of the federal government to engage in railroad construction on its own account. Such a course might be regarded as too paternalistic, and the subsidy plan has nothing to commend it in past American experience.

However, the public order may demand such a departure in the Philippines. At any rate, the government should encourage railroad construction by private capital, as was done in Cuba, which country is now reaping the good effects of her "Backbone" railway.

Colombia and the Canal.

The republic of Colombia, having failed to get the United States to bid against themselves to make the Panama route lease something more handsome, has begun to intimate that a reference of the disagreement to The Hague arbitration tribunal will meet her ideas of equity.

The proposition is clearly preposterous. In the first place, The Hague court was not organized to arbitrate real estate haggling or entangle itself in any species of national bargain-driving. Our difference with Colombia is one of price, so far as her real animus is concerned, while our position is merely insistence upon a treaty contract being respected on the original terms, pecuniary and otherwise. No point of international law or comity is involved. Colombia has simply "backed out" of her former agreement, after the United States thought the understanding was conclusive and mutually satisfactory, and is trying to hold the dickering open in expectation of a substantial enhancement of the consideration to be paid for the trans-isthmian easement. If the United States chose to take Colombia by the ear, a la kaiser, and insist that she take what she originally agreed to take for the Panama franchises, there would be occasion to air the two nations' differences at The Hague. The United States, however, are neither bidding against themselves nor getting ugly over Colombia's venal recalcitration. We think we have another string to the isthmian canal bow.

In international dickers of this kind, nations are like men in a trade. They hold out to the limit of prudence for a selfish advantage. Colombia has something to sell. The United States want to buy. Colombia, feeling in a position to gratify the monopolist's principle of gouge, asks an exorbitant sum. The United States decline to pay so much. There the matter stands, at present, with one of Colombia's competitor nations offering the hesitating customer the same goods, practically; at a more reasonable figure. The advantage would seem to be on the part of the United States, for they have two competitive markets in which to buy, while Colombia has but the one market in which to sell. However eager a European power might be to meet Colombia's pecuniary demands apropos of the Panama route, it is estopped from doing so by the Monroe doctrine, to a great extent. And there is no reason to believe that any European power regards ownership and nominal control of a Panama canal, under neutrality pledges and other guarantees to the United States, as at all desirable at this time. The United States, therefore, are the only intending purchaser, and Columbia's attitude in the premises is analogous to that of the dog that dropped his meat for a watery reflection.

No purpose of the Monroe doctrine is more obviously pronounced than that the isthmian waterway shall be dominated by that doctrine. Had the French syndicate dug that canal, as undertaken, Uncle Sam would have been in control, so far as political control was concerned. As early as 1846 it was solemnly covenented between the United States and Colombia, then New Granada, that—

• • • "the government of New Granada guarantees to the government of the United States that the right of way or transit across the isthmus of Panama upon any modes of communication that now exist or that may hereafter be constructed shall be open and free to the government and citizens of the United States . . . and the United States guarantee, positively and efficaciously, the perfect neutrality of the before mentioned isthmus."

This wise and, if need be, militant policy has been reaffirmed and reiterated time and again for fifty years past in state department notes, party platforms and presidential messages. The supremacy of the United States in the western hemisphere and the making good of the Monrovian policy are vitally dependent upon control of the isthmian canal, no matter who or what influence builds it. Europe has been effectually warned off.

Having made sure of handling Nicaragua and Costa Rica to advantage, the United States should set a time limit for Colombia to come to taw, and if she still held out, leave her with an empty treasury to reflect on the folly of cupidity trying to overreach itself.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

A January Song.

I.

When the January blizzards come a-whistlin' down my way,
I think about them roses that I use to reap in May;
An' I fear the birds a-singin' under frosty skies an' gray,
An' the storm-winds melt in music o' the mornin'!

II.

I know the winter's weary, but it's fadin' in the past;
The blue sky's still above us, an' the clouds are flyin' fast;
And we'll reach the Maytime gardens in their loveliness at last,
Where the storm-winds melt in music o' the mornin'!

• • • • •

The Reason.

Brother Dickey says: "De reason some er dese sinners cuts up so in de winter time, is—de coldness er de weather leads 'em into de beliefs dat hell's froze over!"

• • • • •

The time is past when poets starved in garrets. Most of them can get a job running the elevator now.

• • • • •

Life.

Life is flurry—
Work and worry:
Let us live!
Life is utter
Bread and butter:
Let us live!
Still the blithe birds will be singing,
Still we hear the sweet bells ringing,
And the arms of Love are clinging—
Let us live!

• • • • •

It is encouraging to hear a Georgia editor exclaim: "We are going to make a living out of this paper if we die in the attempt!"

• • • • •

A Job's Comforter.

"What bothers me," said the new prisoner, "is the thought of a long trial, and weary months in jail!"

"Don't let that disturb you," replied the High Sheriff, "I've just got word that they're coming to lynch you at 12 o'clock, sharp!"

• • • • •

On the Way.

Hit ain't so fur ter de breakin 'er de day—
De winter is a-dreamin', des a-dreamin' er de May,
En de good time comin' is a-blazin' er de way—
Keep up yo' courage, believers!

• • • • •

Says a Billville editor: "We asked the railroad company for a free pass, and the management sent us a pair of shoes!"

• • • • •

Sympathetic Judge.

"I made whisky," said the moonshiner, "to make shoes for my little children."

The judge seemed touched—for he had children of his own. "I sympathize with you," he said, "and I am going to send you where you can follow the shoe business for two years!"

• • • • •

Ring It Out.

Ring the bells from every steeple—
Paste it in yer hat:
This here country's fer the people—
Praise the Lord fer that!

• • • • •

Mr. Flammarion cheerfully informs us that "the moon is drawing nearer the earth." And to think that "The devil's in the moon for mischief!"

• • • • •

Doin' Well.

The country's doin' mighty well
From Billville up to Blow;
It takes a little freezing spell
To make the daisies grow!

• • • • •

A Boston bard informs us that a comet is "a policeman of the skies that frequently arrests a planet in its course." Well, well! that's hard to beat!

• • • • •

Damper to Genius.

"Alas!" exclaimed the poet, "I've sat here three hours, but haven't written a line!"

"I'm sorry for you, dear," said his wife, "but what you need is exercise. Come and help me with the week's washing!"

• • • • •

"O, would—O would I were a bird!" sings a poet. But that's just where the trouble comes in: If there were not so much wood about the poetry of the day the public would be better off.

• • • • •

Difference in Testimony.

"My impression," said the physician, who was testifying before a coroner's jury, "is that the man was shot in the early hours."

"That's funny," said the coroner. "This here other witness has done swore that he was shot in the leg!"

• • • • •

That's What!

If the devil should run for office
Some people would think it a crime;
And, just like the rest o' them—
All o' the best o' them—
He'd still have a devil of a time!

• • • • •

An eastern magazine announces that it will publish good poetry this year of grace. We commend that excellent New Year resolution!

• • • • •

Not a blizzard in the world can freeze the music of the Lee county mockingbirds who warble in the columns of the county newspaper.

• • • • •

Unique Georgia Obituary.

His life's labor ends:
Ere 'twas brought to a close
He smiled on his friends
And he pitied his foes.

Left a name to his children,
A home to his wife,
And then—as a model—
He left them his life!

F. L. S.

The Gallant Leonidas.

Washington Evening Star: "Henrietta," said Mr. Meekton, "did you hear that lecture in which it was stated that the fact that Adam arrived on earth before Eve indicated that men should assume a certain precedence over women?"

"I did," was the somewhat icy reply.

"Isn't it absurd? It simply shows that Adam was expected to get the garden in shape for Eve's comfort, just as the modern man gets up in the morning and lights the fire."

Advance of the Autos.

New York World: It it estimated that at present about 14,000 automobiles are in use in the United States. On the basis of orders already in, the calculation is made that by the end of this year the number of motor vehicles in use will be nearly tripled. It is promised that the building of horseless wagons will soon be a larger industry in point of men employed than that which in 4,000 factories now supplies the horse-drawn carriages of the land.

SCHOOL BOARD IS DISSATISFIED

Feels That Finance Committee Should Do Retter.

The fact that the board of education is dissatisfied with the appropriation made to the department of schools in the January apportionment sheet and the fact that the board believes that the finance committee of council failed to keep an agreement made last year between council and the board were made apparent during the meeting of the board yesterday afternoon. Nothing was done about these matters, and it is not known what position will be taken by members of the board regarding the bonds that are to be voted upon by the people this year.

The matter was mentioned during the meeting of the board by Hoke Smith, who was one of the parties with whom the agreement was made last year.

Briefly the facts are that last fall the board decided that it would ask for the issuance of $100,000 of bonds for the improvement and better equipment of the public school system. The water department and the sewer department, however, had already asked for two issues, each of $400,000 for the improvement and better equipment of their respective systems. It developed that the $800,000 of bonds would take the city within about $80,000, in round figures, of its prescribed limit of bonded indebtedness.

An Agreement Reached.

Upon learning this Mr. Smith and Mr. Rosser, both members of the board, announced that they would fight the bond issues unless the city agreed to give the department of schools $100,000 of the money. A conference of the members of council was immediately called by Mayor Mims, who was then the chief magistrate of the city, and council told Mr. Smith and Mr. Rosser that if they would agree to support the bonds the January apportionment sheet of the council of 1903 would carry a special apportionment of $50,000 to the department of schools, but that the payment of the money would be contingent upon the passage of the bonds. If the people failed to authorize the issuance of bonds the finance committee was to meet and reapportion the $50,000 among the various departments.

The January apportionment sheet does not carry the special appropriation of $50,000 to the department of schools, and for that reason members of the board of education believe that they have a just cause for complaint. There was an atmosphere of dissatisfaction during the meeting of yesterday, although no action was taken further than to declare, by the adoption of a motion, that the members of the board would not again appear before either council or the finance committee unless invited to do so.

The only other mention of money matters came from Major W. F. Slaton, the superintendent, who stated in his report that those teachers whose salaries had not been increased felt that an injustice had been done them by increasing the salaries of some of the teachers, while theirs are left to bear the entire 7 1-2 per cent cut.

The meeting of yesterday was attended by Mrs. Huntley, Mrs. Gregg, Mrs. Hopkins and Mrs. Simmons, of the board of lady visitors.

Permission was given the superintendent to attend the annual meeting of the superintendents of public schools, which is to be held in Cincinnati during the latter part of February, and the superintendent was authorized to invite the superintendents to hold their next convention in Atlanta.

Upon the recommendation of the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution the board gave teachers of all classes permission to devote one hour at any time after noon on February 12 to exercises in honor of Georgia day. After the exercises the classes will be dismissed for the day.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE ALDERMANIC BOARD MET in regular session yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Only routine matters were attended to with the exception of the two franchise ordinances, and the action of council upon all measures was concurred in. The two franchises are those of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company. One provides for a block of track on Elizabeth street in Inman park, and the other provides for several hundred feet of track on Piedmont avenue. Both came over from the last council.

MRS. NORA J. DORN IS SERIOUSLY ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Lowenthal, in Edgewood.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE wardrobe committee of the Florence Crittendon home will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of the chairman, Mrs. Fred Wagener, 272 Gordon street, West End.

TWO HOUSES AND LOTS, NOS. 142 and 146 West Baker street, were sold yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the estate of Mrs. Anne F. Acton. Quite a crowd was present and the bidding very spirited, and both lots were knocked down to Dr. Luther P. Stephens at $1,500 each. This was the first auction sale of the season. The sale was conducted by Forrest and George Adair.

THE BODY OF MISS ZULA Weatherly will be taken to Cedartown this morning for interment. Funeral services will be conducted there.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of J. S. Arnold, who cut his throat in the Tower, and who died Wednesday at the Grady hospital, were conducted yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence, 99 Kennedy street. The body will be taken to Roswell this morning for interment.

LUCY LIVINGSTON, THE 1-YEAR-old daughter of John Livingston, died yesterday morning at the residence of her father, 20 Pulliam street. The death of the child was due to tuberculosis. It will be remembered that several months ago the mother of the child died of tuberculosis, and that during the mother's illness another child accidentaly drank poison and died. The family at that time resided on Woodward avenue. The body will be taken to Montgomery where the bodies of the mother and other child are buried, this morning at 5 o'clock for interment. Mr. Livingston has large numbers of friends who deeply sympathize with him in his bereavement.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Patrick Blount will be conducted this morning at 10 o'clock at the church of the Immaculate Conception by Rev. Father Bazin. The interment will be in Hollywood cemetery. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and are requested to meet at 9 o'clock at Patterson's undertaking parlors: John Gatins, Sr., Frank Gillespie, John Doherty, N. J. Heard, O. M. Ezell and L. V. Kennerly.

PRESSLEY HAMPTON, 71 YEARS of age, died yesterday morning at his residence, 316 Auburn avenue. The deceased was formerly a locomotive engineer. He is survived by his wife. Funeral services will be conducted at the residence this afternoon. The body will be placed in the receiving vault at Oakland cemetery.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Thomas M. Edge were conducted yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the residence, 45 Buena Vista avenue. The body was interred yesterday afternoon in the burying ground at Flat Rock church, in Clayton county.

THE BODY OF REDDING SIMS Haden, infant child of Attorney and Mrs. W. W. Haden, was placed in the receiving vault at Oakland cemetery yesterday afternoon. Funeral services were conducted at 3 o'clock at the residence, 15 Jefferson street.

THE BODY OF MRS. MARTHA A. Crane will be taken to Red Oak, Ga., this afternoon at 1 o'clock for interment. Funeral services will be conducted there by Rev. Dr. Dodson.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Mrs. George C. Shafer were conducted yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Shafer's brother, A. H. Stephens, 454 Woodward avenue, by Dr. W. W. Landrum. The interment was in Oakland cemetery.

THE BODY OF MRS. ELLA LOU Donehoo was interred yesterday in the family burying ground at Hemphill. Funeral services were conducted at 10 o'clock at the residence in that place.

A LARGE TWO-STORY FRAME house at 272 Hilliard street, occupied by negroes, was badly damaged by fire last night about 8 o'clock. The roof was almost entirely burned off. The total damage is estimated at about $500. The fire of last night is the fourth time within the past few months that the house has been discovered in flames.

NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION

Named as Candidate for Senate from Kansas.

Topeka, Kans., January 22.—Congressman Chester S. Long was nominated by acclamation this afternoon by the republican legislative caucus as candidate for United States senator. All the other candidates withdrew. The nomination will be ratified in joint session next Tuesday.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

No Smallpox in Wilkes.

Editor Constitution: Please permit us to set ourselves right. I notice in your yesterday's paper you say that the governor has sent vaccine points to several counties, "showing the exitence of smallpox in many sections," and you mention Wilkes county as one.

The fact is Wilkes county has not a case of smallpox within its borders. The vaccine points were ordered merely as a precautionary measure. The county commissioners of Wilkes are doing all in their power to keep the pest out of our county, as there are several cases in one of the counties adjoining us. Yours truly,

LORENZO SMITH,
Clerk County Commissioners.

Washington, Ga.

To Advertise Georgia.

Editor Constitution: The plan to advertise Georgia set forth in The Constitution of January 17, 1903, is a step in the right direction. Right thinking helps us to have universal prosperity. The swamps of Georgia can be made rich, fertile farms at less cost than by irrigation on arid lands. Georgia can have good roads and bridges by giving work to men and women from the north who delight in Georgia weather in winter. Useful workers add wealth to a state. The nation can and should help the states to have good roads and bridges in this nation. Building of these will help on universal prosperity. In the year 1890 some progressive persons decided to promote a great world's fair in Boston and vicinity. They sent their ideas among the people in letters and speeches. The works are progressing more than some of those people thought possible in twelve years. Seventeen million dollars in parks, $35,000,000 in improving the water supply in Boston and vicinity. Natural beauties are here. The works of mankind are needed to give greater joy among the people. In the past twelve years hundreds of the hovels where people lived, also hovels used for business purposes, have been destroyed.

Come and see us in spring, summer and autumn and in the cool months we wish to work in your state. A. F. HILL.
13 Isabella street, Boston, Mass.

Courtesy on an Elevator.

Editor Constitution: When I get on an elevator in an office building on which there is a woman I generally take off my hat. But I do so under a mental protest. It makes me feel as Tom Dixon says he felt when he was being ordained a minister—like a fool.

The lid is not removed out of respect to the woman, but because I do not wish my fellow-passengers to think that I do not know what is considered "good manners." Few men have the courage of their convictions when such convictions would lead them contrary to custom. I ecknowledge myself to be a moral coward. Any man who wears a pointed shoe when, but for what people thought, a board toed one would be more to his liking, or has his hair cut when he would prefer it long, is a moral coward.

Unless we are to remove our hats immediately upon entering the building, and keep them off as we go through the halls and up and down the stairs, I see no reason why we should stultify ourselves by going through that silly formality on an elevator.

I have not definitely decided whether I prefer to be a sensible "pig"—as you call the hat-wearing, elevator-riding man—or an imbecile "gentleman," so I sometimes wear my hat on my head and sometimes in my hand when on an elevator with a woman.

On the whole I rather agree with The Washington Post, as quoted in your paper.

FRANCIS B. HAYS.
Atlanta, Ga.

Call Elephant Dixie.

Editor Constitution: Was glad to know of the arrival of the new elephant and think we would all like Dixie for her name in honor of our own sunny south.

ANNIE FAIN,
Age 12 years.
Reeves Station, Ga.

Unsanitary Street Cars.

Editor Constitution: In the opinion of the writer the worst nuisance just now in the community is the unsanitary and objectionable condition of many of the city's street cars. The dark corners about the seats, used as spittoons, contain nasty and stinking pools, offensive to sight and smell. The darkness, warmth and moisture furnish the most perfect conditions for the breeding of germs, and as this loathsomeness becomes dry and ground to powder by the feet it is whirled into the air by every passing breeze, only to be taken into the lungs with every breath. The thought alone of what this means is enough to make one sick and the certainty that disease germs also may be thus inhaled may well give us cause.

SELWYN A. RUSSELL, M. D.
Atlanta, Ga.

WILL DISBAND THE ARTILLERY

Under Governor's Order Atlanta Company Goes By the Board.

Governor Terrell issued an order yesterday directing the disbandment of the Atlanta artillery, and after February 1 next the battery will no longer exist.

This is the fate that has been expected for the battery for some time. A year ago the Atlanta artillery was put on probation under recommendation of the state military advisory board, being given sixty days in which to bring itself up to the standard. This it did not accomplish, as an inspection showed, after a period of five months.

Last November the advisory board made another recommendation to the effect that the artillery be disbanded instanter. Governor Terrell did not take the matter up until early in January, and at that time he granted a hearing to Lieutenants A. C. Morris and J. M. Fluker, who asked to be allowed to show cause why the battery should not be disbanded. They claimed the battery had not had the proper treatment from the adjutant general's office.

Governor Terrell took the matter under consideration and conferred with the adjutant general and inspector general about the matter, with the result stated. It is said that for a period of six or eight months not a commissioned officer of the battery entered the armory or attended a drill.

Atlanta is greatly in need of an artillery company, and steps will probably be taken to organize one later on. The present battery must account to the state for all of its equipment at the time of its disbandment. This material, together with new and up-to-date equipment, will probably be secured as soon as a stable artillery battery can be organized.

RAILWAY NOTES.

One of the most remarkable pieces of railway ticket counterfeiting was received at the local ticket office of the Louisville and Nashville yesterday. It was a ticket from Atlanta to New York and Buffalo, and was sold here in 1898. From all accounts it came into possession of a ticket scalper, who, with the aid of pen and ink, coupled with talent worthy a better cause, proceeded to change it so as to extend the time limit for several years. It was resold and the fraud never discovered only after the most careful scrutiny. The ticket in its present condition represents ingenuity and skill of a high degree, and it will no doubt be kept as an interesting souvenir.

For the past few weeks the local passenger department of the Southern has been engaged in issuing permits to the clergy which entitle ministers of the gospel to travel over the company's lines at a reduced rate. Up to date more than four thousand of these permits have been issued for this territory.

W. H. Tayloe, assistant general passenger agent of the Southern, yesterday received a letter from an elder of the church residing at Phenix City, Ala., thanking him for the courtesy in granting a permit. The letter is an interesting one and is couched in terms especially complimentary to the road and Mr. Tayloe.

It reads as follows:

"Mr. W. H. Tayloe, Agent of Southern Railway Company—Dear Sir: Your favor of the 13th instant at hand. You asked me to acknowledge same. I will have to ask you to excuse me for not acknowledging it sooner. I have been away from home. I have just arrived. I am very thankful to you for the kind favor you have bestowed upon me, in that of sending me the clergyman's permit. I appreciate your kindness very much. I have signed the permit. You have my name signed wrong. I do not suppose it will make much difference. I hope the good Lord will take care of us all through this new year and lead us through safe. May the Lord prosper you in your labor, make all things pleasant to you, and at last save us all in heaven."

"An appreciative letter like that is worth getting occasionally," said Mr. Tayloe, as he read it, "and I think I'll preserve it."

The officials of the Southern are very much pleased with the record being made by the road's Florida special. It is said that the trains are carrying daily twice as many passengers as they did this time last year.

Warren H. Fogg, traveling passenger agent of the Central of Georgia, is in Tennessee on a business trip. He is expected to return to the city tomorrow.

The Southeastern Passenger Association has announced special rates for circle tours to the City of Mexico for the winter season. Tickets will be sold to and including April 30, for circle tour to City of Mexico, going rail, returning via Mexican railway or Interoceanic railway to Vera Cruz; or Mexican Central railroad to Tampico, thence Mexican American Steamship Company to New Orleans, La., and rail to original starting point, or the reverse. Transit limits in the United States to be the same as on all-year-round tourist tickets to Mexico City. Stop-overs will be allowed in Mexico within final limit of tickets, namely, May 31. Stop-overs in territory south of the Ohio and Potomac and east of the Mississippi rivers to be allowed the same as on winter tourist tickets. Final limit of all tickets May 31.

Major J. F. Hanson, chairman of the board of directors of the Central of Georgia, came up from Macon yesterday morning and spent the day in the city.

The new line which the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is to build from Enon, on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad to Red Bank, on the Allegheny Valley railroad, will be 60 miles long and will be used to divert freight for points east and west of Pittsburg around that city. All the surveys have been made and the necessary right of way secured. The line will cost about $6,000,000.

Until recent years it was unusual for Pullman private cars to be leased for the use of one person or family in traveling, but the custom has increased of late until, it is said, the company now has an average of twenty-four private cars on the road all the time.

One million dollars is the sum that the Baltimore and Ohio will spend at Hollloway, on its Chicago, Lackawanna and Western branch, 25 miles west of Bridgeport, Ohio, where the company will locate division headquarters.

Frank Smith, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, with headquarters at Salt Lake, having resigned, H. C. Bibble has been appointed to that position.

C. W. Pierce, for many years general agent of the American Express Company, at Boston, has been appointed superintendent of the New England line.

WIFE'S STORY PUTS HUSBAND IN PRISON

Mrs. Reynolds Says Husband Abuses Her and Fails to Support Family.

HE GOES TO CITY STOCKADE

Wife Tells Pathetic Story in Police Court and Makes Dramatic Appeal for Some Means to Require Her Husband to Work.

On the statement of his wife that he had mistreated her and failed to provide for the support of herself and five children, Frank Reynolds, a white man who resides on Lambert street, was yesterday afternoon fined $25.75 or thirty days in the stockade by Recorder Nash Broyles. Reynolds was unable to pay the fine and was sent to the stockade.

This sentence was imposed after Mrs. Reynolds had unfolded a pathetic story, during the relation of which her voice choked with emotion and tears came into her eyes. At the conclusion of her testimony she made a dramatic appeal for some means by which her husband could be forced to work and support her. Mrs. Reynolds is a pleasant faced young woman and the statements regarding the conduct of her husband visibly affected Judge Broyles.

"Well, Reynolds, if you will not work outside of the stockade and support your family, I will give you a chance to work there. I will start you with a fine of $25 and costs or thirty days. Probably this will help you along a little."

At the instigation of Mrs. Reynolds, Call Officer Dorsey visited her home Wednesday night and arrested Reynolds. When the case was called yesterday afternoon in police court the wife was the only witness against the husband and she did not hesitate to testify freely.

She stated that she and five children are dependent on Reynolds for support, but that he has done practically nothing for them along this line during the past two years. She stated further that her husband drinks and that when under the influence of intoxicants he would curse and abuse her, although he has never beat her. During the past two months, she said, he has given her but $1.30. Mrs. Reynolds said she had been ill since New Year's day and was unable to work herself, but that one of her boys had secured a newspaper route.

"Judge," she finally exclaimed with apparent indignation, "it is his duty to support me and my children and I want to know if there is not some law by which he can be made to work. If there is, I will appeal to it. He should be made to support his family. I am almost in a destitute condition."

"I don't know of any law to make a man work," replied the judge, "but we can put him in jail."

He then imposed the sentence, remarking to Reynolds that he would release him from the stockade, after he had worked a while, provided he would promise to go to work and support his family.

Reynolds offered as his defense that he had been unable to obtain a job of late and that he always supported his family when at work.

"STEEPLE JACK" RETURNS FOR MORE PERILOUS WORK

"STEEPLE JACK" is in Atlanta again.

Thousands who with wondering eyes and weak knees watched him at his perilous work as he painted the spire of Trinity church two years ago last Christmas day and afterwards as he worked on the lofty stack of the old crematory, since destroyed by fire, will be interested to learn that there are several structures in the city that need attention and that "Steeple Jack's" skill and daring will again be called into play.

By way of contradiction of the rumor that has been current that he was killed by a fall last year he smilingly says that he has more lives than a cat, and the report of his death was caused by the fatal accidents that have happened within the last year to two of the leading men in his line of business.

"No, I have absolutely no fear of accidents," he said. "I have been in the business a little over twelve years, and have naturally had some narrow escapes, but neither while planning to do a job nor in its execution do I have the slightest apprehension, and if I should I would at once quit the business, for that would unfit me for it."

When asked how he came to choose so hazardous an occupation he said that one day when he was out of a job a steeple climber hired him to assist him, but from inside the spire. He offered to get on the chair outside and his employer allowed him to do so. After the job was completed he duplicated the apparatus then in use and started out for himself.

W. F. Ramsawer, for this is his right name, attributes his success during long years of this dangerous work first to good habits, for his muscles are hard as iron and his eye and nerve like an eagle's. "I take the best of care of myself," he remarked. "An athlete under training is hardly more particular than I am. I do not drink; I keep good hours; am careful about my diet and when not busy at my work always take plenty of exercise in the open air. Secondly," he continued, "I test carefully all my apparatus and the structures I climb, and never attempt any feat in an exhibition when aloft that I have not practiced on the ground and perfected myself in.

"Again, I never lose my presence of mind, no matter how perilous the emergency. These precautions and a kind Providence have kept me so far, and I trust may continue to do so for a few months longer, when I intend to give up the business."

Sometimes this "high climber" gives exhibitions that are not required by the work on which he is engaged and sits upon the apex of a spire hundreds of feet above the street, or even stands upon it unsupported, or lies upon it with arms and feet extended. He claims he can ascend a vertical ladder 100 feet high in 17 seconds, which is three seconds faster than that of the winner in the recent firemen's contest in New York city. In a recent exhibition he descended from a lofty building with 150 pounds on his back, supported solely by a manila rope 1-2 inch in diameter.

CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN

Judge John R. Wilkinson, of the court of ordinary, gave out yesterday the following list of names of disabled and indigent confederate veterans and widows of veterans, of Fulton county, who have not yet applied at his office for their warrants for the amount due them by the state.

It may be that some of these are not living, and if so Judge Wilkinson would be glad to receive the information; or if living, as to their whereabouts.

Since the legislature meets in June this year, it is important for those who have not yet received the amount due them to attend to the matter at once, as the balance left over will be returned to the state treasurer earlier than usual this year.

Any information as to the whereabouts of the following will be gladly received by Judge Wilkinson:

Disabled Soldiers.

V. M. Bartlett, M. W. Clark, M. J. Darby, C. C. Daniel, M. J. Darby, I. N. Farmer, P. H. Grant, G. W. Garner, R. L. Hearn, S. C. Henson, R. W. P. Jones, William Kligo, W. S. Milner, J. H. Marchman, William T. Newman, A. A. Nolan, William J. Nunn, H. O. Shields, D. L. Plaster, J. M. Payne, Harvey Plunkett, D. R. Ray, Y. E. Roesel, F. R. Smith, I. J. Wallis, J. H. Waller, J. O. Waddell, William A. Wright and James L. Wilson.

Indigent Soldiers.

J. A. Akins, N. E. Allen, H. R. Beavers, N. E. Bussey, M. L. Bridwell, J. Callaway, D. A. Cochran, J. W. Christian, W. B. Duke, J. M. DeLong, E. V. Echols, R. A. Evans, J. J. Flury, John Fitch, J. K. Gordon, J. W. Griffin, John L. Goosby, W. H. Hildebrand, J. M. Hornsby, W. T. Hamilton, T. R. Hatcher, William Y. Hornsby, G. W. Hollingsworth, J. J. Johnson, George M. Jenkins, R. C. Kibler, P. M. Kireus, S. Kinsey, Jacob Lynn, George A. Lamar, A. H. Lee, William J. Lott, T. A. Murray, W. L. Mayson, Thomas E. Middlebrooks, James McEver, William McConnell, Y. B. McDaniel, S. B. Oatman, Thomas O. Ozburn, T. J. Penn, P. P. Reed, David A. Rea, John Swofford, Pannell Scott, J. A. Sitton, J. A. Shivers, A. T. Sweeney, Daniel O'Sullivan, William H. Shoemaker, A. A. Thomason, H. A. Tollerson, W. H. Wood, Z. T. Watkins.

Old Class Widows.

Sallie Alexander, Frances E. Astin, R. E. Branyon, S. L. Butts, M. A. Blackmon, A. A. Burney, J. M. Cagle, N. J. Cole, E. A. Davis, M. A. Graham, Sarah Giles, M. A. Jett, N. H. Morgan, S. P. Prater, E. C. Peavy, H. A. Stevens, S. J. Smith, F. S. Sockwell, D. Thompson, L. A. Webb.

Indigent Widows.

Cynthia Burnett, Rebeca G. Byers, Jane K. Covington, L. A. Huberi, A. E. Harris, Martha Irby, Nettie McDonald, C. C. Neal, M. E. Patrick, Emma J. Prescott, Cynthia Peters, Mary Ann Ramey, Melissa I. Stallings.

LEE CASE GOES TO HIGH COURT

Judge Roan Dismisses Case on the State's Demurrer.

In the supreme court of the state of Georgia will be witnessed the final act of the Millard Lee and Miss Lilla May Suttles tragedy, which has occupied the attention of the public since May 25, 1902, when the young man shot his sweetheart while in the Methodist church at Ben Hill. The scene was changed from the superior court yesterday by the action of Judge Roan in entering an order dismissing the insanity case on a demurrer to an affidavit made on December 22, 1902, by Dr. Robert W. Westmoreland that the prisoner is of unsound mind. Arnold & Arnold, counsel for Lee, will appeal the case to the supreme court, and this means a delay of at least six months. On Wednesday Governor Terrell granted a respite to the prisoner until February 27, but in view of yesterday's proceedings this time will be indefinitely extended

The Lee case was the first called in the superior court yesterday morning and the room was packed to its capacity with a morbid crowd. As the prisoner entered the court he seemed absolutely indifferent to the scrutiny of the spectators. The aged father and several relatives of Lee were present, as were many physicians who desired to hear the evidence in the case.

When the case was called Solicitor General Hill, after reading the affidavit of Dr. Westmoreland, on which it was proposed to try Lee as to his sanity, entered a demurrer to the document. The counsel for the defense did not oppose and Judge Roan dismissed the case.

Mr. Hill's Demurrer.

The following is the demurrer entered to the affidavit by the solicitor general:

And now comes the state of Georgia by Charles D. Hill, solicitor general of the Atlanta circuit, and demurs to the affidavit of Robert W. Westmoreland made in said case on the following grounds, to-wit:

1. Because the said affidavit is not a petition to the superior court of said county for the purpose of having the question or sanity or insanity of the person under sentence of death for the crime of murder inquired into. The said affidavit not being addressed to the superior court of said county and the subject matter of said affidavit cannot be inquired into except on petition filed in behalf of said Millard Lee to said court supported by an affidavit under section 1047 of the penal code, amended by the act of December 21, 1897.

2. Because the said affidavit of the said Robert W. Westmoreland is fatally defective in that it fails to allege affirmatively that the said convict, Millard Lee, became insane after having been sentenced to death for the crime of murder by the superior court of said county.

And for these reasons the inquisition into the mental condition of the said convict should not be held by this court, but the said proceedings should be dismissed.

CHARLES D. HILL,
Solicitor General Atlanta Circuit Fulton Superior Court.
January 22, 1903.

After considering the demurrer of Solicitor General Hill and hearing argument in the case by the state, Judge Roan issued the following order:

"After argument heard on this demurrer it is ordered by the court that the same be sustained and the proceeding dismissed.

L. S. ROAN,
Judge of the Superior Court, Stone Mountain Circuit, Presiding.
By the Court this January 22, 1903.

Lee's Attorneys Talk.

Reuben R. Arnold, counsel for Lee, when seen yesterday, said:

"Of course, this case will be carried to the supreme court. The decision of Judge Roan is directly in the teeth of the supreme court of Georgia, in the case of Sears, next friend of Baker, against the state of Georgia, 112th Georgia, on page 382. The affidavit of Dr. Robert Westmoreland complies literally with the act of 1897, and is in precisely the same language as Dr. Hull's affidavit in the Baker case.

"As to the absence of a petition in this case, of course, no petition is needed, because the act does not provide for a petition, and the supreme court, in the Baker case, expressly held that no petition was necessary. A petition is not needed in this case, as in the case of instituting a new proceeding, because the murder case, with its sentence and all its incidents is already in court, and has a record of its own, and this special proceeding merely relates to carrying out the sentence contained in that record. A petition is not needed, because no new case is begun, and it is a mere proceeding to try sanity or insanity, in a case already in court, as held in the Baker case.

"Moreover, when the affidavit was presented to Judge Lumpkin, he granted an order for a trial upon the issue made by the affidavit, and this judgment of Judge Lumpkin could not be set aside on any motion of the state. Under Judge Lumpkin's order a trial is ordered, and the trial should have been had.

"We stand upon the affidavit exactly as it was, because it conformed literally to the statute, and with a binding decision of the supreme court, and, of course, we confidently expect to reverse Judge Roan's judgment.

"Of course, if, for any reason, the supreme court should overrule its former judgment, and hold that a petition is necessary (even though the act does not require one) we could file a petition; but we are standing upon the law as it has been written and construed."

NEGRO PARSON RETALIATES

Refuses To Officiate at Funeral Because Undertaker was White.

Richmond, Va., January 22.—(Special.)—Rev. R. R. Jones, pastor of the First Baptist church, colored, at Roanoke, refused to hold funeral services over Rufus Moore, colored, who died in a Baltimore hospital, because a white undertaker had charge of the body. Jones said as the whites have drawn the line on President Roosevelt's negro appointments, the blacks will draw the line against the whites. A negro Methodist preacher finally conducted the service.

A. K. HAWKES.

Those who are beginning the use of eyeglasses will be benefited by consulting us in advance. We grind lenses to suit the eyes, and adapt to individual requirements the most scientific and fashionable styles in frames and rimless mountings. 14 Whitehall, on the viaduct.

MONEY SHEET IS DISCUSSED

Meeting of Dissatisfied Councilmen Was Held Yesterday.

MAY TAKE MONEY AWAY FROM THE WATERWORKS

Nine Members of the General Council Attended the Conference, but Failed To Be Unanimous Upon Any of the Motions Made.

The January apportionment sheet of council's finance committee, of which Alderman Woodward is chairman, was the subject of a conference between nine members of the general council yesterday afternoon. The conference, it is said, was not called for the specific purpose of breaking the apportionment sheet, but for the purpose of allowing members to familiarize themselves with the contents of the sheet, and because of a suggestion made by Councilman Amorous and Alderman Girardeau during the last session of council to the effect that those who objected to the sheet meet and consider it.

The meeting was not secret. It was held in the offices of Councilman James L. Key and Councilman James E. Warren in Temple Court building. Nothing was accomplished, that is nothing that was unanimous, and even after the meeting of yesterday afternoon members who object to several provisions in the sheet are of the opinion that they will be unable to do anything next Monday against the concerted action of those members of the general council who favor the adoption of the apportionment sheet as it is at present.

Only one thing was decided upon, and that was by a bare majority. It was that the $10,000 specially apportioned to the new water works reservoir be taken away from that department and applied to the department of schools for the purpose of erecting a school house in one of the several crowded school districts of Atlanta.

This motion, which came from Alderman Woodward, was adopted by a vote of 5 to 4.

Those Who Were Present.

Following are the members of council who attended the meeting:

Mayor Pro Tem. M. T. LaHatte, Alderman James G. Woodward, Councilman W. H. Terrell, Councilman Courtland S. Winn, Councilman J. A. Hynds, Counmilman James E. Warren, Councilman J. Sid Holland, Councilman Mac M. Turner and Councilman James L. Key.

Notices of the meeting, which began at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, were sent out yesterday morning.

The first item of the apportionment sheet that was placed under fire was the $10,000 for the new water works reservoir. Some members of the conference inclined to the opinion that $800 an acre is too high a price to pay for the land, others maintained that it could not be used for any other purpose than a reservoir and could therefore be purchased at any time, while still others held that it is not necessary to purchase new ground for a reservoir, because there is sufficient ground between the present pumping station and the present reservoir for an entirely new reservoir.

Three motions were made regarding this $10,000. Alderman Woodward moved to take the $10,000 from the water works and apply it to schools; Councilman Winn moved to take it from the water works and apply it to a new engine house, and Councilman Terrell moved to take the amount from the water works and apply it to the extension of trunk sewers. The motion of Alderman Woodward was first put and was adopted, which killed the two other motions without action.

Councilman Terrell moved that the estimated income of the city from the general tax fund be increased by $25,000. Alderman Woodward made the point that the comptroller estimates the income of the city and that he cannot be forced to estimate more than in his judgment is correct. The motion of Councilman Terrell was lost.

Opposed Free Paving.

Councilman Key made an attack upon the chert fund, which is the free paving fund of the city. He declared that he was unwilling to vote for free paving in Atlanta so long as 800 or 1,000 children are kept away from the schools of Atlanta because of a lack of money. He moved that $10,000 of the $14,000 apportioned to the free paving fund be taken from the department of streets and applied to the department of schools. His motion was lost.

Mayor Pro Tem. LaHatte stated that in his opinion the city had made a mistake in increasing the salaries of department employees at this time. He believed it to have been a serious mistake to increase salaries while the city has not sufficient money with which to operate the departments. He, therefore, moved that the ordinance increasing salaries be repealed except that portion which increases salaries in the police department. After discussion his motion was lost.

The gentlemen who attended the conference were starting after the $2,500 apportioned to the statistics committee and the $1,000 apportioned to pay the salary of a bacteriologist when the hour for adjournment came, several of the members having engagements elsewhere.

Athens Woman's Club.

Athens, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The Athens Woman's Club will hold its annual meeting next Monday, at which time the officers for the ensuing year will be chosen.

The club will continue the free kindergarten work established in East Athens last fall.

Free traveling libraries for the rural districts in Clarke county will also be established by this splendid organization.

NO APPETITE!

And what little you force yourself to eat does not have the right taste. What's the trouble? The stomach is out of order, the liver is inactive and the bowels are constipated. You need Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at once. It will tone up the stomach, restore the appetite, perfect the digestion, and open up the clogged bowels. Then you'll feel better. Try a bottle today. It will do you good.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

BRUTAL WIFE, SAYS HUSBAND

M. M. Toland Sues His Wife for a Total Divorce.

MADE LIFE A BURDEN; HAPPINESS IMPOSSIBLE

Injunction Denied in the Case Against the Bull Sluice Dam Companies—Suit Against Street Railway for $5,000.

Contrary to the rule, the woman in the case is accused of acting the brutal part by attempting to cut her husband's throat and by abusing and cursing him, in a sensational divorce suit which was filed in the superior court yeterday.

M. M. Toland, through his attorneys, Napier & Cox and James T. Wright, filed suit for a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Susan F. Toland, and it is in this petition that the sensational charges are made.

He alleges that she made life miserable for him by abusing and cursing him, and by kicking his clothing and clean linen about over the floor. At one time, the petition says, she drew a knife upon the plaintiff and threatened to cut his throat.

He alleges further that she was accustomed to follow him to his place of business, abusing and threatening him and that she made a point of ridiculing and abusing his son, his only child by a former marriage.

He further claims that at one time she had him arrested, and because her case would not hold good in the courts she became so violent and abusive that she herself was arrested. When her arrest took place, he says, she became even more violent and abusive, and threatened to commit suicide by jumping from the window of the court room, where she was detained, and fiercely resisted the efforts of two policemen to quiet her. In this way the petitioner says his wife made herself the object of public ridicule and disgust, thus heaping indignity upon her husband.

Life Was a Burden.

He says that life was made such an unbearable burden and living with the defendant, his wife, such an impossibility, that he was compelled to hide himself away from her.

The petition closes as follows: "And he further avers that she employed every means her cruel motives could devise and her unwifely and unwomanly nature could assist her in carrying out, for the purpose of worrying, tantalizing, distressing and embarrassing him."

Some months ago Mrs. Toland had sued her husband for alimony, but lost the case in the superior court. So it seems that his suit for a total divorce yesterday is but the logical sequence of long conjugal litigation.

"Walker" Not Walter J. Wood.

In the suit for alimony by Mrs. Capitola L. Wood, reported in yesterday's issue of The Constitution, the name of the name of the defendant in the case appeared as Walter J. Wood, whereas the name should have been Walker J. Wood. defendant in the case appeared as Walter J. Wood, whereas the name should have been Walker J. Wood. By an inadvertance the petition prepared by the attorneys gave the name of the defendant as Walter J. Wood and hence the error in The Constitution.

Walter J. Wood, of 220 North Boulevard, one of Atlanta's most prominent business men, is not the defendant in the suit.

Dam Injunction Denied.

Judge Lumpkin, in the superior court, yesterday denied the injunction suit brought by William H. Power against the S. Morgan Smith Company, the Southern Railway Company and Smith, Hardaway & Co., to prevent the further building of a railroad across the lands of the plaintiff to the big dam which is being built at Bull Sluice shoals. Besides denying the injunction Judge Lumpkin dissolved the temporary restraining order.

The work of building the railroad to the dam will now proceed unobstructed.

King & Spalding represented the development companies in the suit and Bryan & Alexander represented Mr. Power.

Wants $5,000 Damages.

Mrs. R. E. Jones, through her attorneys, Andrews & Skeen, filed suit against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company in the city court yesterday to recover alleged damages to the amount of $5,000.

Mrs. Jones claims in the petition that she was driving along Hemphill avenue in her wagon, accompanied by one of her minor sons, September 16, 1902, when the open swinging gate of a passing car of the defendant company caught the body of the wagon and jerked it off the frame and threw her and her son violently to the ground.

She alleges that the wagon was completely wrecked and that her head, left shoulder and left arm were permanently injured. She alleges negligence to the defendant company.

Sues for $2,000.

R. C. Roberts, through his attorneys, Burton Smith and Burton Cloud, filed suit against the Central of Georgia Railway Company in the city court yesterday to recover alleged damages to the amount of $2,000.

He alleges that he was seriously injured by the defendant company January 20, 1903.

Petition for Charter.

Homer Jackson, J. H. Tigner and W. H. Jarrell filed a petition with Clerk Arnold Broyles, of the superior court, yesterday to be incorporated under the name of the Jackson Dental Manufacturing Company.

The petitioners wish to be granted a charter for a period of twenty years. The object of the company is to furnish dental supplies, preparations, instruments and other requisites.

The concern is capitalized at $5,000 and the privilege is asked to be allowed to increase this to an amount not exceeding $50,000.

Napier & Cox and James T. Wright are attorneys for the petitioners.

Ordinary Items.

Margaret P. Berry, executrix and propounder of the will of the late Woodson H. Berry, made application to probate the same in solemn form before the ordinary, Judge John R. Wilkinson, yesterday.

E. M. and G. F. Mitchell are attorneys for Mrs. Berry.

Application was made to probate in solemn form the will of the late Emily C. Spier by Annie May Fulton, executrix and propounder, before Judge John R. Wilkinson in the court of ordinary yesterday.

J. R. Pottle is attorney for the executrix.

Property Transfers.

Deputy Clerk Alex Dittler recorded property transfers in the superior court yesterday amounting to $25,350, as follows:

Loan Deed—Mrs. Mary C. Brown to H. B. Godby, a lot on the north side of McDonough road, for $500.

Receiver's Deed—W. H. Scott to J. F. Buchanan, a lot on the south side of Bellwood avenue, 44 feet east of Oliver street, for $375.

Warranty Deed—James F. Buchanan to Charles R. Whitfield, a lot on Bellwood avenue, 44 feet east of Oliver street, for $400.

Warranty Deed—Real Estate Trust Company to Minnie Clara Kaesser, a lot on the east side of Fowler street, south of Pine street, for $1,350.

Loan Deed—Mrs. Janie C. Callahan to Mrs. L. C. Boggus, a lot in East Point, at the northwest corner of McConnelley's and McCollough's lots, for $225.

Commissioners' Deed—Mrs. L. H. Morrow, by Walter H. Johnson, commissioner, to Mrs. Cornelia Norden, a tract of land containing 50 acres in the southeast corner of land lot No. 141 in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, for $9,875.

Warranty Deed—LeRoy W. Harris to Little Guaranty and Trust Company, a lot on the south side of Georgia avenue, 50 feet east of Garibaldi street, for $1,200.

Quit Claim Deed—J. S. Gilbert et al. to W. P. Little et al., the entire land lot No. 234 of the fourteenth district, containing 202 1-2 acres, for $1,700.

Warranty Deed—Mrs. M. E. Hawkins to J. E. Tippin, a lot on the south side of South avenue, 272 feet east of Grant street, for $225.

Fifth avenue, for $4,000.

Warranty Deed—William T. Johnson et al. to Mrs. Loulie Shedden, the north half of cemetery lot No. 3 of block 7 of the Oakland cemetery, for $500.

Loan Deed—Robert W. Davis to Emma Dreyfus et al., a lot on the east side of West Peachtree street, 175 feet south of

Warranty Deed—Mrs. Alice Wallace Mynatt to John T. Hall, Jr., a lot on the north side of Gilmer street, 101 1-2 feet southeast of Piedmont avenue, for $4,500.

Warranty Deed—Elizabeth Sewell et al. to James L. Lewis, a lot on the east side of Fort street, for $500.

Winter Tourist Tickets to Florida

Are now on sale at all ocupon ticket offices at greatly reduced rates, good to return until May 31, 1903, via Central of Georgia railway and connections. Pullman sleeping cars through to Jacksonville without change. Ticket office 16 Wall street, and Union depot.

GREAT MOVE FOR ATLANTA

Coming of Southern Bell Telephone Headquarters Is Much Talked About.

The coming removal to Atlanta of the headquarters of the Southern Bell Telephone Company, exclusive announcement of which was made in The Constitution yesterday, was the subject of much favorable comment on all sides.

It is generally looked upon as another corner stone in Atlanta's progress and prosperity, and as indicative of the substantial foundation upon which Atlanta is built.

"Corporations not only want to be on the safe side, but they want to get as near to a sure thing as possible," remarked a prominent Atlantan yesterday, "and when you see a company like the Southern Bell bringing all of its headquarters from the great financial center of the country to Atlanta, you may set it down as a fact that we have a prosperous city permanently established. Atlanta is the logical place for the headquarters of the Southern Bell, and they should have come long ago. General Manager Gentry has worked hard to this end I know, and he deserves all the credit for having accomplished a great object of his ambition."

Any number of expressions on this line might have been heard yesterday, and many Atlantans expressed the opinion that other large corporations which do big business in the south would not be long in following suit.

LADIES CHOOSE OFFICERS

Board of Lady Visitors of Public Schools Holds Election.

The board of lady visitors of the public schools elected officers at a meeting held Wednesday afternoon at the Boys' High school.

The following officers were chosen: Mrs. J. M. Stephens, president; Mrs. J. P. Huntley, vice president; Mrs. Jerome Simmons, recording secretary; Mrs. William E. Foster, corresponding secretary, and Mrs. H. M. Beutell, treasurer.

Several other matters were considered during the meeting, but they were of a routine nature.

FAIR WEATHER IS PROMISED

There Will Be No Decided Change in the Temperature Today.

The chances are that the weather conditions today will be somewhat similar to those which prevailed yesterday. There will be no decided change in temperature. It will be fair.

Yesterday was comparatively warm and was much fairer than the previous day. Rain is not expected for several days and it is highly probable that before murky weather sets in there will be another cold wave in this section.

Kayzer Zinn.

Some of the newest designs show a delicate suggestion of color in the floral patterns, and it is very artistic.

Kayzer Zinn in table and sideboard designs—wall pieces.

Maier & Berkele.
31 Whitehall St.

LOOK ON 3rd PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

Carlton Studios

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Remnant Sale!

"Odds and ends of everything," the White Goods Chief says. That's about as near as we can come to a description of them.

Many of them have been star performers in our White Goods stock and for this very reason their popularity has reduced them to remnants.

There are pieces of

White Lawn that was 10c a yard, at..... 5c
Nainsook that was 35c a yard at 17 1-2c
Batiste Claire that was 20c a yard at..... 10c
Batiste Claire that was 25c a yard at 12 1-2c
French Nainsook that was 50c a yard at..... 25c
French Nainsook that was 60c a yard at..... 30c
Pique that was 25c a yard at..... 12 1-2c
Pique that was 20c a yard at 10c
Flannel that was 50c a yard at 25c

And so on. White Dimity, Checked Nainsook, Mercerized Goods, Persian Lawn, and still others,

All at Half Price

Sold only by the piece.

Also a lot of remnants of Linen Crash on sale today—not quite such a sweeping reduction as these half-price remnants—but the reductions are worthy of your attention.

If you are out of town we can fit you by mail.



Shoes That Fit.

If we can't fit you no shoe store in the land can. There's a complete line of all leathers and sizes, first of all in the "regulars" from $3.50 up, from which we can fit ninety-nine men out of a hundred.

Then the hundredth man can be shod among the "special" combination sizes—we have them for these especially hard feet to fit.

Or, if you are one man in a thousand whom these won't fit, we will have them made to order—any way, they'll fit.

Few men think of keeping their feet dry until their feet are wet. We call attention to a shoe once on your foot you'll never think of wet feet. Made by Hess; substantial, sturdy and just right for this weather—"Cordovan," leather lined, price $5.00.

Boys' shoes $1.50 to $3.50.
Children's shoes $1.00 to $1.50.

EISEMAN BROS.,

Entire Building, Six Stories and Basement.

(Our Only Atlanta Store.)

11, 13, 15, 17 Whitehall St.

EISEMAN BROS., Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. EISEMAN BROS., Baltimore, Md.

SOCIETY

Five O'clock Tea.

AT a 5 o'clock tea Mrs. R. D. Spalding entertained delightfully yesterday afternoon in compliment to her sister, Mrs. Ellen Spalding Anderson, of Chicago.

The guests included Mrs. Spalding's married friends, who assembled in her hospitable home between 5 and 6 o'clock, and in congenial parties enjoyed the delicious refreshments served. The ladies of the receiving party were in the drawing room, artistically decorated for the occasion in palms, ferns and pink and white carnations. The latter flowers formed the centerpiece of the artistically adorned table in the dining room and filled bowls and vases in the various apartments thrown open for the entertainment of the guests.

Assisting Mrs. Spalding and Mrs. Anderson receive were Mrs. Jack Spalding, Mrs. Walter Porter, Mrs. William F. Spalding, Mrs. A. W. Calhoun, Mrs. Nellie Black, Mrs. George Winship, Mrs. Douglas Bailey, Mrs. Joseph Moody, Mrs. William A. Speer. Mrs. Spalding's becoming gown was of white muslin exquisitely trimmed in lace. Mrs. Anderson wore a Parisian gown, combining in its silky texture the colors of cream and pale blue. It was elegantly fashioned and trimmed in lace.

Mrs. Jack Spalding wore a reception gown of white panne silk, trimmed in lace and finished with a touch of turquoise blue velvet.

Mrs. Nellie Peters Black wore pale gray satin trimmed in duchesse lace, and Mrs. A. W. Calhoun's stylish gown was of tan-colored lace.

To Miss Kenan.

MISS KENAN, of Wilmington, N. C., arrives in the city Monday as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Dancey. She is one of the most attractive and popular young women of North Carolina and her visit to Atlanta will be the occasion of many brilliant social events. On Wednesday evening Mr. and Mrs. Dancey entertain at cards in compliment to Miss Kenan, invitations to the event having been issued yesterday.

Mrs. Gaar, President.

THE Ladies' Aid Society of the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the rooms on Alabama street. Excellent reports of the last years' work were presented, showing that much good work had been done.

The election of officers for the present year resulted as follows: President, Mrs. W. S. Gaar; vice president, Mrs. A. Montgomery; secretary, Mrs. Merideth Price Martin; treasurer, Mrs. W. A. Waggoner; chairman finance committee, Mrs. Walter J. Bell; chairman refreshments committee, Mrs. T. M. Randal; chairman entertainment committee, Mrs. H. M. Patterson; chairman decorating committee, Mrs. W. H. Dunlap; chairman reception committee, Mrs. F. M. Hardin; chairman visiting committee, Mrs. C. S. Evans; chairman property committee, Mrs. J. A. Eldson. Resolutions of thanks and appreciation were passed in respect to the retiring president, Mrs. F. M. Hardin, who had served faithfully for four years. A ladies' reception will be tendered at the rooms on Friday afternoon, the 30th, at which time refreshments will be served and choice music provided. It will be free, and members of the society will invite as many of their friends as they may desire. The object is to extend acquaintance among railroad ladies and their friends, and to cultivate sociability.

The society is prosperous and is rendering very substantial aid to the railroad department.

To Miss DeLeon.

THE dancing party at which Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. DeLeon entertain this evening in compliment to their guest, Miss Alma DeLeon, of New York, will be a beautiful event of the week, at which about one hundred guests will be entertained. The house will be elaborately decorated, and at 12 o'clock a delightful supper will be served.

The invited guests include: Miss Ada Alexander, Miss Helen Angier, Miss May Bancker, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Bancker, Miss Kitty Cope, Miss Anais Cay, Miss Lulu Callaway, Mr. and Mrs. William Comer, Miss Lucile Cooledge, Miss Roline Clarke, Miss Jennie Dargan, Miss Susie Glover, Miss Katherine Glover, Miss Ruth Hallman, Miss Annie Lou Hawkins, Miss Katherine Howell, Miss Jennie Hickey, Miss Hawkins, of Americus; Miss Pauline Brooke, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Inman, Miss Belle Nash, Miss Ellen Peters, Miss Kate Peters, Miss Edna Penick, Miss Virginia Polak, Miss Aline Ruse, Miss Katrina Ruse, Miss Ida Ryan, Miss Gladys Snook, Misses Mobley, Miss Eugenia Oglesby, Miss Isabel Sheehan, Miss Caroline Sheehan, Miss Ruby Scruggs, Miss Maud Scruggs, Miss Myrtle Tye, Miss Alma Pope, Misses Sisson, Miss Robert Venable, Miss Frances Walter, Misses Willingham, of Marietta; Messrs. Harry and Cecil Alexander, Mr. Uric Atkinson, Mr. Hugh Adams, Mr. E. H. Austin, Mr. Ed. R. Austin, Lieutenant Adams, Mr. J. W. Austin, Mr. Dick Bell, Captain Baltzell, Mr. Madison Bell, Mr. Shepard Bryan, Dr. Stephen Barnett, Mr. Bates Block, Mr. Warren Boyd, Mr. Stewart Boyd, Mr. Fulton Colville, Mr. Bulow Campbell, Mr. Emmit Irwin, Professor Ford, Mr. W. P. Hill, Mr. Harvey Hill, Mr. Henderson Hallman, Lieutenant Hearn, Mr. W. W. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Dave Kirkland, Mr. Arthur Keely, Mr. Robert Keely, Mr. John C. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Tom Lyons, Lieutenant Lynch, Mr. Hudson Moore, Mr. Gordon Mitchell, Mr. William McPheeters, Mr. William Markham, Captain Mullay, Major Van Holt Nash, Mr. Stafford Nash, Mr. Walter Nash, Mr. James Nutting, Mr. G. R. Norman, Mr. Ernest Ottley, Mr. Eugene Ottley, Mr. J. G. Oglesby, Jr., Mr. Howard Peeples, Mr. Ed Peeples, Mr. E. E. Pomeroy, Mr. E. F. Paxon, Mr. Richard Palmer, Mr. Hugh Robinson, Messrs. Gus and Charlie Ryan, Mr. Armand DeRossette, Dr. Robert Ridley, Mr. John Ridley, Mr. Hallman Sims, Mr. Charles Sisson, Dr. Siler, Lieutenant Shean, Mr. Jack Stewart, Mr. Tollman Williams, Messrs. Wharton and Harvey Wilson, Mr. Sam Williams, Mr. Whaley, Mr. A. McD. Wilson, Lieutenant Blanton Winship, Mr. Warren Moise, Mr. John McDougal.

Enjoyable Entertainment.

THE home of Miss Jean Ramspeck in Decatur will be the scene of an enjoyable entertainment to be given this afternoon and evening by the Young Ladies' Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church.

The afternoon will be devoted to the children and in the evening a concert will be enjoyed by the grown people. Miss Jane Boyd and Miss Crane will sing, and altogether the programme will be an unusually delightful one.

Interesting Program.

Mrs. P. H. Snook had charge of the very interesting programme presented yesterday afternoon at the regular meeting of the Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy. Previous to the programme of entertainment several important business matters were discussed and reports read indicating the flourishing condition of the chapter.

The first feature of the programme was an instrumental solo by Mrs. Armistead. Miss Shateen Mitchell followed in a reading from Ruth McEnery Stuart, demonstrating her artistic ability as an interpreter. Mrs. Lee sang and was enthusiastically applauded.

One of the youngest members of the chapter, and one contributing a great deal of pleasure during the afternoon was Miss Gladys Snook, who sang several charming selections. She possesses a beautiful voice, very similar to that of her mother, and sings with a grace and expression that charms all who hear her.

Social Items.

Mrs. A. E. Buck, wife of the late United States minister to Japan, is at the Majestic.

***

Miss Sallie Brown's friends are glad to see her out again after being confined to the house for several weeks with a sprained ankle.

***

Miss Annie Wright, of Augusta, is the guest of Miss Netta Russell.

***

Dr. Mary Hicks is visiting her son in California.

***

Mr. David Kirkland has been spending several days in Columbus

***

Mr. W. H. Tayloe has taken apartments at the Piedmont hotel for the winter.

***

Miss Gertrude Smith, the popular author of children's stories, will read before the Atlanta Woman's Club on Wednesday week.

***

Mr. W. E. Christian has returned from Florida.

***

Mr. James Garner, who is now making his home in Nashville, is spending several days in the city.

***

Miss Hattie Orr leaves Saturday for New York.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Pappenheimer will soon begin the erection of a handsome home on Ponce de Leon circle.

***

Miss Lillian Tremont will be the guest next week of relatives in South Carolina.

***

Mr. Lauren Foreman has returned from Washington, Ga.

***

Mr. and Mrs. James D. Fowler are the guests of their daughter in Houston, Tex.

***

Mr. A. L. Bell, of south Georgia, spent yesterday in the city.

***

The Young Matrons' Whist Club will be entertained today by Mrs. Rogers Davis.

***

The dancing party at which Misses Rebecca and Agnes Raoul entertained on Wednesday evening was one of the most enjoyable social functions of the season.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Buchanan leave Saturday for New York.

***

Mrs. George Ball entertained at an informal luncheon yesterday.

***

Mr. Claude Buchanan is in Birmingham, Ala.

***

Mrs. George Crandall will entertain at a 5 o'clock tea on Tuesday afternoon, in compliment to her sister, Mrs. Owens, of Illinois.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Daniel have returned from St. Louis.

***

Miss Alma Salbida, of Newnan, Ga., is visiting Mrs. S. B. Fisher, 140 Windsor street.

***

Mrs. Dugas will visit her sister, Mrs. Blodgett, in Florida this month.

***

Miss Rosa Louise Ivy is visiting the Misses Hoyt, of Beaufort, Ga.

***

Mr. John Goldsmith is on a business trip in Virginia.

***

Mrs. Dunbar Roy entertains at luncheon tomorrow in compliment to the ladies in attendance upon the medical convention.

***

Mr. John D. Lattie has returned from New York.

***

Mr. Thomas Egleston is in New Orleans.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew C. Stokes left Wednesday night for New York. After a visit there they will make their home in Montgomery, Ala.

***

Mr. W. E. Chapin is in New Orleans on a business trip.

***

Mrs. J. W. Fears, who has been quite ill, is very much better, and is at home with her daughter, Mrs. William Dickson.

***

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Gray chaperoned an enjoyable luncheon party yesterday when several of the officers of the fort entertained. Among the Atlanta guests were Misses Frances Walters, Julia Taylor, Frances Johnson and Bob Venable.

***

Mr. Hugh Foreman is rapidly recovering from his recent illness.

***

The dance which was to have been given Saturday night by the Bachelors' Club, of Fort McPherson, has been postponed till next week.

***

Mr. and Mrs. John Spalding have returned home

***

Mr. James Swann is expected in the city next week

***

Mr. W. H. Tayloe leaves Saturday for a trip to Florida.

***

Mrs. John Rommell, of Philadelphia, arrives in the city the first of Februray as the gues of Mrs. Welborn Hill.

***

Mrs. W. J. Speer has recovered from her recent illness.

***

Mr. and Mrs. James J. Haverty will commence the erection of their home on Ponce de Leon circle in the early spring.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan have purchased a lot on Ponce de Leon circle and will soon build.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston expect to take possession of their new home in the spring.

***

Mr. James R. Holliday returned home yesterday afternoon.

***

Mrs. Owens, of Illinois, will spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. George Crandall.

***

OPINION IN INSURANCE CASE.

Foreign Company's Counsel Claimed Lack of Jurisdiction.

Carrollton, Ga., January 22.—(Special.) A point of interest to both the legal and insurance fraternity of this state has just been made and decided in the city court of Carrollton here before Judge W. C. Hodnett. The case is that of Mrs. Marie Ann Gammon against the Equity Life Association of Stanton, Va. Mrs. Gammon had brought suit to recover $1,000 alleged to be due her by the association on a life insurance policy carried by her husband, the late Sheriff John C. Gammon, of this county. The Equity Life Association having withdrawn from the state of Georgia, the insurance commissioner of Georgia appointed Hon. John C. Printup, of Rome, as attorney upon whom to perfect service of the suit inasmuch as there was no office or officer of the company in the state to be served.

A demurred was filed in behalf of the association to the jurisdiction of the court, saying the defendant was a non-resident and only the federal court could try it. To maintain this contention attack was made on the constitutionality of that part of the Georgia law which provides for this mode of serving foreign companies. Judge Hodnett overruled all grounds of the demurrer and in so doing rendered an opinion, in which he holds that although the act from which the law was codified might not have been in regular form, its codification and subsequent adoption as codified, cured all such defects and that it would be contrary to public policy and a travesty on justice to afford no relief in the state courts to beneficiaries when insurance companies collected premiums and then withdrew from the jurisdiction under which they had obtained money, thereby gaining advantage of widows and orphans.

Two Fatally Injured.

Asheville, N. C., January 22.—A rear-end collision between two freight trains occurred at an early hour this morning near Connally Springs, about 70 miles east of Asheville, on the Southern railway, in which Engineer Fisher and Fireman McElrath were fatally injured.

Motorman Killed.

Selma, Ala., January 22.—(Special.)—William Kennard, a motorman on a local car line, in attempting to get off his car, fell beneath the car and was instantly killed, the wheels passing over his body.

"OUR DOUBTS ARE TRAITORS."

If you always listen to your doubts, you will always be in more or less trouble.

A man who doubts his ability to wear ready-made clothing, does so simply because he has not given the subject proper consideration. Unless he is actually deformed, we can give him precisely as good results in L. Adler Bros. & Co.'s Rochester-made clothing as he is getting, or ever did get, from his tailor, whoever the latter may be.

If you have any doubts on this subject we will undertake to dissipate them in mighty short order.

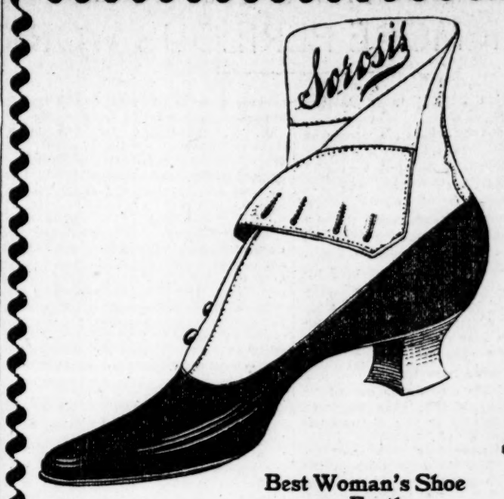


EISEMAN & WEIL, 1 Whitehall St. The Daylight Corner.



BEST SET TEETH, $5.00.
Teeth Without Plates.
(Bridge Work).....$4.00
22 kt. Gold Crown.....$4.00
Porcelain Crowns.....$4.00
Gold Fillings.....$1.00 and up
Silver Fillings.....50c and up
All Work Guaranteed.
Dr. E. G. Griffin's
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS,
803 and 804 AUSTELL BUILDING.

LOOK ON 3rd PAGE OF THIS PAPER.
Carlton



Best Woman's Shoe on Earth.

Yes, it's "SOROSIS." Atlanta's Smart Dressers insist upon "SOROSIS."

"Sorosis" Shoes are sold in every city of importance throughout the United States and Europe. In New York City, Chicago, Boston and other metropolitan cities Sorosis Shoes are worn exclusively. Sorosis Shoes are the highest type of the shoemaker's art. Sold in only one store in Atlanta. Price..... $3.50

J. M. HIGH CO.

Two Dollar

Derbies and Fedoras

One Dollar.

They are new, too:
Strictly up to the minute for style
And contain as much goodness as any hat that was ever sold for a two dollar note—, but the time is approaching for spring hats to make their debut, and rather than ring in a back number as a new season's block, we'll gladly take a loss any time.

One-Fourth Off on all Furnishings.
(Except contract goods.)

Daniel Bros.
1 to 5 Peachtree,
On the Bridge.

Economical and effective
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Owing to its form is economical in the extreme. Cleans as well as polishes
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING

Midwinter Conference of Sabbath School Workers To Be Held Here.

DATES ARE FEBRUARY 3-5

Interesting Programme Has Been Arranged and a Large Number Will Be on Hand.

A mid-winter conference of the third district international Sunday school workers will be held in Atlanta on February 3-5 in the First Methodist church.

These meetings are for the purpose of deepening the Sunday school interest and creating a greater desire for better work in the schools and are held under the auspices of the field workers' department of the International Sunday School Association, of which Rev. E. Morris Ferguson, of Trenton, N. J., is president.

Distinguished speakers from all parts of the country will address these meetings, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance of all interested in the work.

The full programme is as follows:

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 3.
State Officers' Session.

2:00—Opening worship, conducted by Rev. Joseph Clark, D.D., Columbus, Ohio.

2:30—Duties of state officers; (a) The president, W. N. Sheats, Tallahassee, Fla.; (b) the treasurer, E. B. Hook, Augusta, Ga.; (c) the general secretary, Marion Lawrance, Toledo, Ohio; (d) the executive committeeman, N. B. Broughton, Raleigh, N. C.

3:30—Discussion.

4:00—International conference in charge of W. N. Hartshorn, Boston, chairman international executive committee.

5:00—Recess.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Banquet and conference, Mr. Hartshorn presiding.

Addresses by state officers.

Conference on needs and plans.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4.
Teachers Training Session.

9:00—Devotional service, conducted by W. E. Pelham, Newberry, S. C.

9:30—A state normal course of study, Rev. George O. Bachman, Nashville, Tenn.

10:00—Helping the teachers through conventions and institutes, H. M. Hamill, D.D., Nashville, Tenn.

10:30—A teacher training class in every Sunday school, Joseph Carthel, Montgomery, Ala.

11:00—The teachers' meeting, Marion Lawrance, Toledo, Ohio.

11:30—Discussion.

12:00—Recess.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.
Organization Session.

2:00—Devotional service, conducted by George W. Watts, Durham, N. C.

2:30—Complete county organization, George Hains, Augusta, Ga.

3:00—Duties or county officers, J. J. Cobb, Macon, Ga.

3:30—Duties of township (beat) officers, Joseph Carthel, Montgomery, Ala.

4:00—How to plan and hold a successful county convention, Joseph Clark, D.D., Columbus, Ohio.

4:30—Discussion, led by Rev. B. W. Spilman, Nashville, Tenn.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.
Public Session,
Mr. Hartshorn in charge.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5.
Department Session.

9:00—Devotional services, conducted by Isaac D. Borders, Brooksville, Miss.

9:30—Superintendent of primary work, Mrs. H. M. Hamill, Nashville, Tenn.

10:00—Superintendent of normal work, Professor H. M. Hamill, D.D., Nashville, Tenn.

10:30—Superintendent of house visitation, Joseph Clark, D.D., Columbus, Ohio.

11:00—Superintendent of home department work, Mrs. Flora V. Stebbins, Boston, Mass.

11:30—Discussion of home department, led by Mrs. Stebbins.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.
Evangelistic Session.

2:00—Devotional exercises, conducted by W. S. Witham, Atlanta, Ga.

2:30—Decision day and how to conduct it, Joseph Clark, D.D., Columbus, Ohio.

3:00—Child conversion, J. R. Pepper, Memphis, Tenn.

3:30—The spiritual nurture of child Christians, H. M. Hamill, D.D., Nashville, Tenn.

4:00—Closing conference, conducted by W. N. Hartshorn.

5:00—Adjournment.

Two district conferences have been held this winter in other states at which much interest has been shown and from which much good has resulted.

Charged with Assault.

Savannah, Ga., January 22.—Officers from Detroit, Mich., arrived in this city today with warrants and requisition papers for Joseph Benathan, a United States soldier at Fort Screven, charged with criminally assaulting a young lady. Benathan returned with the officers today.

Shooting Scrape in Kentucky.

Middlesboro, Ky., January 22.—In a mixed up shooting affray last night, near the Louisville and Nashville depot, Frank Henderson had a leg broken by a bullet and Frank Adams was fatally wounded. According to clearest information, Henderson acted in self-defense. Adams, in the darkness, mistook Henderson for another man against whom, it is said, he had a grudge, and fired, breaking his leg. Henderson then returned the fire.

THE DEATH OF J. T. HARPER

Former Atlantan Dies at His Home Near Milford, Texas.

The news of the recent death of J. T. Harper, which occurred recently at his home near Milford, Tex., will be learned with regret by many in this city. He was widely known and had many relatives in Atlanta and other parts of the state. Mr. Harper was born near here and was for many years in business in Atlanta. He was a member of the Fulton Gun Club and the A. O. U. W. He left Atlanta and moved to Texas about nine years ago. He was apparently in perfect health up to the time he was afflicted with the stroke of cerebral apoplexy which resulted in his death in a few moments. Mr. Harper left a wife and four daughters, the youngest only being at home at the time of his sudden demise.

SPECIALISTS MEET SATURDAY

Gathering at Piedmont Hotel Will Be One of Material Importance.

The annual meeting of the southern section of the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, to be held tomorrow morning at the Piedmont hotel, is anticipated with great interest by specialists in these branches in this city and throughout the south. It promises to be very largely attended and quite a number of the medical profession have already arrived in Atlanta, while many others have signified their intention of attending.

The addresses and demonstrations will embody the results of the latest scientific research and will be both interesting and instructive to all members of the profession who, from lack of time and opportunity, are not in touch with the latest discoveries in their respective specialties.

SCHOOL CHILDREN OF ATLANTA

Parents whose children require spectacles should be extremely careful to have frames as well as lenses correctly fitted. Our expert opticians will keep glasses properly adjusted free of charge. A. K. Hawkes, 14 Whitehall street.

SUBMITTING THEIR PLANS.

Architects Working on Athens' New City Hall.

Athens, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The architects throughout the country are submitting plans for the new city hall building that is to be erected in Athens this spring. City Engineer Burnett is in receipt of plans from all sections of the United States, some of which call for buildings of extreme beauty. Three architects have called in person to submit their plans, viz, Messrs. C. E. Choate, of Augusta; Haralson Bleckley, of Atlanta, and Alex Blair, of Macon, the same three who submitted plans for the new Peabody library building on the campus.

Mr. Choate's plans for the Winnie Davis hall and the Procter school building at the State Normal school were accepted several months since, and Mr. Bleckley was chosen as architect for the Peabody library building.

The mayor and council will decide upon the plans for the new $50,000 city hall building soon and the work will be started in the spring.

Messrs. A. H. Hodgson and W. A. Carlton, owners of the property on College avenue recently sold to the United States government for the location of the new federal building in this city, executed a deed to the government yesterday in consideration of the payment of $14,200. The land was ceded by the legislature at its last session. It is understood that the construction of the new building will begin by next summer.

U. S. OFFICERS AS SMUGGLERS

Many Americans Are Involved in Porto Rico.

Washington, January 22.—The treasury department has received a letter from Customs Collector Cruzen at San Juan, Porto Rico, in regard to the indictment of a number of naval and army officers and other officials charged with bringing into Porto Rico cigars and liquors on government vessels without reporting or paying duty on the same.

The collector says, in effect, that this violation of the law has been going on ever since the American occupation. A list of the names of officers already indicted are given and the collector states that a number of others qually guilty have not yet been arrested. He also says that offers of compromise have been made and he desires to know what course he shall pursue. In his reply, sent today, the secretary says that the department declines to entertain offers of compromise in the cases of smuggling and that it is desired that all persons implicated should be prosecuted.

CHOOSE YOUR ROUTE

You are starting to a distant city reached by many railways, some old established lines with the best road-beds and finest equipment; others new, with rough roads and inferior facilities—they all charge the SAME FARE; which route will you take?

There are many life companies, of many names and many kinds; but WHY TAKE CHANCES on untried experiments, when for the SAME FARE you can be carried by the Old Equitable, which is rock-ballasted with more than seventy millions of surplus? Finest modern equipment—trains "conducted" by the greatest financial experts, always arrive on time—not a single wreck in forty-three years.

For further particulars, write

R. L. FOREMAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Equitable Building,
ATLANTA.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

Thursday, January 22, 1903.

Rehearing denied in Blackburn v. Alabama Midland Railway Co., and in Atlanta Trust and Banking Co. v. Nelms et al. Granted in A. S. Stone v. State, and set for February 5.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

26. M. S. Orr v. F. J. Cooledge et al. Argued.
27. C. H. Rivers v. A. & C. Wright & Co. Argued.
28. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Co. v. Venable Bros. Argued.
29. H. L. Singer v. Grand Rapids Match Co. Argued.
30. Laura E. Blats v. John Blats et al. Argued.
31. J. L. Jones v. A. P. Stewart, tax collector. Opening argument made.

HAVE YOU HAD IT?

The World Almanac for 1903, now on sale at John M. Miller Company, 39 Marietta street. Price 25c. Mail, 10c extra.

MASCAGNI SOMEWHAT DEFIANT

Composer Says He Can't Be Dismissed from His Position.

Chicago, January 22.—"When I am through with America I shall return to Italy to resume my position as director of the Rossini lyceum," asserted Pietro Mascagni last night. "It is a life position and I cannot be deposed."

This statement was Mascagni's answer to a dispatch from Rome, officially confirming his removal as director of the lyceum.

As Good Preventive As Cure.

Cheney's Expectorant does all that is claimed for it and more. It is as good a preventive as a cure. I frequently take a dose when coming home out of the rain or cold air. I have no doubt it has warded off many cases of sickness.

L. E. SMITH.
Burlington, Vt.

MRS. F. ROSA MONNISH, M.D.
DR. W. A MONNISH.
Specialty, diseases of women. Twenty years' experience. Skillful and modern treatment. Graduates of American and European hospitals and colleges. Office at residence, 249 Peachtree street. Entrance to offices, Forrest avenue. 'Phone 1343, Standard 317.

FITZ LEE HEARD AT VANDERBILT

Other Matters of Interest at the South's Great University.

Nashville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) The students of Vanderbilt university had the opportunity at chapel on Saturday morning, January 17, of hearing General Fitzhugh Lee, United States army, retired, well known not only for the name he bears and his service in the confederate army and as governor of Virginia, but also as the able representative of the United States government in Cuba during the Cuban revolution which ended with the declaration of war by the United States against Spain.

His address was impressive, being rich in references to the nation's heroes. In 1894-95 General Lee's son, Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., now second lieutenant in the United States calvary, stationed in Texas, and now under orders for the second time to service in the Philippines, was a student in the engineering department of Vanderbilt university and a member of Sigma Chi fraternity.

Intermediate examinations began on Monday, January 19, and will end Saturday, the 31st instant. Two weeks are given up entirely to these. This fact, together with the rigidness with which they are conducted, goes to show the great importance which Vanderbilt university attaches to the mid-term examinations.

The Vanderbilt University Quarterly, with the January number now coming from the press begins the third volume. Intended "to be a record of university life and work," it has more than fulfillied its purpose. The present number contains a review the work of the athletic association and the literary societies for the past session, a record of the general interests and activities of the student body and faculty, besides more than 125 personal items of interest concerning alumni and former students, many of whom have achieved unusual success in every line of business and profession.

The January number of the Quarterly will announce that examinations for entrance into Vanderbilt university are to be held May 14, 15 and 16, at the university and at any school whose principal will undertake to set the examinations for the convenience of the pupils. The requirement for the science course will be made equivalent to those for the arts course by increasing the requirements in history, modern languages and science. It is desirable that students intending to enter the university should stand these examinations in May, but they will be repeated at the opening of next session, September 14, 15 and 16, when also the annual entrance prizes will be given for the best papers.

Athletic Affairs.

For several years past an interscholastic track meet has been held annually on Dudley field, until it has become a fixed institution. Owing to the great success which has attended this meet the faculty of Vanderbilt university, upon the recommendation of the chancellor, has determined to call a conference of preparatory school teachers and arrange an interscholastic contest in declamation. The January Quarterly gives notice of the first two on Friday, May 1, and of the interscholastic track meet on Saturday, May 2.

The work of the dental department of Vanderbilt university has more than once received gratifying recognition, both in this country and abroad. Only a few years ago the university received notice that by royal decree the government of the Netherlands would recognize the diploma of the university in this department as entitling its bearer to profesional examination without question as to preliminary qualifications. The full significance of this recognition appears from the fact that only three other American schools have been thus honored. Within the last few days the chancellor of the university has received a letter from Julian Colleja, of Madrid, president of the fourteenth international congress of medicine, to be held in that city April 23, 1903. This letter calls attention to the fact that one section of this congress is devoted to the consideration of dentistry, and concludes with these words: "Recognizing the advanced position that your university has taken in the organization of scientific instruction in dentistry, and the reputation that this department of your university has acquired throughout the entire world, we invite you to send a special delegate to this congress, who shall represent your institution in this particular subject."

Vanderbilt is represented in the Tennessee legislature, now in session, in the senate by E. T. Seay, LL. B., 91, president of the senate; in the house by J. Washington Moore, BB. A., '90, LL. B., '91, medalist in the southern intercollegiate oratorical contest; by Charles A. Stainback, LL. B., '01, founder's medalist in the law department, and by Litton Hickman and J. W. Morton, Jr. These men are prominent on committees, all four being on the judiciary committee, three on the ways and means committee, besides belonging individually to various other committees.

Put your valuable papers in the safe deposit vaults of Title Guarantee and Trust Company. Absolute security from burglary and fire. Do this before they are destroyed or stolen. Empire Building.

Election in Fannin.

Blue Ridge, Ga., January 22.—(Special.) In the election for ordinary here Tuesday to fill the unexpired term of M. J. Gunnan, deceased, Hon. J. H. Witzel defeated J. Y. Allen by a majority of 366. A very light vote was polled.

These cold mornings a

..Gas Heater..

in bed-room or bath-room will give you quick heat without any dirt or trouble.

Price, $3.50 up, connected.

ATLANTA GAS LIGHT CO.

SAVED FROM THE FLAMES

SLAUGHTERED AND CUT TO PIECES.

One hundred dozen boys' knee pants, sizes from 3 to 17 years old, will be thrown from the top of the building NOS. 21 1-2 AND 23 EAST ALABAMA STREET, where the great bona fide fire sale takes place TOMORROW, SATURDAY MORNING, January 24th, promptly at 8 o'clock.

The adjusters of this great $86,000.00 stock of seasonable merchandise wish to announce that beginning tomorrow, Saturday morning, January 24th, this immense stock will be sacrificed for the benefit of the public by the order of the insurance companies who wish to turn the merchandise into cash as soon as possible. First come first served at the great and only bona fide fire sale.

Below we quote a few prices to show what we intend to do:

Men's Neckwear, formerly retailed from 50c to 75c, slightly damaged by smoke and water; take your pick at the big fire sale, 3c.

18 cases of Men's and Youths' Suits that we have sold at $10.00 to $20.00, just as advertised, $3.48.

189 round and square cuts of the very latest patterns, Suits sold for $20 to $25; all go at $4.73.

To mothers: An exceptional line of Children's Clothing, linings might be a little damaged by smoke and water, worth $3 and $4, but nevertheless they are yours at 98c.

First come, first served.

Well, Men, you talk about Overcoats. An investment for all, $15 and $18 Overcoats in all colors, all go at the big sale at $3.48.

To the dear ladies and misses of Atlanta:

You cannot afford to miss this opportunity as it means money saving to you.

Ladies' Walking Skirts, worth $3.50 to $4.00, at the big fire sale 73c.

Say, men! How about your headwear?

Only 16 cases of Stetson, Dunlap, Knox in soft and still Hats, up to date, worth from $3 to $5. All go at the big adjuster's sale at 19c.

Well, talk about Shoes. We have them from grandpa down, for ladies as well as men. Ask for counter six. Your choice of table, 69c.

Business Men! Your Attention, Please! 612 Suits of all descriptions and patterns and your selections of Hockemun's worsted, Harris' cassimeres, and in fact, more than could be quoted in this article. You must come and be convinced yourself. All go at the big fire sale at $4.48.

Keep warm. When you come to think of it Wright's Underwear, sizes 34 to 60, worth you know just as well as we do, all go at the big fire sale at 29c.

3,000 Men's Working Pants, all kinds and all sizes, valued by appraisers from $1.00 to $3.00. All go at the big fire sale for 49c.

7 cases Union Made Overalls and Jackets; all go at 38c.

Remember the time and place, tomorrow, Saturday morning, January 24th, at 8 o'clock. This truly bona fide fire sale begins at 21 1-2 and 23 East Alabama street. Make no mistake, between Whitehall and Pryor streets, and the Atlanta National and Capital City National Banks.

Address all mail orders to L. Austern for prompt attention.

Your money back by asking, if goods are not as represented.

By order of appraisers.

PASSING THRONG.

Plans for turning Ponce de Leon springs into an up-to-date summer resort are progressing rapidly, it is understood, and the preliminary work is to be started in a very short time. Hugh L. Cardoza, of Richmond, Va., who represents Jake Wells, who will furnish the amusement features of the enterprise, is in the city and is looking after matters in connection with the undertaking.

Speaking of the theater which is to be erected at the springs, Mr. Cardoza said yesterday:

"The theater will be an exact duplicate of the Casino at Ocean View, Va., and will be complete in every detail. The stage will be as large as that of the Bijou here, and will be furnished with scenery as elaborate as that at this house. Nothing will be left undone to make the theater cosy and attractive. It will be supplied with all modern appliances to make it cool and comfortable. The best obtainable attractions will be put on, and it is not improbable that the Bijou Musical Comedy Company will be seen there for several weeks."

Mr. Cardoza arrived in the city several days ago and will doubtless remain here for a week or more.

Mrs. A. E. Buck has returned to the city and is stopping at the Majestic.

R. C. Curry, of Key West, is registered at the Aragon.

D. B. Hamilton, of Rome, is a guest at the Kimball.

J. G. Truitt, of LaGrange, is registered at the Kimball house.

J. G. Garrett, of Bainbridge, Ga., spent yesterday in the city, stopping at the Kimball.

C. A. Macatee, of Savannah, special agent of the treasury department, was in the city yesterday.

J. L. Vaughn and C. B. Simonton, of Covington, Ga., are registered at the Piedmont.

H. C. Fisher, James M. McBride and N. L. North, of Newnan, were in the city yesterday.

Judge Fred Foster, of Madison, spent yesterday in the city on business. He was a visitor at the capitol.

GRAVES OF CONFEDERATES

Bill To Provide Headstoones Is Favorably Reported.

Washington, January 22.—The senate committee on military affairs today ordered a favorable report on the bill introduced by Senator Foraker appropriating money from the national treasury for the erection of head stones to mark the graves of confederate soldiers buried in the north. The amount to be used for this purpose was placed at $200,000 at the suggestion of Secretary Root.

After Tax Dodgers.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) Circuit Court Clerk J. L. Allison has announced that if back taxes that are due the county and state on real property are not paid he will rent the property to renters, as is provided by the state law. This has never been enforced in this city and county, and if it should be done it would no doubt cause some surprises. Mr. Allison is firm in his determination, and says he will get every cent of back tax that is possible to collect.

Hit on Head with Brick.

Greensboro, N. C., January 22.—(Special.) Angered because S. A. Fesh called him a liar, John L. King, secretary to the Central Carolina Fair Association, and otherwise prominent in business circles, today picked up a brick and struck Fesh in the head, inflicting a painful wound. Both men were indicted.

DEPOT COMPANY WILL ORGANIZE

Meeting, It Is Understood, Will Be Held February 10th.

It is understood that the Atlanta Terminal Company, which is to erect a handsome new passenger depot in Atlanta, will be organized in a short while. The statement was made yesterday that the meeting for the purpose of perfecting the organization would be held February 10.

The charter for the company, which was applied for some time ago, will be secured from the secretary of state within the next week or two and then the organization will be carried into effect. The actual work of construction will commence immediately after the company has been formed and will be carried forward with all possible speed.

Since the application for charter was made those interested have been getting the necessary legal matters in shape, and it is understood these have been practically completed. Preliminary surveys have already been made and the location of the new passenger station has been settled upon. A few minor details yet remain to be attended to before everything will be ready for the work to begin.

Thus far the company is composed of the Southern and Central railways, but it is understood that the other railroads will become members when the charter has been secured. According to the application the company is to be capitalized at $500,000, but it is practically known the depot will cost something more than that sum.

Added interest was given the matter yesterday when Major J. F. Hanson, chairman of the board of directors of the Central, arrived in the city and spent some time looking over the proposed site for the new depot. He was accompanied by Colonel A. R. Lawton, of Savannah, one of the legal representatives of the road; Captain James W. English and several other railroad officials.

Captain English a short time ago purchased considerable property in that part of the city in which the passenger station will be located, and he and Major Hanson inspected the land together. It was stated after the inspection that it was made for the purpose of familiarizing all the gentlemen in the party with the exact situation as it now exists.

J. S. B. Thompson, the general agent of the Southern, was out of the city yesterday, but it is known he has been giving considerable attention to the new depot matter. Upon his return it is expected he will be able to announce something definite in connection with the plans which have been under consideration. When the charter has been secured and the terminal company is organized, the plans and specifications of the station will be prepared.

To Enter Coal Fields.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) The passage of the Tennessee Northern railroad to the control of the Southern railway, as announced yesterday, it is understood, is to be followed by an immediate extension into the Clear Fork river coal fields between Jellico and Middlesboro. It is authentically reported that the extension is to be 33 miles in length, making the road 43 miles in all; that the extension is to parallel the Louisville and Nashville's new Knoxville, Lafollette and Jellico road from the town of Lafollette through the mountain pass for about 10 miles and is then to diverge northeast up the Clear Fork river toward Middlesboro. The Southern railway has already graded 23 miles of the road up the river at a cost of $280,000. It is expected that work on the Clear Fork extension of the Tennessee Northern will begin at a very early date.

Fire at Tennille.

Tennille, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—The large mercantile establishment of Iverson, Lord & Son was burned at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The entire stock of goods was destroyed. This firm carried a stock of $8,000, which was covered by $6,000 insurance. The building, which was a modern brick structure, was covered by $1,500 insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Bark Grounds on Shoals.

Fernandina, Fla., January 22.—The Norwegian bark Norman Erickson, bound from this port to Las Palmas, C. I., while going out to sea yesterday afternoon, grounded on the shoal near the Pelican bank and is lying in an easy position and will probably come off on the next high tide.

A title insurance policy with Title Guarantee and Trust Company makes land easy to sell or borrow money upon. See them when you need a real estate title examined or insured. Empire building.

South Carolina Fedral Court.

Washington, January 22.—The senate today passed a bill providing for additional terms of court in the western judicial district of South Carolina.

Like a Fleeting Fancy.

The Pilgrim: Writing of a voyage south on a fruit vessel, Edwin L. Sabin says:

"The water swirls past like a green ribbon. At the bows it is churned to yeast, while behind spins the wake in a long, pily path. Exhilaration is in every mouthful of air. It is grand to live. It is sublime to thrill when the craft poises on the crest of the towering mountain only to plunge into the hollow, and be met by a fury of foam. The sunlight dances among the white-capped waves, the ropes and booms creak, and the canvas bellies in graceful curves, stiff as though molded.

"Thus with mains'l, fores'l, tops'ls and jibs set, the schooner speeds southward, gradually cutting across the gulf stream. Soon Hatteras light is a-beam. It is the practice of seamen to hold off as far as practicable from the cape in order to round in safety and not be caught on a dreaded lee shore.

"Hatteras is a bugbear to sailors, because of the "spell" of weather that ever seems to hover about the point. From the stability and shelter of land to the exposure of a small sailing vessel is a step keenly regretted by the person who by this sudden introduction meets his first storm at sea. Few who know only the land have full comprehension of the meaning of "wind" and "rain." On the ocean an ominous calm often precedes the storm. The breeze dies away, the sea heaves restlessly, and the petrels skim in more rapid flight. From a steamer one is apt not to notice these premonitory symptoms. The big propeller whirls as usual, and the huge leviathan of metal is not sensitive.

"But on a sailing vessel there is a feeling of helplessness. The sails flap in the changing currents of air. The ship is obliged to await the storm's coming. Advance or retreat is denied."

LOOK ON 3rd PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

Orion

CHATTANOOGA TO GET FRANCHISE

Montgomery Given Until Saturday to End the War.

From the present prospects it looks like Chattanooga will get back its franchise in the Southern League and that Montgomery will be turned out in the cold.

This will be the result in case the alleged magnates at the Alabama capital, W. H. Ragland and R. Sims, fail to get together by Saturday night. This limit has been set by President Kavanaugh, who has exhausted every means to bring the warring street railway factions in Montgomery to terms. Ragland represents the new street railway and Sims the old road, and neither will consent for the ball park to be located on the rival line.

Except for the dark cloud which has hovered for some time over the Montgomery situation, all would now be peace and love in the Southern League. But an end comes to everything—even a baseball fued—and in Montgomery the end is to come Saturday night if by that time the trouble has not been patched up.

There are those who think Chattanooga was not given a square deal when she was told to hump at the recent meeting of the league in Birmingham. It is true, the Chattanooga franchise was never a money maker, and last season the team from Moccasin Bend was the poorest drawing card anywhere along the circuit, but it is an open question whether it is not better to have an aggregation of this kind than one forever at war in its own rank. The league has a surfeit of baseball by injunction.

Bargains

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, COST PRICE!

FURNITURE, RUGS, MATTINGS.

Why pay fancy prices for Furniture, Rugs and Mattings? We Guarantee to save you ONE-FOURTH OF THE PRICE—in our small Sample Rooms,

52 North Broad St.

$40 Hat Rack, elegantly finished, large glass, only	$23
$75 quartered oak Folding Bed, bevel glass, only	$43
$85 full Colonial Sideboard, only	$45
$75 quartered oak Suit, shape glass	$48
$45 finished Mahogany Suit, Toilet Wash Stand	$25
$40 double glass door Wardrobes	$25
50 hardwood Chamber Suits, for hotel use, very strong, only	$12.95
$20, $25, $35 Book Cases, $13.50, $15	$22.50
9x12 woolen Art Squares, only	$5 50
50 cotton Mattresses	$2.99

Parlor Suits, Lounges, Couches, Easy Chairs, Mattresses and Rugs.

Private homes, Hotels, Public Buildings, can SAVE from 25 to 40 per cent.

P. H. SNOOK & AUSTIN FURNITURE CO.,

Sample Rooms, 52 North Broad St.

THE CONSTITUTION'S **WANT ADS.**

Will make your desires known to the Public, throughout the South Atlantic States.

Price 10c. per line, each insertion.

Special rates for continued insertions.

Here is the place you get so much for so little.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—The people to know that the best place to buy coal is from J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356.

WANTED—Two representatives, teachers or professional men preferred. Excellent opportunities for promotion. Guaranteed salary or commission. Address Dodd, Mead & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Two co-principals, $4. month; four principals, $60 month; five principals, $50 month, and three at $45 month, to begin teaching within next ten days. Write at once for particulars. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Short time required by free work; expert instructors, etc. All advantages until competent. Tools, diplomas, positions and board given graduates. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, New Orleans, La. 1-18 6t

WANTED—Twenty first-class paving cutters. A year's work at good wages guaranteed to good men. Kettle River Quarries Company, Sandstone, Minn.

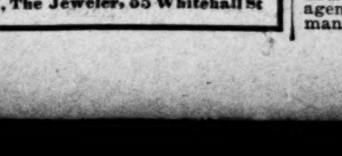
WANTED—Two well informed young men with pleasing address to solicit advertising. Permanent position to the right party. Call and see me at 12 o'clock today. T. J. Kelly, Constitution business office.

LICENSED druggist at once.
Stenographer for wholesale house.
Insurance stenographer to leave the city.
Office boy.
Experienced lady bookkeeper.
The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

PICTURE FRAMES.

PICTURE FRAMES made to order; best work; lowest prices. 100 engraved calling cards, with plate, for $1. Orr Stationery Co., 94 Whitehall street.

Sterling Silver Baby Sets $1 Each



KELLEY, The Jeweler, 55 Whitehall St

The Best for Dress, The Best for Service.



$3.50 Walk-Over Shoes.

Better leather has never been tanned for a $3.50 shoe than the kind that goes into Walk-Over Shoes. They are the best by test in every particular, so say hundreds of the best dressed men of Atlanta. Winter styles in either Button, Lace or Blucher, made of Vici Kid, Patent Vici or Box Calf.

Knott & Awtry Shoe Co.

25 WHITEHALL STREET.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Ladies to learn hairdressing, manicuring or face treatment; four weeks completes; catalogue mailed free. Write Moler College, New Orleans, La.

I CAN give permanent position to two experienced lady canvassers. I wish them to solicit advertising. They must be intelligent, strong, energetic and well informed. Splendid position to right party. Address, at once, Permanent Position.

PALMISTRY.

WORLD FAMED and Scientific Palmist. Mystified are they who call on this gifted woman, Swanhill. No matter what troubles you have, come; she will guide you. Everything private and confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Charges reasonable. 59 Garnett, near Whitehall.

SEED.

SWEET peas now ready; also garden peas, onion sets, spinach. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

MY new 7-room house on Pulliam street, built for home, elevated east front lot, cabinet mantels, cheap at $2,000; will sell for $1,850; best and cheapest place on street. B. Owner, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Bicycles, Etc.

AUTOMOBILES, bicycles, sundries and repairs. Alexander-Elyea Co., the largest bicycle supply house in the south. 35 N Pryor st

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools. Richards Machine Co., 25 Peters St., Atlanta, Ga.

WE HAVE for immediate shipment 15 thousand 2 and 2 1-2 bushel corn bags and 25,000 5 bushel bran sacks, all well selected. Atlanta Metal and Bottle Co., 1 to 29 Grant st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Damaged wheat for chicken feed and bird bait. Dan Joseph, Columbus, Ga. 1-18-7t

WANTED—To sell a nice roll top desk and office chair. W. C. Alexander, 65 Peachtree.

IF YOU want good, hot fires this cold weather, buy your coal from J. W. Willis & Co. 'Phones 356. Prompt service.

FOR SALE—Thirty thousand acres of mill timber and two turpentine plants operating at present 40 crops of boxes; object for selling is to wind up the affairs of an estate. Address Box 92, Arcadia, Fla.

Wagons and Carriage Hardware.

W. M. SPRATLIN, 92-94 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga., carries in stock a full line of wagon and carriage hardware, such as wheels, rims, shafts, spokes, hubs, iron, steel, axles, bolts, etc. Also buggy tops, cushions, backs, rubber and enamel goods and blacksmith tools. White for price list.

LOST.

WHITE and black setter dog with tan jaws and curved tail, answers to name of Hal; strayed on Peachtree road, near Brookwood, last Sunday. Reward for his return to 746 Peachtree street. Albert Howell, Jr.

LOST—White toy poodle female dog. Reward if returned to Mrs. Stephen A. Ryan at the Piedmont.

Watchmaking and Reparing.

FIRST CLASS watch and jewelry work done at reasonable prices. A. Holzman, 71 Whitehall.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

$10 TO $50 weekly income by investing $100 to $500; money withdrawn on demand; two years continued success. Address Seaman & Company, Drexel building, Philadelphia, Pa.

AN investment of $25 has always averaged $33 per week; particulars on request. C. M. Bragaw & Co., New Orleans, La. T. B. 968.

MONEY for business purposes. We are in position to secure money for good, solid type of business men. Especially those engaged in manufacturing enterprises. Charters gotten in any state quickly and cheaply. Companies organized or reorganized. Stocks and bonds of southern corporations handled to the best advantage. Large tracts of land bought and sold. Address Southern Finance and Realty Co., 627-628 Empire bldg.

TO INDUSTRIAL PROMOTERS.

DESIRABLE sites for all character of manufacturing industries are available along the lines of the Western and Atlantic railroad; liberal rates of switching in Atlanta district guaranteed. Before locating do not fail to call upon or address J. A. Sams, division freight agent, Atlanta, or H. F. Smith, traffic manager, Nashville.

MONEY TO LOAN.

WEYMAN & CONNERS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

ATLANTA Banking and Savings Co., 12 Wall st., Kimball house, buys purchase money notes. Loans on real estate.

MONEY LOANED on life insurance policies, stocks, bonds and other collateral. Notes bought. R. M. Gann, 328 Empire.

REAL ESTATE martgages and notes negotiated on city property. S. B. Turman, 16 S. Broad street.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

MONEY advanced responsible salaried people without security or indorsement. Manager, 510 and 511 Lowndes bldg.

SPECIAL home funds to lend; any amount; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 6 1-2 South Broad.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business 42 principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

IF you wish to make a prompt and cheap loan on your real estate, call at 203 Peters building; any amount.

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 30 and 32 E. Alabama st.

QUICK loan at low rates on property anywhere convenient to Atlanta. W. P. Pattillo, second floor, Gould building.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—All kinds of office furniture; must be good and cheap. J. H. Post, 78 N. Broad. Standard 'phone 1478.

PERSONAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstructions. Trial box by mail 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Mfg. Chemists, 14 South Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 N. Forsyth st. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PRESS clippings. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of all other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

WOOD OF ALL KINDS for sale. Blocks for hot stuff stoves $1 per load. J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356.

IRON BROKERS.

FOR SALE—Thousand feet of practically new 4-inch pipe. R. S. Armstrong & Bro.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN COMPANY, SIGN PAINTERS; FROM THE CHEAPEST "THAT'S GOOD" TO THE "BEST THAT'S MADE." 21-2 NORTH BROAD STREET. BELL 'PHONE 509.

WIRE FIELD FENCE.

AMERICAN and Page Fences and gates put up. F. R. Barford, manager, Anderson Hardware Company, Atlanta, Ga.

INVESTORS.

OF INTEREST to the investing public. We pay weekly dividends on investments placed with us. We have never had a dissatisfied investor. We are a success. Highest Atlanta reference. Of special interest to savings bank depositors and the public generally seeking investments. Write B. R. Gornton & Co., Norfolk, Va.

Try St. Charles Cafe, 49 Peachtree

Quick lunch. Everything served clean and up-to-date. White girls as waitresses. Open all night.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOUTHERN Engraving Co., Atlanta, conduct the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, carpets, stoves and gas ranges. Robison, 15 E. Hunter. Bell 'phone 1368.

DENTISTRY—For a few days only all amalgam and cement fillings will be inserted free at Southern Dental College, 100 Butler st. 1-11-tf

DENTISTRY—The Southern Dental College, 100 Butler st., has opened for its spring session. For a short time all amalgam and cement fillings will be put in free. 1-11-tf

TRY Vignaux's restaurant. He serves the best and freshest of everything on the market. Prices reasonable. Don't forget the number, 15 South Pryor.

THE sale of the Barrett stove is increasing at the rate of 400 per cent. We will furnish them if we have to throw out all other stoves we make and make nothing but Barretts. Atlanta Stove Works.

ROUP among chickens is fatal and destroys the profit. We guarantee a cure with our mixture, or money refunded. Sample by mail, 25 cents. Union Supply Company, Box 127, Concord, N. C.

BOARDERS WANTED

FRONT rooms with dressing room, first-class accommodation. Couple or gentlemen. Table boarders wanted. 64 Forrest ave., near Peachtree.

A FEW boarders can be accommodated with rooms and board at 183 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 2239.

To My Friends and Customers.

I have disposed of my interest in the harness business of Lemke & Wilensky, at No. 80 Marietta street. I now have charge of the custom department of Bona Allen's. I shall be assisted by skilled artists and make specifications for and manufacture high-grade fine harness and such other goods in leather as desired. Repairing skillfully and neatly done, at satisfactory prices for good work. Thanking you for past patronage, I solicit your continuance for the future. I am truly yours, C. M. LEMKE.
With Bona Allen, 20-22 West Mitchell.
sun-tues-fri-3weeks

SEWING MACHINES.

$24.50 BUYS the new, highest grade, 4-drawer, drop head, oak cabinet, Genuine Singer Sewing Machine; $20.00 for the New Home or Domestic; $21.00 for the White; Standard, $22.00; Wheeler & Wilson, $24.00; Minnesota, $15.20; Burdick $12.85; Seroco, $8.95. For free sewing machine catalogue and most liberal free trial offer cut out and mail this notice to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Real Estate.

CASH to pay for well located north side home, 6 or 7 rooms. Mrs. P. L. Wood, Constitution office. 1-23 2t

American Watches.

ELGIN, Waltham, Hampden, Hamilton, lowest price; quality guaranteed. Kelley, the Jeweler, 55 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

STOVE REPAIRING.

RANGE, furnace repairing and tin work. Bell 'phone 1361. Moore & Bradshaw, 21 S. Forsyth st.

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

THE CHEAPEST place in Georgia to buy furniture. Robison's, 18 E. Hunter.

LEGAL BLANKS.

LITHOGRAPHED stock certificates. Everything in printing. Bennett's.

LADIES' COLUMN.

THE No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 480.

WANTED—Furnished Rooms.

WANTED—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. State terms. Address B. A., care Constitution.



A. K. HAWKES,

Oldest and largest Optical Establishment in the south. Always up to date. Manufacturing, jobbing, refracting, retail.

14 Whitehall, on the Viaduct.

OCCURRING

every few days are the weddings of your friends and acquaintances. Of course you wish to give them something nice and perhaps not very expensive.

It will pay you to see what we have—we feel sure we can supply your needs.

Julius R. Watts & Co. Jewelers,

28 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dropsy Cured in 30 to 60 days. 10 days' treatment free.

G. E. COLLUM DROPSY MEDICINE CO., 313-313 Lowndes Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Big Four ROUTE.

Best Line to

CHICAGO

WESTERN AND NORTHWESTERN POINTS.

NO TRANSFER AT CINCINNATI.

Elegant Pullman and Dining Car Service.

W. PORTER BRAWLEY, T. P. A., CHATTANOOGA.

J. E. REEVES, Gen. Sou. Agt., CINCINNATI.

W. J. LYNCH, G. P. & T. A.

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13 DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Pullmans to Cincinnati.
5:30 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY. Brunswick.
5:30 A. M.—NO. 28. DAILY to Columbus.
6:10 A. M.—NO. 35. DAILY. Pullmans to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive Birmingham 11:45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.
7:50 A. M.—NO. 12 DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.
7:55 A. M.—NO. 7 DAILY. Chattanooga.
10:45 A. M.—NO. 6 DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY. Chicago and Florida Special. A solid Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to St. Augustine, Fla., without change. Palace Sleeping, Compartment, Observation and Club Cars, and First-Class Vestibuled Coach with Smoking Compartment. Southern Railway Dining Cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Jacksonville 8:05 p. m., St. Augustine 9:15 p. m.
12:00 Noon.—NO. 38. DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Sleeping, library, observation and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Ar. Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.
12:05 Noon.—NO. 8. DAILY. Macon.
1:00 P. M.—NO. 40 DAILY. New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrive Richmond 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m.; Washington 9:45 a. m.
4:10 P. M.—NO. 30 DAILY. Fort Valley.
4:10 P. M.—NO. 10. DAILY. Macon.
4:15 P. M.—NO. 37. DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. B'ham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.
4:40 P. M.—NO. 22 DAILY. Columbus.
4:30 P. M.—NO. 18. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Bell." To Toccoa.
5:00 P. M.—NO. 15. DAILY. Sleeper to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Ar. Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 10:35 a. m.
5:15 P. M.—NO. 25. DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 9:15 p. m.
6:15 P. M.—NO. 5. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Chicago and Florida Special. Solid Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to Cincinnati without change, composed of Composit Car to Cincinnati. Pullman Compartment Car to Chicago, via Big Four Route, Pullman Sleeping Cars to Pittsburg via Penna. Lines, Cleveland via Big Four Route, Pullman Sleeping and Observation Car to Louisville, Pullman Sleeping Car to Detroit via C. H. and D. Railroad. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and Vestibuled Coach to Chattanooga. Arrives Chattanooga 10:45 p. m., Cincinnati 7:55 a. m., Louisville 10:45 a. m., Cleveland 3:00 p. m., Detroit 5:20 p. m., Chicago 5:30 p. m., and Pittsburg 5:40 p. m.
10:45 P. M.—NO. 14. DAILY. Florida Limited. Through sleepers to Jacksonville and Tampa. Sleeper to Brunswick.
11:35 P. M.—NO. 97. NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pulman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open 10:00 p. m. Arrives Birmingham 5:35 a. m. Passengers can remain in sleeper until 6:30 a. m.
12:00 Night.—NO. 36. DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car to New York and Richmond. Coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m., New York 6:23 a. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 179 Main.

SCHEDULES.

Showing the arrival and departure of passenger trains of the following roads, union depot, Atlanta, Ga.:

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Savannah	7 25 am	*Macon	1 40 am
*Macon	11 20 am	*Savannah	7 50 am
*Savannah	4 15 pm	*St. Augustine	9 00 am
*Macon	7 45 pm	*Macon	4 05 pm
*St. Augustine	7 55 pm	*Savannah	8 45 pm
Suburban Trains:		Suburban Trains:	
Jonesboro	6 15 am	Jonesboro	6 25 am
Jonesboro	8 15 am	Jonesboro	12 20 pm
Jonesboro	2 15 pm	Jonesboro	3 45 pm
Jonesboro	5 40 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
Sunday Only:		Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro	8 55 am	Hapeville	9 00 am
Hapeville	10 45 am	Jonesboro	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Nashville	7 36 am	*Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
*Chicago	8 50 am	*Chattanooga	4 30 pm
*Chattanooga	11 45 am	Marietta	5 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	*Chicago	8 05 pm
*Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
LaGrange	8 20 am	*Montgomery	5 30 am
*Selma	11 40 am	*Montgomery	1 05 pm
*Selma	12 50 pm	*Selma	4 20 pm
*Montgomery	8 00 pm	LaGrange	5 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Montgomery	11 15 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Norfolk	5 15 am	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Abbeville	9 35 am	*Abbeville	4 00 pm
*Washington	6 40 pm	*Norfolk	8 10 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 35 pm
*Augusta	1 00 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 15 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

FEARS OF INCREASE IN THE RECEIPTS

Caused Cotton to Weaken and Slightly Decline Early.

DRY GOODS REPORT BETTER

Caused a Rally and the Market Closed 1 to 4 Points Higher. Stocks at the Close were Steady, but Very Dull.

New York, January 22.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 3 to 4 points, cables being strong with large activity reported at Liverpool on account of Egyptian speculators, some placing the total of their purchases in the English market at 60,000 bales. There was a further advance of 1 to 2 points on the more active positions when it became apparent that public buying orders were not of large volume and the market commenced to sag and a decline of 5 to 7 points from the top ensued. The weakness was increased by indications that receipts would exceed early estimates. The early estimates pointed to port receipts of 28,000 bales for the day. Later estimates increased the figure to 29,000. The actual total was 28,538 bales, against 32,111 bales last year. The amount of cotton to be brought into sight this week is variously estimated at from 290,000 to 330,000, close estimates being impossible by reason of the fact that a large amount of cotton is prepared for shipment abroad without certainty as to date of shipment. The insight this week will run against 286,586 the corresponding week last year, 212,962 in 1901 and 219,139 in 1900. The selling was checked by encouraging reports from Fall River and the dry goods trade with certain lines of cotton goods reported to be scarce and tending upward. The market on this news rallied and closed quiet at 1 to 4 points advance. Total sales of futures 225,000 bales.

Review of New Orlenas Market.

New Orleans, January 22.—The market for spot cotton opened with a good demand and firm this morning under the influence of a gain of 4 points at Liverpool, but as soon as the character of the advance on the other side had been determined and it became known that the English market had been misled as to a reported heavy failure, the inquiry slackened off and buyers became much more conservative in their movements. Sales 6,400 bales, including 2,800 to arrive. Quotations unchanged.

In the contract market, in response to Liverpool, prices opened 2 to 6 points up, but it soon transpired that Liverpool had been influenced by rumors of "a heavy failure in New Orleans, involving 30,000 bales of spot cotton," and when the falsity of the rumor had been established, prices on the other side began to ease off and this market fell into line, working down 4 to 6 points. After the second call prices moved up 5 points on all active positions. During the late afternoon there was some little sagging and losses of a point or two were scored, but this decline was only in the nature of the usual meaningless fluctuations. When the gong finally sounded the net result for the day showed in declines of 1 to 2 points on the various positions.

Note—The failure of T. E. French, cotton buyer, was announced today. The trade regard the failure as of small moment.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, January 22.—The dry goods market continues very firm, with a fair demand. Wamsutta and Utica nonpareil fine linens advanced to 10c per yard. Regular print cloths advanced 3-8c, with business narrow. Orders were strong. Wide goods were quiet and unchanged. Cotton underwear firm and generally well held. Cotton hosiery was dull.

Following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
January	8 78	8 78	8 75	8 78	8 77-78
February	8 76	8 75	8 72	8 73	8 73-74
March	8 80	8 82	8 75	8 79	8 79-80
April	8 82	8 82	8 81	8 81	8 81-82
May	8 85	8 86	8 80	8 84	8 83-84
June	8 83	8 84	8 83	8 84	8 82-83
July	8 85	8 87	8 80	8 83	8 83-84
August	8 64	8 64	8 59	8 62	8 62 63
September	8 26	8 26	8 26	8 26	8 25-26
October	......	......	......	......	......
November	......	......	......	......	......
December	......	......	......	......	......

Futures closed quiet.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1903	1902	1903	1902	1903	1902
Saturday	30972	27441	11247	26083	1091976	976058
Monday	35731	27801	34990	34568	1084262	950344
Tuesday	42158	45428	43015	14212	1076023	962782
Wednesd'y	35802	32261	32495	26342	1078305	975433
Thursday	28538	31911	19882	138870	2082886	961765
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	173201	164842	141629	140075	......	......

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

January	8 71	July	9 03
February	8 69	August	8 67
March	8 79	September	8 26
April	8 84	October	.....
May	8 92	November	.....
June	8 96	December	.....

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, January 22—12:15 p m—Cotton, spot business good with prices steady; middling uplands 4.80; sales 12,000 bales; American 10,600; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 10,000; American 1,800.

Futures opened firm.

	Open'g.	Closing.
January	4 77	4 76
January-February	4 77	4 76
February-March	4 77	4 76
March-April	4 77	4 76
April-May	4 78	4 77
May-June	4 79	4 77-78
June-July	4 79	4 77-77
July-August	4 78	4 77
August-September	4 70	4 69

Futures closed barely steady.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, January 22.—Early Liverpool advices were more favorable than expected on the rumor of a large New Orleans failure. Our market, in sympathy, opened 2 to 4 points higher, but declined 8 to 9 points subsequently on the later easiness in Liverpool, which was caused by cables from here stating that the failure reported was unimportant. Near the close fresh buying was instrumental in establishing an advance of 4 to 5 points from the bottom, making the net gain 1 to 2 points on the day. While spots locally ruled steady, offerings from the interior were free at concessions with few buyers. The fact that holders were more liberal in their views shows that they are willing to sell on the present basis. From existing indications, unless there are clearances tomorrow from our ports, the amount brought into sight for the week will range around 270,000 as compared to 287,000 last year. The statistical position will no doubt continue strong. Still, there seems to be less inclination shown to follow the advance than for some time, even though the feeling is very bullish. Under the circumstances we think purchases should only be made on sharp breaks. Receipts, however, will continue to govern.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, January 22.—The local market opened 3 to 4 points higher on better cables from abroad and light estimated receipts at the ports. Trading was light, with no special motive. Foreign markets closed barely steady 1@2 points higher on futures. The spot market was steady at unchanged quotations—4.84 for middling; sales 12,000 bales. After the noon call here prices became easier on selling by brokers with private wire connections. A decline of 4 to 5 points was scored on this turn. The close was easier. Estimated ports 28,000, against 32,111 last year. Estimated Houston tomorrow 5,000 to 5,500, against 6,143 last year; New Orleans 7,500 to 8,500, against 8,500 last year; Galveston 7,000 to 8,000, against 9,000 last year.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 22.—Our market opened with sales of March at 8.79@8.80, and after selling at 8.77, ruled at 8.75 at 1 o'clock. Egyptian operators were large buyers in Liverpool after the opening this morning, taking upward of 50,000 bales and advancing that market rapidly before the American markets opened. Our markets today have not shown the strength expected. Long cotton was for sale all the morning with some short selling on the prospect that the insight movement would be larger than last year of the same week. Large clearances from Pensacola are expected to swell the week's total movement. A rally after lunch was on local buying on the strong southern markets. The temper is not quite so bullish, but leading traders cannot see any weakness while European and southern markets continue so strong. Support was given to the market during the afternoon as usual. The strength of the southern market leads to the expectation of better foreign markets tomorrow. The spot market was quiet and unchanged.

FRANK HAWKINS, President. JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier.
H. M. ATKINSON, Vice Pres. THOS. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashier.

Third National Bank.

Capital, - - - - - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - - - - $150,000

DIRECTORS.
H. M. ATKINSON, DR. A. W. CALHOUN, JOHN W. GRANT, E. B. ROSSER, FRANK HAWKINS, H. Y. McCORD, J. CARROLL PAYNE.

Letters of Credit and Foreign Exchange Sold on All Parts of the World.

JAMES SWANN, President. P. ROMARE, Vice-President. C. E. CURRIER, Cashier. H. R. BLOODWORTH, Ass't Cashier.

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,
ATLANTA, GA.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Capital, ... $500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, . $290,000.00
DIRECTORS:
James Swann, P. Romare, A. E. Thornton, F. E. Block, S. M. Inman, C. E. Currier, H. T. Inman.
Accounts with individuals, firms, corporations and banks solicited. Issues letters of credit. Buys and sells foreign exchange.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO— Gt. B't'n.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Atlanta	Steady	8 13-16	699	....	....	15,490	....	....	....	....
Galveston	Firm	8 13-16	9,869	9,869	2,088	248,941	....	5,435	7,556	....
Norfolk	Steady	8 13-16	2,542	2,542	411	43,462	....	2,098	....	....
Baltimore	Nominal	8 7-8	....	320	....	8,173	....	....	....	....
Boston	Steady	8.95	604	604	....	....	....	....	....	....
Wilmington	Firm	8 1-2	730	730	....	7,908	....	....	....	....
Philadelphia	Quiet	9.20	583	583	....	5,252	....	....	....	....
Savannah	Steady	8 5-8	4,601	4,601	531	161,947	....	....	....	....
New Orleans	Steady	8 3-4	7,433	7,433	6,400	375,494	....	....	5,168	....
Mobile	Dull	8 5-8	706	706	300	31,313	....	....	....	....
Memphis	Firm	8 11-16	1,589	1,865	2,050	80,199	....	....	....	....
Augusta	Steady	8 15-16	561	686	754	54,475	....	....	....	....
Charleston	Firm	8 1-2	355	355	....	16,881	....	....	....	....
Cincinnati	Steady	8 3-4	768	768	....	6,441	....	....	....	....
Louisville	Steady	8 7-8	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
St. Louis	Firm	8 11-16	550	550	91	29,805	....	....	....	....
Houston	Steady	8 13-16	6,438	6,438	1,304	59,708	....	....	....	....
New York	Quiet	8.95	218	5,919	1,300	167,7[illegible]	6,261	....	....	....
Port Townsend		....	897	897	....	....	....	....	897	....

Total receipts today, 28,538. Exports to Great Britain today, 6,281; to continent, 13,621. Stock, 1,082,886.
Consolidated receipts 5 days, 173,201. Exports to Great Britain 5 days, 66,753; to France, 13,113; to continent, 61,763.
Total receipts since Sept. 1, 5,615,788. Exports to Great Britain since Sept. 1, 1,749,694; to France, 493,679; to continent, 1,775,176.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bids. Today.	Yes'day.
Atchison	18,400	88⅛	87¼	87⅝	88⅛
do. preferred	300	99⅞	99⅛	99½	99⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	5,200	101⅛	100⅜	101¼	101⅜
do. preferred	300	95	94¾	95	94
Canadian Pacific	8,300	136¼	135½	135¾	136⅝
Canada Southern	100	74½	74½	74	74
Chesapeake and Ohio	24,800	53½	53¼	52½	53
Chicago and Alton	700	35	34¼	34⅝	34¾
do. preferred	......	......	......	71	71½
Chicago, Ind. and Louis	......	......	......	67	70
do. preferred	......	......	......	90	90
Chicago and East. Illinois	......	......	......	190	......
Chicago and Great Western	1,700	28	27⅝	27¾	27¾
do. A preferred	......	......	......	82½	82½
do. B preferred	200	44¼	43⅞	43⅜	43¾
Chicago and Northwestern	......	......	......	[illegible]	222¼
Chicago Term. and Trans.	100	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18
do. preferred	600	34½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C., C., C. and St. Louis	......	......	......	95	95
Colorado Southern	1,100	29⅞	29	29⅝	29⅝
do. 1st preferred	......	......	......	69⅛	69½
do. 2d preferred	100	45	45	44⅝	44½
Delaware and Hudson	2,800	176	173½	174	173
Delaware, Lack. and West.	200	272	272	270	270
Denver and Rio Grande	......	......	......	39¼	40
do. preferred	200	88	88	88¼	88¼
Erie	28,100	39⅞	38⅞	39⅛	40
do. 1st preferred	6,300	71	70⅜	70½	70
do. 2d preferred	100	57⅛	56⅞	56⅝	57½
Great Northern preferred	1,700	209	206½	208½	206
Hocking Valley	700	103½	103	102⅞	103½
do. preferred	......	......	......	97½	97½
Illinois Central	1,200	148½	148	148¼	148¼
Iowa Central	600	45¼	44½	45	44
do. preferred	......	......	......	73½	74
Lake Erie and Western	......	......	......	47	48
do. preferred	......	......	......	113	113
Louisville and Nashville	2,100	128½	127	128	127⅞
Manhattan L.	21,700	152½	151¼	151⅜	153
Metropolitan St. Ry.	11,600	140⅜	140	140½	140⅛
Mexican Central	400	25⅝	25½	25⅝	25⅞
National Ry. of Mexico	200	19⅝	19	19⅛	19
Minneapolis and St. Louis	100	108	108	107½	108
Missouri Pacific	13,300	112	111	111⅛	112
Missouri, Kansas and Tex.	1,300	28	27½	27⅝	28⅛
do. preferred	300	61	60	60⅛	60⅝
New Jersey Central	100	187⅜	187⅜	187	187
New York Central	1,600	152	151⅝	151⅞	152½
Norfolk and Western	4,400	74⅝	73⅝	73⅞	74¼
do. preferred	400	93	93	92½	90
Ontario and Western	2,700	33¼	33	33¼	33⅝
Pennsylvania	5,200	154⅛	153⅝	154⅛	154⅝
Reading	28,600	62¼	61⅛	61⅝	62⅛
do. 1st preferred	200	87	87	87	86
do. 2d preferred	100	74	74	74½	74½
St. L. and San Francisco	19,800	78⅝	75¼	78⅛	75⅝
do. 1st preferred	......	......	......	79	79½
do 2d preferred	4,900	74½	71¼	73⅝	71¼
St. Louis Southwestern	200	27½	27½	27⅛	27½
do. preferred	......	......	......	61⅞	62½
St. Paul	20,400	178⅝	177⅞	178	178⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	191	191
Southern Pacific	4,900	65¼	64¼	64⅝	65¼
Southern Railway	7,900	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛	35⅛
do. preferred	300	95⅛	94⅝	94⅝	95⅛
Texas and Pacific	1,300	40½	40	40½	40⅛
Toledo, St. L. and West	1,500	31¼	30⅛	30½	30¼
do. preferred	300	45⅛	44¼	45⅛	45

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bid. Today.	Yes'day.
Union Pacific	20,400	102⅛	101½	101¾	102⅛
do. preferred	1,300	94½	94¼	93¾	93½
Wabash	900	29¾	29½	[illegible]	30
do. preferred	2,000	45½	45	45	45⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie	......	......	......	25	25
do. 2d preferred	300	35	34½	35	35
Wisconsin Central	1,100	27	26⅝	26¾	26¾
do. preferred	200	53	52⅝	52½	53
Express Companies.					
Adams	......	......	......	205	205
American	......	......	......	220	220
United States	100	140½	140½	138	140
Wells Fargo	......	......	......	215	215
Miscellaneous.					
Amalgamated Copper	9,800	63⅞	63⅛	63⅜	63¾
Amer. Car and Foundry	2,000	41	40⅝	40⅝	40⅛
do. preferred	......	......	......	91½	91¾
American Linseed Oil	100	108	108	107½	107⅛
do. preferred	......	......	......	43	43
Amer. Smelting and Refng.	1,000	45	44½	44¼	44¾
do. preferred	400	94⅛	94¼	94	93
Anaconda Mining Co.	200	96	96	95	96
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	7,800	68¼	67⅛	67⅞	68½
Colorado Fuel and Iron	1,000	77	74¼	75⅝	77
Consolidated Gas	600	216½	215½	216½	216⅝
Continental Tobacco pfd.	300	117	117	116⅝	117
General Electric	200	186	186	185	186
Hocking Coal	100	19½	19½	19	19
International Paper	......	......	......	17⅝	17⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	72⅛	72
Laclede Gas	......	......	......	75	75
National Biscuit	700	46⅝	46	46⅛	45⅝
National Lead	500	27⅛	27	27	27
North American	......	......	......	116	116
Pacific Coast	......	......	......	68	68
Pacific Mail	100	39⅝	39⅝	39	40
People's Gas	300	103⅝	103⅝	103½	103⅝
Pressed Steel Car	900	64¼	63⅞	64	64¼
do. preferred	200	94¼	94¼	93½	93⅛
Pullman Palace Car	......	......	......	233	234
Republic Steel	3,400	22	21½	21⅝	21⅝
do. preferred	100	79	78¾	78	78⅞
Sugar	3,400	130	129¼	130	130⅛
Tennessee Coal and Iron	9,700	64½	62½	63⅝	62⅞
Union Bag and Paper Co.	......	......	......	14	14
do. preferred	100	78	78	78	78
United States Leather	400	12⅝	12½	12⅛	12½
do. preferred	400	89	88¾	88½	88⅛
United States Rubber	100	17⅛	17⅛	17¼	17⅛
do. preferred	100	55½	55⅛	54	55½
United States Steel	7,400	37⅛	36⅝	37	37⅛
do. preferred	300	87¼	87	87	87⅛
Western Union	300	90⅝	90¼	90½	90⅝
American Locomotive	500	29½	29¼	29¼	29⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	93	93½
Kansas City Southern	500	34¼	34½	35½	34½
do. preferred	4,000	61¼	60	60⅝	59⅝
Rock Island	39,900	49	48¼	48⅝	48⅝
do. preferred	1,700	81¼	80½	81	81½
Va.-Car. Chem. Co.	......	......	......	64⅝	62
do. preferred	300	......	......	121½	121
Seaboard Air Line common	......	......	......	25⅝	26½
do. preferred	......	......	......	42	42¼
do. bonds fours	......	......	......	83½	85⅛

Total sales for the day, 394,000 shares.

CLOSING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

U. S. refunding 2s registered	109
do. coupon	109
U. S. 3s registered	107
do. coupon	107¾
U. S. new 4s registered	134⅜
do. coupon	136⅛
U. S. old 4s registered	110
do. coupon	110
U. S. 5s, registered	103
do. coupon	104¼
Atchison general 4s	102⅛
do. adjustment 4s	92⅜
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	102⅝
do. 3½s	94⅛
do. convertible 4s	104½
Canada Southern 2ds	108⅝
Central of Georgia 5s	109
do. 1st income	79
do. 2d income	39
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	106
Chicago and Alton 3½s	78¼
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	94
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen 4s	110¼
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	134½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	107
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	101½
Chicago Terminal 4s	86
Colorado and Southern 4s	94⅛
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	98½
Erie prior lien 4s	99
do. general 4s	86
Fort Worth and Denver City 1st	111⅛
Hocking Valley 4½s	109½
Rock Island 4s	87½
Pennsylvania convertible 3s	106
Louisville and Nashville Unified 4s	100¾
Mexican Central 4s	77
do. 1st income	25½
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	103½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	98¾
do. 2ds	85
New York Central general 3½s	105
New Jersey Central general 5s	133⅝
Northern Pacific 4s	103¾
do. 3s	72½
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	101¾
Reading General 4s	97¾
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	114½
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	94⅛
St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	97
do. 2ds	83
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s	86
Southern Pacific 4s	91⅝
Southern Railway 5s	117¼
Texas and Pacific 1sts	117
Toledo, St. L. and Western 4s	78
Union Pacific 4s	103
do. convertible 4s	105⅝
Wabash 1sts	117⅜
do. 2ds	110½
do debenture Bs	76⅜
West Shore 4s	110⅛
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	92⅛
Wisconsin Central 4s	91⅛
Continental Tobacco 4s	67¼
Colorado Fuel convertible 5s	93⅝
Manhattan convertible gold 4s	103

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, January 22.—Cotton opened firm at an advance of 3@4 points. However, the betterments served to encourage profit taking by longs and the market reacted at times, though as a rule the undertone was quite firm. Spot and export houses were good buyers. The port receipts were a distinct disappointment. The Houston figures were bullish, the estimate for tomorrow's receipts running quite low. A Greek house was a conspicuous buyer. A general demand, however, was met by heavy offerings and lower prices was the result. The reaction in some instances took the level below that of last night's close, but on the recessions there was some little investment buying in consequence of the indicated small movement. The temperatures in the cotton belt were low, and the weather in general was reported to be against the handling of cotton. The foreign situation was without distinct feature.

R. M. Seale & Co.'s General Market Letter.

Atlanta, January 22.—Cotton—The strength of southern markets was stated by private cables to have exerted a beneficial influence on the English market, and a good demand was reported for actual cotton. The official sales amounted to 12,000 at a net advance of 4 points, while deliveries improved to the extent of about 3 points. Transactions appeared to be effected here with a certain degree of indicision. Opening prices were firm and higher on good Liverpool news, but a trifling depreciation subsequently occurred on the expectation of a freer movement at the ports. It developed, however, that spots continued in good demand at full prices, and this fact sufficed to reestablish a steady tone. The market is possessed of vast possibilities on either side, and it is this fact that causes traders to exercise an unusual degree of conservatism. Much has been said about the crop remaining in the fields awaiting favorable weather for picking and marketing, and while this feature has not been without its effect, a glance at the foreign and domestic reviews of trade in manufactured cotton goods prompts one to reflect whether the world is not fully capable of taking care of the remainder of this crop at the existing level of values. Under such circumstances one opinion is as good as another.

Stocks—There was no material increase in activity today, and, naturally, in view of the general reactionary tendency of the market, there were no gains recorded. There were no developments in the money or foreign exchange markets to create any interest or excitement. Rates in both quarters were firmly maintained, and there was a sharp advance in long sterling bills on the greater ease of discount abroad. Notwithstanding the depression of American stocks in London the operations here for foreign accounts were upon a very slim scale, with slight preponderance of sales. The most noteworthy exception to the general tendency of the market were Delaware and Hudson, St. Louis and Southwestern and Frisco in the railways; Tennessee Coal and Iron, Republic Steel and Sloss-Sheffield among the miscellaneous, and American Coppers was also steady on comparatively light transactions. The market was somewhat firmer toward the close, some of the sentiment being influenced by the great strength of the grain market, which was based on liberal demand for export.

Wheat—A large cash business working in flour. Strength abroad started the early advance, with active buying in May as well as in July, but realizing was on a large scale and offerings were absorbed by the Armour interest, whose purchases today were no less than 3,000,000 bushels, the bulk of it for May, while buying orders poured in from all directions, including Europe. May advanced to 81 7-8c, a new high level, and closed strong slightly under the top. The shipping and export business was on a large scale, and we look for its continuance. With the market excited abroad and Armour's enormous line of May purchases, that month is little to be congested and moves up closer. Sentiment is very bullish and higher values can be looked for.

Corn—The market was very strong, broadening out considerably with buying of good character. The closing was strong, and we look for higher values. Fifteen million bushels sold here for March shipment.

Oats—There was good buying, some of good character, with selling scattered. With wheat working higher this cereal will probably follow in sympathy with the other market.

Baxter & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 22.—Prices made a small advance in the early market, but there was nothing much in the way of business. Cables were quite satisfactory and there again appeared to be a very good demand springing up for eastern account. It is suspected that the foreign element is taking a much more bullish view of the prospect than is generally supposed. It is a matter of record that Liverpool holdings are quite behind last year and that there exists in many quarters a shortage. Receipts, after repeated predictions of a big increase, fail to come forward in any such quantities as was confidently predicted. The question is, will they ever come? The best element prefers to be guided by the movement to date and cannot be convinced that there is any such amount of unmarketed cotton to appear as to disturb values. In fact, there is a decided inclination to bull the market, and this will find expression very shortly if the movement does not pick up radically, no matter what may be the excuse as to the roads, labor, weather or cars being scarce. Port receipts today 28,538, last year 32,911. Light rain fell at New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston and Galveston. Cables were 1 to 3 higher.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, January 22.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, show: Available cash balances, $213,764,797; gold, $100,005,549.

Foreign Finances.

London, January 22.—Consols for money 93 5-16; account 93 3-16. Atchison 89 7-8; do. preferred 102; Illinois Central 152 1-2; Louisville and Nashville 131.

Bar silver quiet at 21 11-16d.

Money 2 3-4@3 per cent.

Short bills 3 3-8@3 7-16; three months' bills 3 5-16@3 7-8 per cent.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve increase £1,724,000; circulation decrease £439,000; bullion increase £1,284,307; other securities increase £8,000; other deposits decrease £679,000; public deposits decrease £2,400,000; notes reserve increase £1,695,000; government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability this week is 46.05 per cent compared with 44.14 per cent last week.

Rate of discount unchanged at 4 per cent.

Paris, January 22.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 12 1-2 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 15 centimes for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decrease 70,925,000 francs; treasury accounts current increase 19,275,000; gold in hand increase 5,050,000; bills discounted decrease 60,600,000; silver in hand increased 975,000.

Berlin, January 22.—Short bills 2; three months bills 2 1-8 per cent.

The London Wool Market.

London, January 22.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today numbered 12,285. A superior selection of fine scoureds caused spirited competition between French and German buyers. Merinos were in demand. Crossbreds were in moderate supply and sold readily. A few lots of merinos were taken for America. A good selection of Cape of Good Hope and Natal was in keen demand.

New South Wales 1,500 bales; scoured 8 1-2@1s 1-2d; greasy 5 1-2d@1s 2d.

Queensland, 400 bales; scoured 1s 11d@2s 2 1-2d; greasy 8 1-2d@11d.

Victoria, 2,300 bales; scoured 1s 1-2d@1s 1d; greasy 5 1-2d@1s 2d.

South Australia, 2,400 bales; scoured 1s 2 1-2d@1s 6d; greasy 6 1-2d@11d.

New Zealand, 1,500 bales; scoured 5 1-2d@1s 4d; greasy 4 1-4@11 1-2d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 1,100 bales; scoured 8 1-2d@1s 9d; greasy 4 1-4d@10 1-2d.

Northern Securities Declares Dividend.

New York, January 22.—The directors of the Northern Securities Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 1-8 per cent, payable February 4. This is on a basis of 4 1-2 per cent and an increase of one-half of 1 per cent over the previous rate.

THE LEADING LONG WAS HEAVY BUYER

Smaller Operators Tailed On, Causing Strength in Wheat.

CLOSED OVER CENT HIGHER

On an Enormous Volume of Business—Corn Was Firm, Closing 3-4c Higher—Oats Firm 3-8 Up—Provisions Closed Higher.

Chicago, January 22.—The wheat market was again the center of attraction in the board of trade today, and still further gains were made, May closing 1 1-4c higher. May corn was up 3-4c and May oats 3-8c higher. Provisions closed strong with the May delivery from 2 1-2c to 10@12 1-2c higher.

Wheat ruled active and strong, and the volume of business was enormous, it being reported that the leading long added in the neighborhood of 4,000,000 bushels to his immense line. The active buying of this operator, with smaller ones tailing on, was the cause for the strength shown in the pit, although the news in general was of a bullish character. Good buying was reported for foreign account, both here and at New York, and additional cables were received, telling of the damage to the French crop. Advices from Argentina stated the weather there was threatening, and that there would be no increase in the shipments of wheat from that country for some time yet. The opening was strong on higher cables, with May 1-8@1-4c to 3-8@1-2c higher at 80 5-8@80 7-8c. Heavy realizing shortly after the start caused a slump to 80 3-8c, but there was a quick rally on renewed buying, and the price gradually advanced to 81 5-8c. Another decline to 81 1-4c ensued, but the market again rallied and May sold up to 81 7-8c. The close was 1 1-4c higher at 81 5-8@81 3-4c. There was good buying of July, and that month closed 1-4@3-8c higher at 75 5-8@75 3-4c, after selling up to 76c. Clearances of wheat and flour were 642,000 bushels. Primary receipts 567,000 bushels against 414,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 343 cars, which, with local receipts of 31, none contract, made total receipts for the three points of 374 cars against 302 last week and 340 a year ago.

Corn was rather quiet, but a firm feeling prevailed which was helped to a large extent by the strength in wheat. The weather was favorable for the movement and offerings from the country were liberal, but the car situation was still a prominent factor. Good commission house buying toward the close resulted in a strong finish, May being 3-4c higher at 44 7-8@45c, after selling between 44 1-8@45c. Local receipts 252, none contract.

Oats ruled firm along with other grains, but no special features were manifested in the trading. The majority of the business was for local account, and the selling was mainly by commission houses. The close was firm with May 3-8c higher at 36 1-2c after ranging between 36@36 1-8c and 36 1-2c. Local receipts 211 cars.

After a little easier feeling early on selling due to liberal receipts of hogs and lower prices at the yards, provisions ruled firm on a good demand from commission houses. Packers and pit traders were the chief sellers. The close was firm with May pork 10@12 1-2c higher at $16.82 1-2, May lard closed 2 1-2c higher at $9.62 1-2, while ribs were up 2 1-2@5c at $9.25.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 30 cars; corn, 400 cars; oats, 205 cars; hogs, 31,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
January	77	77⅞	77	77⅞
May	80⅝	81⅞	80⅝	81⅞
July	75⅝	76	75½	75⅞
CORN—				
January	47¾	48	47	47¾
May	44⅝	45	44⅛	45
July	43	43⅛	42⅞	43⅜
OATS—				
January	.....	.....	.....	34¼
May	36¼	36½	36⅛	36⅛
July	32⅝	32⅞	32⅜	32⅝
MESS PORK—				
January	19.00	19.12½	19.00	19.10
May	16.62½	16.87½	16.62½	16.82½
LARD—				
January	10.12½	10.12½	10.07½	10.10
May	9.55	9.62½	9.55	9.62½
July	9.40	9.42½	9.37½	9.42½
SHORT RIBS—				
January	9.07½	9.10	9.07½	9.10
May	9.17½	9.25	9.17½	9.25
July	9.07½	9.12½	9.05	9.10

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	24,000	11,500
Wheat, bushels	52,900	23,200
Corn, bushels	274,900	154,000
Oats, bushels	227,700	90,300
Rye, bushels	5,700	....
Barley, bushels	94,000	14,400

Baxter & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, January 22.—There has been a big day in wheat and further advance added to the price. Armour bought in enormous quantities at times, taking everything offered. Their purchases estimated over 4,000,000 bushels. There was heavy profit taking by long holders, but this had only temporary effect, and Armour bought steadily on all reactions. Very little short selling in evidence. The crowd thought Cudahy an early seller. Large commission houses were buyers as a rule. The market was a trifle lower shortly after the opening, May selling at 80 3-8c. When this liquidation was over, Valentine commenced to buy, and there was an advance to 81¾c. There were several reactions to around 81¼c, but the market easily recovered, and just before the close sold up to 81 7-8c, closing firm near the top. Outside liberal buyers of July. Clearances good and the seaboard reported a good export demand.

Corn—There was a better trade in corn, but the market was not very active, although some good buying was in evidence, and the market showed considerable strength late in the session. May sold at 45c. There was considerable for sale early in the day, but the market took it well. The strength of wheat helped the price. Commission houses bought later and there was good advance, the market closing firm at near the best prices. Cables were a little higher.

Oats firm, showing but little change in the price in spite of some holding early. The demand was sufficient to hold prices about 3-8c higher than yesterday's close. No special features to the market. Cash demand good.

Provisions about steady. Some early selling, due to lower prices for hogs, caused small declines, but buying by commission houses was sufficient to absorb offerings of small packers and pit traders. Pork fairly strong. Rather free selling of January lard credited to Swift. Ribs firm.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, January 22.—The hand of manipulation was plain to see. Some of the big board interests were disposed to operate openly, and in this fashion the Armour crowd took on over a million bushels of the May option. The provisions crowd, under the leadership of Cudahy, was a distinct seller, though quite a good deal of wheat was dumped over at the better prices by the commission house element. Conditions generally were regarded as bullish. At a late hour the strain was highly nervous to the trade.

The crop conditions in this country were generally favorable and the weather map was quite satisfactory.

The corn trade was fairly active and operations were distributed. Offerings fair from the country. Receipts quite liberal. Cash demand liberal and cables indifferent. The movement of prices sympathized with wheat. The Armours are said to still control a big line of the May option.

Oats were dull and rather featureless. Demand fair.

Provisions moderately active. There was some support on the lower prices, but selling for profit was noted on the better levels. Packers bullish on the general outlook.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, January 22.—Cattle—Receipts 1,000, including 500 Texans. Market slow; good to prim steers $4.50@5.85; poor to medium $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders $2.25@4.50; cows $1.40@4.50; heifers $2.00@4.75; canners $1.40@2.60; bulls $2.00@4.50; calves $300@7.50; Texas fed steers $3.50@4.40.

Hogs—Receipts 34,000. Market 10@15c lower than Wednesday morning; mixed and butchers $6.25@6.60; good to choice heavy $6.60@6.90; rough heavy $6.40@6.60; light $5.90@6.30; bulk of sales $6.40@6.60.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000. Market strong; lambs strong to 10c higher; good to choice wethers $4.40@5.00; fair to choice mixed $3.25@4.40; western sheep $3.50@5.00; native lambs $4.25@6.25; western lambs $4.50@6.10.

Kansas City, January 22.—Cattle—Receipts 4,200 natives, 300 Texans. Calves, 150, mostly natives. Corn cattle, cows and heifers and quarantine steady to 10c lower; stockers and feeders steady but slow; choice export and dressed beef steers $4.85@5.00; fair to good $3.50@5.80; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.25; western fed steers $2.75@5.10; Texas and Indian steers $3.15@4.10; Texas cows $2.60@3.00; native cows $1.75@3.75; native heifers $2.75@4.10; canners $1.00@2.10; bulls $2.40@3.70; calves $2.50@7.50.

Hogs—Receipts 8,500. Market 5@10c lower; top $6.80; bulks of sales $6.45@6.70; heavy $6.57 1-2@6.80; mixed packers $6.45@6.62 1-2; light $6.30@6.45; yorkers $6.40@6.45; pigs $5.75@6.20.

Sheep—Receipts 2,000. Market strong to 10c higher; native lambs $4.00@6.00; western lambs $3.85@5.85; fed ewes $3.00@5.00; native wethers $3.20@4.85; western wethers $3.00@4.85; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.50.

St. Louis, January 22.—Cattle—Receipts 1,200, including 800 Texans. Market steady to strong; native shipping and export steers $4.40@5.40, with strictly fancy quoted up to $6.00; dressed beef and butcher steers $4.00@5.00; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.60@4.20; cows and heifers $2.25@4.50; canners $1.50@2.50; bulls $2.35@2.50; calves $4.00@6.50; Texas and Indian steers $2.85@4.40; cows and heifers $2.25@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts 3,500. Market steady; pigs and lights $6.20@6.50; packers $6.40@6.65; butchers $6.40@6.90.

Sheep—Receipts 700. Market strong and higher; native muttons $4.00@4.85; lambs $4.75@6.25; culls and bucks $2.00@4.00; stockers $1.50@3.00; Texans $2.60@3.80.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, January 22.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at a partial decline of 5 points under liquidation and European selling influenced by lower European markets and heavy clearances. Importers and shorts bought enough to steady values, which were also sustained by a little investment demand as a result of smaller interior receipts and better reports from jobbers. During the afternoon business was very quiet again and the close was steady on the opening basis; sales 24,000 bags; January 4.20; February 4.20; March 4.30; May 4.45@4.50; July 4.60; September 4.75@4.80; October 4.85; November 4.90; December 5.05. Coffee spot quiet.

Sugar, raw quiet; fair refining 3 5-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 13-16; molasses sugar 3 1-16. Refined quiet.

New Orleans, January 22.—Sugar dull; open kettle 2 3-4@3 1-8; open kettle centrifugal 3 3-16@3 11-16; centrifugal whites 3 7-8@4; yellows 3 1-2@3 15-16; seconds 2 1-8@3 5-16. Molasses steady; open kettle 14@25; centrifugal 5@18. Sirup 19@23.

Baxter & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, January 22.—The market received a sharp check to the activity and buoyancy of late yesterday, owing to the latest phase of the Venezuelan situation. The selling pressure did not reach significant proportions, and the political anxiety was principally effective in checking business. London sold only moderately. In the afternoon a favorable change in sentiment was reflected by smart rallies in prices. Unofficial Washington advices were reassuring as to the improbability of trouble growing out of the latest action at Venezuela. Monetary and foreign exchange developments were distinctly favorable. A good influence was the strength of wheat and very big exports of grain. The general list held up to or close to last night's close. The market closed firm but not quite up to the best prices of the day.

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A Department Exclusively for Women.

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6,000 Augusta 5 per cent bonds, due 192[illegible]
5,000 Savannah 5 per cent bonds, due 19[illegible]
4,000 West Point, Ga., 6 per cent bonds due 1926.
7,000 West Point, Ga., 6 per cent bonds due 1927.
6,000 Dalton, Ga., 5 per cent bonds, due 1918.
20,000 Albany, Ga., 6 per cent bonds, due 1912 to 1917.
4,500 Asheville, N. C., 6 per cent bonds due 1918.
3,600 Atlanta and West Point R. R. Co. 6 per cent debentures.
7,000 Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. 6 per cent bonds, due 1910.
3,000 Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. 6 per cent bonds, due 1922.
3,000 Central of Georgia, Mobile Division, 5 per cent bonds, due 1946.
2,000 Central of Georgia, Chattahoochee and Gulf, 5 per cent bonds, due 1930.
Also Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. stock, Augusta and Savannah Railroad Co. stock, Southwestern Railroad Co. stock, etc.
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The Metal Market.

New York, January 22.—Tin advanced 12s 6d in the London market today, where it closed at £128 17s 6d for both spot and futures. The local market was influenced by the foreign strength, but was irregular, closing at 28.25@28.37 1-2.

Copper was also higher in London, closing there at an advance of 17s 6d to £53 12s 6d for spot and £53 17s 6d for futures. On this side the market was firm and a shade higher. Standard is quoted at 11.75; lake 12.25@12.50; electrolytic 12.20@12.50; casting 12.00@12.25.

Lead declined 1s 3d in London to £11 10s, but here it remained quiet and steady at 4 1-8.

Spelter was higher in both markets, although trade was quiet. London advanced 2s 6d to £20 5s 1d and the average price here was increased by about 2 1-2 points, the close being 4.90@5.00.

Iron was firm abroad with Glasgow closing 53s 6d and Middlesboro 47s 4 1-2d. Locally iron was quiet and unchanged. Warrants are nominal. No. 1 foundry, northern, $23@25; No. 2 northern, foundry, No. 1 foundry, southern and soft, $22@[illegible]

St. Louis, January 22.—Lead firm at $3.97 1-2. Spelter strong at $4.80.

OUR STORE WILL BE CLOSED TODAY.

We are arranging the Inman, Smith & Co. stock for our big sale which begins tomorrow morning promptly at nine o'clock. See our advertisements in the afternoon papers.

Bass — Atlanta's Progressive Store. — Bass

LOST HIS LIFE IN PRIZE RING

Blow in Bout Killed School Boy Pugilist in New York.

Scituate, R. I., January 22.—Eugene McCarthy, the "school boy pugilist" of New York, died today from the effects of a blow received in a bout here last night with Hugh Murphy, also of New York. McCarthy received the blow in the fifteenth round.

It was on the body, but the youth fell and his head struck the floor with great force. He became unconscious and all efforts to revive him were futile. McCarthy was 18 years of age, and a pupil at a New York high school.

AT OAKLAND

FIRST AND SECOND PICKS DIVIDED THE HONORS

San Francisco, January 22.—Favorites and second choices divided the money at Oakland today over a sloppy track. Bullman and W. Waldo each rode two winners.

FIRST RACE—Three-quarters of a mile, purse: Lady Kane, 101 (C. Kelly), 8 to 5, won; Buzer, 96 (McGovern), 12 to 1, second; Lansdowne, 85 (Knapp), 10 to 1, third. Time 1:15 1-4. Long Fisherman, Leash, Arabamahala, Lilly Pantland, Prue, Rubino, Pat Oram, Orpheus, Man of Honor, Intrepido and Cherries also ran.

SECOND RACE—Seven-sixteenths of a mile, 2-year-olds, selling: Hoceo, 110 (Bullman), 3 to 1, won; Knob Hampton, 113 (Donnelly), 10 to 1, second; Samar, 109 (Frawley), 6 to 1, third. Time :42 1-2. Shorty Kone, Selected, Harold W, Bombayer, County Down, Amberita, Royal Guar dalso ran.

THIRD RACE—One mile, selling: Miriena, 100 (W. Waldo), 2 to 1, won; Andrew Ring, 110 (Burns), 2 1-2 to 1, second; Dotterell, 96 (Connell), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:43. Delselgo, Dupont, Escarola, Aimarica and Stunts also ran.

FOURTH RACE—One mile, handicap: Proper, 111 (Burns), even, won; Claude, 109 (J. Daly), 4 to 1, second; Durazzo, 109 (Donnelly), 3 1-2 to 1, third. Time 1:41 1-2. Gold Bell ran.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, mile and 50 yards: Hermencia, 107 (Bullman), 2 1-2 to 1, won; Autolight, 110 (Burns), 2 1-2 to 1, second; Axminster, 107 (J. Daly), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:45. July Gyp, Galanthus, Ting-A-Ling ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Prestano, 104 (W. Waldo), 4 to 1, won; Golden Cottage, 107 (J. Daly), 8 to 1, second; Quiz II, 112 (Troxler), 6 to 5, third. Time 1:14 3-4. Illoluon, Troy, Bernota, Little Margaret and Ed Lilburn ran.

Today's Entries at Oakland.

First Race—Mile and sixteenth, selling: Katanga, 84; Winifred, Weir, 102; Figardon, Isabelita, Indina, Alta G., Misty Pride, 107; Delusive, Mr. Farnum, Creedmore, Peter J., Gyros, 109.

Second Race—Six furlongs, selling: Stella Perkins, 92; Phyllis, 97; Frank, Mayo, Man of Honor, Mythras, 102; Sterling Towers, 104; Edinborough, Sailor, 105; Plantonius, Mike Murphy, 106; Miss Dividend, Rose of Hilo, 107.

Third Race—One one-eighth mile, selling: All About, Halmetta, 99; Leroyd, Tufts, Macchus, 101; Bonnie Lissak, Canedo, 104; Hurgarian, Castake, Sunello, Dr. Bernays, July Gyp, 106; Hesper, Greyfield, Rimrock, 109.

Fourth Race—Handicap, six furlongs: Stuyve, 106; Dainty, 85; Gravina, 94; Sylvia Talbot, 88.

Fifth Race—Mile, selling: Major Dixon, Lapidus, 103; Bill Massie, Diderot, 109; Golden Light, Ultruda, Brant Phoebus, 106; Hainault, 98; Mocorito, 107; Dunblane, Horton, 112.

Sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: The Major, Epicure, 113; Mr. Dirge, Gra Viva, 107; Seize, 99.

BROUGHT COTTON TO MARKET.

B. H. Thompkins Brings 239 Bales to Carrollton.

Carrollton, Ga., January 22.—(Special.) Ben Hill Thompkins, a prominent and extensive planter of Franklin, in Heard county, 20 miles south of this city, marketed one of the largest individual crops of cotton of the season from the ware houses of Carrollton the past week. There were 239 bales and $9,400 was paid for the crop. There are several other as large planters in Heard county who haul their crops to Carrollton. Although the extreme drought greatly cut off crops in this section it is generally predicted that Carrollton's cotton receipts from the crop of 1902 will be up to the average or somewhere between 20,000 and 25,000 bales.

The latest advices from Andijan, Russian Turkestan, which was partly destroyed by earthquakes in December last, say the exodus from that city continues. The fugitives include every one who can possibly get away, the only Russians remaining being the government and municipal officers.

SHOWMAN, 30 TO 1, SHOCKS THE PUBLIC

He Passes Under Wire in Front of the Favorite.

NOT A FAVORITE WON

Outsiders Were First in Every Event at New Orleans — Nitrate, Played for a Good Thing, Loses by a Head to Hargis.

New Orleans, January 22.—Favorites fared no better today, each meeting defeat in the six events on the card. Nitrate was looked upon as a certainty in his race and under pressure his price receded from sixes to 5 to 2, but he was beaten out a head on the post by Ed Corrigan's Hargis. The stewards have ordered the refusal of further entry of the horse Alfred C. and the mounts of Jockey J. Winkfield restricted to the horses of his employer, Ed Corrigan. The weather was clear and the track heavy and lumpy with a path.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Showman, 112 (Haack), 30 to 1, won; Glennevis, 112 (Redfern), 3 to 1, second; My Surprise, 104 (Buchanan), 10 to 1, third. Time 1:17 4-5. Farmer Jim, Marco, Frank Rice, Safeguard, Double O, King Dodo, Uranium and Prince Eugene ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, mile: El Rey, 125 (Robertson), 8 to 1, won; Peat, 155 (Buchanan), 4 to 1, second; Frank Kenney, 133 (Fuller), 5 to 2, third. Time 1:48 1-5. Lime Light, Denny Duffy, Alfred C. John Bull, Saragamp, Judge Magee, Socapa, Silver Coin and Heroics ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, 5 1-2 furlongs: Bummer, 105 (Robbins), 3 to 1, won; Optional, 101 (Scully), 7 to 1, second; Ed L, 109 (Redfern), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:10. Senator Morrison, Benmora, Allyar and The Pride of Surrey ran.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap, mile: Hargis, 104 (Winslett), 3 to 1, won; Nitrate, 110 (Redfern), 5 to 2, second; Rankin, 101 (Robbins), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:45. St Tammany, Major Mansir, Molster, Bard of Avon, Albert F. Dewey and Great Star ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Federal, 112 (Winkfield), 3 to 2, won; Wealth, 110 (Buchanan), even, second; St. Cuthbert, 112 (Redfern), 8 to 1, third. Time 1:17. Harry New and Orpheum ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 1 1-16 miles: Carat, 104 (Battiste), 5 to 2, won; Frank M, 104 (Robbins), 11 to 10, second; Morketo, 102 (Reddington), 15 to 1, third. Time 1:54. Glenzen, King Barleycorn, Dutch Carter, Pierce J and Deloraine ran.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Selling, 3-year-olds, mile and 70 yards: Laton, 94; Hedge, Immorelle, 96; Kiwasa, 101; John Coulter, Blanco, Exapo, The Wizard, 104; Mauser, 106; Welcome Light, 108; Roll Call, 109; Glendon, 110.

Second Race—Selling, 7 furlongs: Loka, 95; White Owl, 98; Kiss Quick, 100; Four Leaf C., 101; Inspector Shea, Willard J., Zack Ford, 102; Andes, Boundlee, Censor, Ohagen, 105; Carl Kahler, 110.

Third Race—Purse, mile: Star and Garter, Burke Cochran, 87; Discus, 90; Flintlock, 95; Eda Riley, 97; Dougherty, 98; Rough Rider, Great American, 99; Wealth, 102; Marcos, 103; McChesney, 113.

Fourth Race—Handicap, 6 furlongs: Marie Bell, Bummer II, 90; If You Dare, Carpet Knight, 98; Mrs. Frank Foster, Amigari, Andes, 100; Carl Kahler, 101; Telamon, 105.

Fifth Race—Selling, mile and eighth: Blue Ridge, Wissendine, 93; Simoon, 95; Eliza Dillon, 98; Pay the Fiddler, 100; Lorlare, 102; Chickadee, Marion Lynch, Dr. Fannie, 103; Ceylon, 105; Swordsman, Benson Caldwell, 108.

Sixth Race—Purse, 3-year-old fillies, 6 furlongs: Bal Pondre, Lizzie Brooks, Candareen, 100; Dodona, Noweta, Our Bessie, 103; Princess Tulane, Tioga, Fading Light, Latuka, Mamselle, Swee: Nell, 110.

DEAL HAS BEEN DECLARED OFF.

That Is Report About Seaboard and South and Western.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) It is given out that the deal between the Seaboard Air Line and the South and Western railway for the purchase or control of the South and Western railway has been declared off. It is further asserted that if any change is made in the control of the South and Western it will likely be in favor of the Southern railway. George L. Carter, of Bristol, Tenn., is at the head of the South and Western, which extends from Johnson City, Tenn., through the mountains into North Carolina, and which is projected to run from Johnson City up through the Toms Creek, Va. coal fields on into West Virginia and probably to reach the Detroit Southern at Ironton, Ohio.

Shortage of Mail Sacks.

Washington, January 22.—The postal service is confronted with a stringency in the supply of mail sacks and pouches and has called on all postmasters to forward immediately all available sacks and pouches. It is estimated that there are 200,000 mail sacks and many thousands more of pouches and locks lying idle in postoffices throughout the country.

BALL KICKERS WERE DEFEATED

New York and Brooklyn Forced to Yield at League Meeting.

Cincinnati, January 22.—After ratifying unanimously the peace agreement at 2 o'clock this morning with a dramatic scene at the Grand hotel, the National Baseball League continued its adjourned annual session today.

After discussing the terms of the peace agreement night and day for three successive days, with the minority (New York and Brooklyn) allowed to have its way in everything, the majority gave notice late last night that it would rule and the ultimatum is said to have been made unconditionally and emphatically by August Herrmann, who presented the majority report from the committee of the whole.

Soon after midnight both the minority and majority reports were disposed of and then a resolution was unanimously adopted ratifying the peace agreement as it came from the conference committee, and this was followed by unanimously adopting resolutions of thanks to Chairman Herrmann and other members of the national committee on the joint peace commission.

While the peace agreement has been ratified without changing a word, a resolution was adopted to compensate Brooklyn for the loss of Pitcher Donovan and another resolution construing section a so that the "New York in the American circuit" means the borough of Manhattan and not the Greater New York.

CO. E. LEADS IN FIELD SPORTS

Events Hotly Contested By the Troops at Fort McPherson.

Spirited and closely contested were the field day contests of the several companies of the Sixteenth infantry at Fort McPherson yesterday. The entries were large and every company at the post was represented by its best athletes. The rivalry between the organizations was intense and extended from the latest recruit to the highest ranking officer. Large crowds from Atlanta were present.

The company making the best showing in the contests will take part in the great military tournament to be held in Madison Square Garden in New York. Several more field days will be required to settle the supremacy of the companies stationed at Fort McPherson.

The following is the official score of events:

100-Yard Dash—Won by Private Burke, company G; Private Brennan, company M, second; Corporal Overleese, third. Time, 12 seconds.

220-Yard Dash—Won by Private Annis, company K; second, Private Bronan, company K; third, Private Moon, company E. Time, 32 seconds.

440-Yard Dash—Won by Private Burke, company G; second, Private Rowe, company I; third, Private Path, company L. Time, 1:06.

Standing Broad Jump—Won by Sergeant Sebring, company E, 9 feet 2 1-2 inches; second, Private Zook, company K, 9 feet; third, Private Duskey, company K, 8 feet 11 1-4 inches.

Running Broad Jump—Won by Sergeant Sebring, company E, 16 feet 6 1-2 inches; second, Private Carmen, company M, 15 feet 5 7-8 inches; third, Private Baker, company I, 14 feet 7 7-8 inches.

Standing High Jump—Won by Sergeant Sebring, company E, 4 feet 5 inches; second, First Sergeant Patton, company L, 4 feet 4 inches.

Running High Jump—Private McMurray, company L, and Private Nelson, company E, tied at 4 feet 8 inches.

Hop, Step and Jump—Won by Sergeant Sebring, company E, 26 feet 4 3-4 inches.

Putting 16-Pound Shot—Won by Private Sweet, company K, 31 feet 5 inches.

Throwing Baseball—Won by Private Kittinzer, company M, 301 feet 2 inches.

Equipment Race—Won by Private Roberts, company K. Time, 1:45.

Relay Race—Won by company M. Time, 2:16.

Tug of War—Won by company I.

It was the latter event that created the greatest rivalry. Officers and enlisted men alike could hardly be restrained from in some way assisting their favorite team. The victors were taken to their quarters on the shoulders of their comrades, followed by an enthusiastic crowd of admirers. The regimental band enlivened the day by rendering numerous popular selections.

The officials of the day were:

Referee—Lieutenant C. L. McKain.

Inspectors—Lieutenant G. H. White, Lieutenant W. A. Castle and Lieutenant R. A. Lynch.

Judges—Lieutenant L. S. D. Rucker, Jr., Lieutenant L. L. Roach and Lieutenant Blanton Winship.

Time-Keepers—Lieutenant J. W. Lacour, Lieutenant W. O. Boswell and Lieutenant Sidney Smith.

Starter—Lieutenant P. L. Smith.

Clerk of Course—Lieutenant E. Ridenour.

Scorers—Lieutenant R. H. Hearn, Lieutenant D. E. Shean and Lieutenant Louis Soleliac.

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AND CONTINUE DAILY UNTIL STOCK IS SOLD.

Showcases and other Fixtures to be Disposed of During this Sale.

Charles W. Crankshaw

JEWELER.

INSTITUTES ARE TO BE REVIVED

State University To Again Enlist Farmers In Work.

Athens, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—It would seem at the present time that the state university did a very wise thing in deciding to reestablish the farmer institutes and in placing at their head such a well known man as Harvie Jordan. This is evidenced by the expressions of approval of the people of this city and of the entire state. Mr. Jordan will begin his work very soon and will carry it through successfully, quickly reestablishing these old institutes and getting them back into working order again. These institutes will consist of anywhere from fifty to one hundred farmers, who will meet together monthly to read papers on agricultural subjects and to discuss current topics.

A State Agent.

Another matter of interest about which many people are at present talking is the election of a state agent. His duty will be to advertise the university. The name of President Stewart is being considered. Mr. Stewart is president of the college at Dahlonega and since assuming this position he has done much toward bettering the cause of education. A special chairman was appointed by the board of trustees to look over the state to find a suitable man for this place, the chairman being Chancellor Hill.

Chancellor Hill leaves Athens today. Before returning he will visit Mr. Peabody in New York to discuss the library problem with him.

Thomas Watson, who was invited by Phi Kappa Literary Society to deliver the annual address at commencement before the two literary societies, has refused to accept the invitation on account of press of work. This is a severe disappointment to the university students and to the people of Athens who were all very anxious to hear him speak.

Baseball Matters.

Baseball practice has commenced at Georgia. Monday afternoon saw a large number of candidates on the field. It is rather doubtful, though, whether the practice will continue if the present weather keeps on.

Coach Reynolds has been giving his pitchers a few points in the best way of developing and strengthening their wrists. Monday's practice consisted largely in exercise in batting, teaching the men how to stand and how to use the bat properly. The prospects for a good team this year are fine.

It is understood that a number of changes are being contemplated in the schedule. Contrary to the first announcement, Cornell will not be the first game. Davidson will probably come about the 3d of April, Clemson coming next, and Cornell third, but even this is liable to change and is not positively decided.

TRIUMPHS OF 1902.

Seldom if ever in any one year of the history of the world have so many important events of universal interest taken place. America, England, Germany and France have each participated. The president of the United States welcomed and entertained H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia at the White House, Edward the VII. was crowned king of England and emperor of India, the German emperor had his American-built yacht, "Meteor," christened; France had the unveiling of the Rochambeau Statue, and at all functions attending these celebrations Moet & Chandon's Champagne was used exclusively. This indeed is an unparalleled record, which is proof positive of the superority and popularity of the renowned brand of Moet & Chandon White Seal.

Mrs. Isaiah White, Danielsville.

Athens, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Mrs. Isaiah White, wife of a prominent citizen of Madison county, died Tuesday night at her home at Danielsville.

LOOK ON 3rd PACE OF THIS PAPER.

Carlton

GOOD MATERIAL AT GEORGIA

Baseball Prospects Better Than They Have Been for Some Years.

Georgia's baseball team bids fair to be all that the university's devoted fans could expect of it this season. While Colle, Calhoun, McWhorter and Cooper, of last year's team, failed to return, yet there is an abundance of good material from which to choose their successors.

The following are some of the crack-a-jack candidates for some of the different positions:

Catchers, Dickinson and Allen; pitchers, Bower, Anderson, Harmon and Middleton; first base, Beaver; infielders, Walker, Harmon, Clarke and Blount; outfielders, Jacques and McCalla.

Griffin, of Emory college, and Brooks, of Valdosta, are fine players, but are ineligible because of late entrance into college.

The team will begin batting practice as soon as the present cold weather breaks.

The first game will be played with Cornell.

STUDENTS TESTING THE OIL.

Specific Gravity of Illuminating Oils Being Ascertained.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) Students of the University of Tennessee are doing some analytical chemical work now that may control some proposed legislation in the matter of coal inspection laws. A series of tests are being made relative to the specific gravities of samples of oils, and it may be that the results of these tests will be used by the Tennessee legislature in enacting a law providing for highr tests of efficiency for illuminating oils that may be sold in this state. At present the test is simple, being to ascertain whether the oil gives off a gas that will ignite when the oil is heated to 120 degrees Fahrenheit. The purpose of the specific gravity test is, it is said, to determine whether the heavy and less combustible petroleum materials are left in the kerosene oil. These materials, it is claimed, cause the poor burning qualities that are being complained of in this city and perhaps elsewhere in the state. There is a strong sentiment here to have the legislature now in session, enact laws that will afford a higher grade of illuminating oil for the Tennessee market.

SHE SUES GORDON FOR DIVORCE

Member of Prominent Virginia Family Haled to Court.

New York, January 22.—An action for absolute divorce has been instituted by Mrs. James Lindsay Gordon against her husband, formerly assistant district attorney of this city. Mr. Gordon denies the charges made against him. He is a son of George L. Gordon, and a grandson of General William F. Gordon, who represented Virginia in congress for several years. Mr. Gordon has himself served as a member of the Virginia state senate. Mrs. Gordon is a daughter of a wealthy Philadelphia manufacturer.

OLD HATS CLEANED.

Reshaped, fall styles. Bussey, 28½ Whitehall.

Installing Rural Routes.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) Inspector Hardeman, of the rural mail service, arrived here from Washington yesterday afternoon. He comes to install a thorough rural free mail delivery system all over Knox county. Every section of the county will be supplied at once with mail service emanating from the Knoxville postoffice. The county's population is about 80,000.

Flower Committee Meets.

Chattanooga, January 21.—(Special.)—The flower committee of the Chattanooga spring festival met this afternoon and selected Miss Myra Smartt as the queen of the coming festival. She is the only daughter of Captain J. P. Smartt, and is one of the handsomest and most popular of Chattanooga's society women. This is regarded as the greatest of social honors.

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TIN PLATE WORKS, Philadelphia.

ROLLING MILLS and BLACK PLATE PLANT, Cumberland, Md.

HIS WAS A DEAR DRUNK

J. M. Campbell Fined $50 for That Offense—Was Suspected of Theft.

J. M. Campbell, a white man, pleaded guilty yesterday morning before Judge Broyles to a drunk that cost him the dear price of $50. This is the biggest advance in the police court market in a long while, but it is explained by unusual circumstances surrounding the case.

Campbell was suspected of robbing a young man from the country of $22. The evidence showed that he had induced the young fellow to spend the night in his room and the next morning the money was found missing. Campbell denied his guilt and there was no direct evidence connecting him with the theft. He admitted being drunk, however, and Judge Broyles fined him $50 for that offense.

FOR THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS

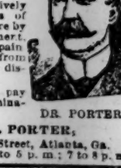
Report of Committee Distributing the Relief Fund.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 22.—(Special.) The committee at Coal Creek which had in charge the distribution of the relief fund that was raised last May for the widows and orphans of the nearly 300 miners who were killed in the Fraterville coal mine disaster has made an interesting report. The committee has received $22,909.50 and the expenditures have averaged about $1,375 per month for the past eight months. The committee figures that it now has in hand money enough to pay the living expenses of those dependent upon it until the middle of next November, about ten months off. What will become of the widows and orphans then is not known.

VARICOCELE

RUPTURE

"Pay When Cured"



Is proof that I positively cure the worst cases of Varicocele and Rupture by my original treatment, without cutting, pain, blood or detention from business. I treat all diseases of men.

REMEMBER, you pay me when cured. Examination free.

DR. PORTER.

DR. E. D. PORTER,

113½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Hours—8:30 to 1; 2 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.

Cotton Seed Oil And Gin Machinery.

Not in any Combination or Trust.

Complete plants from 15 to 200 tons capacity. Special small plants for planters. Cotton gins and complete ginning systems.

E. Van Winkle Gin and Machine Wks.

ATLANTA, GA.

LADIES! $500 REWARD For a case of obstinate suppression, any cause in pathology, my monthly regulafils to relieve; safe, harmless; mail; how long suppressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., 149 Dearborn St., Chicago.

KAMPER'S

Good Old Time Mince Meat

Mrs. Owens' mince meat, clean, wholesome, pure. Made right here in town, and put up in sealed jars. It makes the kind of pies "your mother used to make."

Jar 65c

With The True Flavor.

Sweet Garden Peas, excellent flavor and the true flavor of fresh garden peas, not an artificial sweetness, 15c a can, dozen..... $1.65

From The Bakery.

Big cakes and little cakes, bread, rolls and so on—tempting baked eatables.

KAMPER'S,

3 Stores.

Ask For Blue Stamps

The Piedmont Hotel

Contains the finest Plumbing in the South.

It was planned and executed by

D. W. Yarbrough,

20 E. Hunter St.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

DeWITT'S WITCH HAZEL SALVE

THE ORIGINAL.

A Well Known Cure for Piles.

Cures obstinate sores, chapped hands, eczema, skin diseases. Makes burns and scalds painless. We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. The best salve that experience can produce or that money can buy.

Cures Piles Permanently

DeWitt's is the original and only pure and genuine Witch Hazel Salve made. Look for the name DeWITT on every box. All others are counterfeit. PREPARED BY

E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

DROPSY TREATED FREE. Quick relief. Cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GREENS' SONS, BOX F, ATLANTA, GA.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and Business University ATLANTA, GA.

8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 8 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

My personal attention is given to the classes in **China Painting** which are still going on every morning. Now entering into the Twentieth Year, having been established in August, 1883.

WM. LYCETT, Atlanta Ga.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College, ATLANTA, GA. The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 650 graduates. Cat. free.

WAREHOUSE ROOM

AND PLENTY OF IT NOW.

We have just completed our big new fire proof brick warehouse, 60 and 62 Castleberry street, corner Peters, and across Castleberry from the Southern Railroad Depot and are stocking with

WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS.

No drayage and no breakage. We unload from cars and truck right into warehouse. Shipments going on Southern Railroad system trucked into their depot and no drayage and no breakage.

Largest Stock of Glass Ever Seen in the South.

Quick delivery. Any and all sizes.

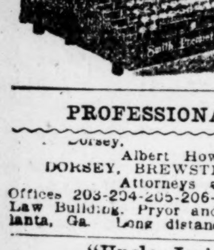
F. J. Cooledge & Bro.

Established in 1857.

Peter Lynch,

95 Whitehall St.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos. Also, at 7 W. Mitchell st., Dealer in Hardware, Guns, Pistols and Ammunition, Garden and Field Seeds, Shoes and Rubbers, Boots. Just received a lot of Fresh Turnip Seeds, Bush and Cornfield Beans, Ear Corn for midsummer planting, etc., etc. Millville—Mason and Mason Improved and Woodbury Fruit Jars, half gallons, quarts and pints, also fixtures extra for any of these Fruit Jars. A perfect variety store, as usual. Terms Cash. 150 spirit barrels, half barrels, 15 and 10 and 5-gallon kegs for sale.



H. M. Ashe, General State Dealer, Y. M. C. A. Building, Atlanta, Ga. Second-hand machines of all the different makes for sale at LOW PRICES.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr. DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law. Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

"Uncle Joe's" Count.

Washington Star: Now that the speakership seems to be heading toward Chairman Cannon many stories are being told about "Uncle Joe" to illustrate his quaint humor.

Last winter Speaker Henderson called Mr. Cannon to the chair on one occasion when a vote was to be taken on an amendment, the rejection of which was a foregone conclusion. It was one of those amendments to an appropriation bill which was made merely as a record, as the member who moved it had no idea that it would be passed. About six votes were in its favor and the balance of those to be cast were against it. Every one knows how tedious is the process of counting votes which has to be gone through by the speaker when a rising vote is taken. On this occasion Mr. Cannon called for those who favored the amendment to stand after "a division" had been demanded. He began counting, the long forefinger of his right hand shaking over the house as he was telling them off.

"One—two—three—four—five—" he counted, when the tediousness of the process seemed to flash over him as he looked over the house and saw nearly every one on his feet.

"Oh, h—, a hundred," he exclaimed to the clerk who was watching him in order to take down the number.

Every one who witnessed the quick method of arriving at the vote enjoyed it hugely. It answered every purpose and no one offered the least objection to it.

A Mourning Monopoly.

Paris Correspondent of The London Daily News: A plan for being equal with the clergy has been discussed in committee rooms of the majority of the chamber. It is to take up the Belle resolution of 1879 to transfer to the communes the funeral monopoly which Napoleon gave to the church. This privilege applies to hearses, coffins, lettres de faire part, or announcements by letter of deaths, the sale of mourning clothes at maisons de deuil, or special mourning shops, and all the church hangings and peculiar lights used at funerals. The church, however, had the wisdom not to appear to make merchandise of these objects, and handed on her monopoly to companies of undertakers.

The monopoly of "funeral pomps" is one of the richest sources of income that the church enjoys. The transfer of it to the Communes would, therefore, more deeply affect the clergy than any possible suspension of their stipends. What is now proposed is to give the municipalities power to act as undertakers or to pass on the monopoly to the highest public bidders, leaving to the church the right to celebrate the funeral masses at the present tariffs.

The church has never stringently applied the article giving it a right to monopolize the sale of mourning clothes, and the custom of nearly a hundred years is in favor of shopkeepers selling handkerchiefs with black borders and bonnets that could be worn at funerals. But to set one's self up with a full suit of mourning one must go to the "Maison de Deuil," near the parish church.

STATE GOSSIP CAUGHT IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS

Governor Terrell yesterday appointed ten delegates from Georgia to the American Roadmakers' congress, which will be held in Detroit, Mich., February 13 and 14.

The governor received from Secretary W. S. Crandall, of the American Roadmakers, an invitation to name delegates to this congress, stating that upon the receipt of their names, invitations would be promptly forwarded to them.

The delegates named by Governor Terrell yesterday are Forrest Adair, of Atlanta; Judge W. F. Eve, of Augusta; Hon. J. J. Seay, of Rome; Edwin Brobston, of Brunswick; T. P. Vincent, of Athens; W. L. Tillman, of Columbus; G. M. Ryals, of Savannah; S. T. Lofley, of Montezuma; R. F. Strickland, of Griffin, and W. A. Davis, of Macon.

The object of the congress is to discuss the good roads question and to keep it prominently before the people of the country with a view to bettering the road systems of all the states.

Pensions Paid to Widows.

Confederate widows of Fulton county had their day at the capitol yesterday, and 290 of them received their pension vouchers from Pension Commissioner Lindsey, these being promptly cashed at the treasury department.

Treasurer Park broke the record again yesterday morning, paying forty-nine of the pensioners in seven minutes. This number had gathered at the treasury door before the opening hour, and each of them was handed three new $20 bills as the voucher was presented.

Besides the widows several other pensioners who had not received their money called for it, and altogether there was paid out $17,965. Altogether the treasury has paid out in Atlanta more than $50,000. The pensioners of Cobb, Clayton and DeKalb counties will be paid today.

At the Prison Farm.

The members of the prison commission, together with Secretary Goodloe Yancey, spent Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday at the state prison farm at Milledgeville for the purpose of making certain improvements and giving the farm a general inspection.

The members of the commission instructed Captain Foster, who is in charge, that he must make, this year, enough wheat, oats, corn, meat and vegetables to supply the farm with all they need, as they are determined to make it self sustaining. After that they gave him permission to make all the cotton possible. It is believed that Captain Foster, in addition to making the farm self-supporting this year, will make about 1,000 bales of cotton, the profit on which will be net to the state.

Captain Yancey states that the duties of the officials at the farm were more clearly defined by the members of the commission, and everything will be put in good working order.

Capitol Notes.

Another city bond case, similar to that of Aaron Roff against the town of Calhoun, will be brought to the supreme court in the next few days from Columbus, it is stated. Columbus proposes to issue bonds for water works purposes, and citizens there are making the same point against them as was made in the Calhoun case, namely, that with the interest considered as a part of the debt the constitutional limit on bond issues will be exceeded in case these bonds are allowed to be issued.

A large quantity of cotton seed meal has been seized or held up by fertilizer inspectors in various parts of the state, under instructions from Commissioner of Agriculture O. B. Stevens, because the brands on it were not in accordance with law. It will only be necessary to have the meal retagged, after which it will be released.

Governor Terrell yesterday appointed F. G. Boatwright judge and C. C. Hall solicitor of the city court of Tifton, in Berrien county. This court was created by act of the last legislature.

Governor Terrell yesterday offered a reward of $250 for the unknown incendiary who set fire to a gin house in Laurens county a few days ago. The law requires that in case of parties who set fire to gin houses the reward offered must be $250.

Major J. W. Warren, the well known secretary of the executive department, will leave the city Sunday for Florida, where he goes on his annual visit to his sons. Major Warren has been secretary of the executive department since 1872, and he has always taken his vacation in the winter instead of summer, spending his time at Tampa, Fla.

TURNER TRIES TO HANG HIMSELF

Crazed With Drink, Haralson Turner Attempts Rash Act.

Converted His Suspenders Into a Noose and Had One End Fastened About His Neck When Discovered. He Was Arrested.

Wild from the effects of strong drink, and in an almost nude condition, Haralson Turner, a young white man who resides on Cornelia street, was discovered last night about 9 o'clock making an attempt to hang himself in a cell at police barracks.

He had converted his suspenders into a noose and with one end tied about his neck was endeavoring to fasten the other end in a ventilation hole in the top of the cell, when his preparations were discovered and thwarted just in time. The frenzied man was standing on a bunk and evidently intended to leap off and end his existence by strangulation.

Turner was found in this position by another white prisoner, who, with several others, had been allowed the freedom of the corridor. Turnkey Terry was quickly notified and the preparations of the man stopped. The suspenders were then taken from him, in order that he could not make another similar attempt.

The condition of the young man was pitiable. He talked wildly, declaring vehemently that the cell was full of people, and begged the officers to take him out. The officers tried to relieve his fear by telling him there was no one but him in the cell and by going themselves into the cell and striking matches, but the prisoner could not be persuaded to this belief.

"This place is full of people, and they have been following me all day," he cried. "I want you to get them out of here or let me out. Look at them. There they are. Don't you see them? Why, the whole place is full of people."

Turner was arrested about 8 o'clock last night at his home on Cornelia street by Call Officer Doyle, and at that time he was in a terrible condition. Officer Doyle went to the house in response to a telephone message from a policeman. Turner was crazed from the effects of the intoxicants and three men were required to subdue him.

Shortly after being locked in a cell the young man removed nearly all of his clothing and then made the attempt to hang himself.

It has been decided to close all the ports of Ecuador to steamers from San Francisco, owing to the importation of bubonic plague. Vessels which left San Francisco January 20, or after that date, will not be admitted.

Ladies' Hands

My experience with PEARLINE leads me to think it milder on the hands, and it takes less of it than of —— to soften hard water. I am pleased with results.

Mrs. Rev. S. E. V.

One of the Millions. 685

BIGAMIST LANE GETS THE LIMIT

Must Serve Ten Years in Mississippi Pen.

Sensational Statement Made by Many Times Married Minister in Which He Claims Insanity—If Freed Would Marry Again.

Port Gibson, Miss., January 22.—(Special.)—Mason Lane, alias Rev. Jean Skyles, was given the extreme penalty for bigamy—ten years in the penitentiary—after a sensational defense.

Regretting he was not given an opportunity to go on the witness stand, he continued:

"I realize my position, and know that I have done wrong, but I was not responsible for my action. If I am a sane man I wish the extreme penalty placed upon me, but, judge, I am insane.

"I have been so pronounced by Drs. Simms and Rogers, of the asylum of Tennessee. At the same time my brother was also adjudged insane, who is now confined in that institution as an incurable and has been for the past fifteen years. I will be forty-three years of age in February, and, gentlemen, just think, I have had twenty-two years of this unhappy life. I have risen many a day praying to God to die, but unheard, it seems.

"An insane man is heard by no one, even barred from heaven. He is shut out from everything on earth. If a man were to hand me a million dollars today and a clean character and say start anew upon the world, within three months I would again be married and have a church. For there are certain impulses I cannot control.

"Instead of getting better I am continually getting worse. I have time and time again read all works on insanity, making an effort to avoid these horrible things, but it cannot be done. Here witnesses go upon the stand and testify I had shown no signs of insanity during my confinement in the county jail. It is natural with all insane people that when they are watched or the moment they hear the footsteps of any one approaching they immediately prepare to draw themselves together and make as bold a face as possible.

"The idea is to watch an insane man when he is not aware of the fact that eyes are upon him. It is upon the dockets of the Tennessee courts that I am insane, entered there by experts of that state."

The convicted man was here interrupted by his attorney, Mr. Martin, who stated on behalf of the prisoner that he had received letters vouching for Skyles' statement. Skyles again continued:

"I admit that four of my wives are divorced, and today I know of one of them that would, if she could, come to my rescue and work in my behalf.

"She secured a divorce two years after our marriage on grounds of my insanity, which she realized. There comes at times a period when I am kind to every one and again at others impulses attack me which make me extremely different.

"I realize I am irresponsible and should be done away with, and again I say if I am not insane, I wish to get all that is coming. If I am not insane, I am a very bad, wicked man."

Harriman Chosen President.

New Orleans, January 22.—E. H. Harriman has been elected president of Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship Company, the Louisiana division of the Southern Pacific, to succeed the late A. C. Hutchinson, who died in New Orleans December 7. Thornvell Fay was elected vice president; John B. Richardson, secretary and treasurer, at New Orleans; Alex Miller, assistant treasurer, in New York; and A. H. Vandeventer, assistant treasurer, in New York.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, January 22.—The trend of prices today in the stock market was still listless and reflected nothing more than the shifting whims or hopes of the room traders, whose operations absorbed the total dealings. Yesterday's late advance met rather a positive check this morning in the news from Venezuela of a renewed attack upon the fort of San Carlos by German war vessels. It was evident that a more serious view of the situation in its effect upon American securities was taken in London than here, and the declines affected there in American stocks induced an active arbitrage selling here at the opening. It was not until after the close of the London day of trading that the local market made any effective recovery. The London selling of stocks created a demand for exchange which stiffened the prices of bankers' bills and reawakened the gold export question. Export demand for grain continues large in spite of a rise in the price of wheat, and affords a good supply of exchange bills. Some special weakness was shown by the New York public utilities owing to the agitation of the franchise tax question and the difference of opinion disclosed as to the application of the adverse judicial decision to the law as a whole. The declines from last night ran from 1 to 1 1-2 in the speculative leaders during the morning weakness. The late recovery in prices was largely connected with the anticipation of a dividend increase on Northern securities, the directors of which went into session early in the afternoon. Active buying and a sharp advance in Northern securities on the curb and a 3 point rise in Great Northern preferred in the board room were taken as corroborative evidence. The 3 point advance in St. Louis and San Francisco, though unexplained by news, was a sustaining influence on the market. There were humors that the road was to pass the control of the Southern railway. The professed expectations on the Northern securities dividend ran from a yearly rate of 4 1-2 per cent to 5 per cent or a lump extra division. The declaration of 1 1-8 per cent division was not announced until after the market had closed. The closing was steady but very dull.

Bonds were dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,970,000.

United States Bonds were unchanged on call.

Money on call easier at 2 1-2@4 1-2 per cent, closing at 2 1-2; time money steady; 60 days 4 1-2@4 3-4 per cent; 90 days 4 1-2@4 3-4; six months 4 3-4@5; prime mercantile paper 5@5 3-4.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.90@4.86.95 for demand and at $4.83.90@4.83.95 for sixty day bills; posted rates 4.84 1-2 4.84.

Bar silver, 47c.

Mexican dollars 37 1-2c.

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds irreglar .

Southern Cotton Mill Stock Quotations.

Quotations on southern cotton mills stocks for the week ending January 20, 1903, as furnished by Hugh MacRae & Co., bankers, of Wilmington, N. C.

	Bid.	Asked.
Abbeville cotton mills, S. C.	65	....
Aiken Mfg. Co., S. C.	91	93
Anderson cotton mills, S. C.	121	128
Arkwright mills, S. C.	111	124
Augusta factory, Ga.	64	....
Avondale mills, Ala.	85	....
Belton mills, S. C.	96	....
Bibb Mfg. Co., Ga.	....	108½
Brandon mills, S. C.	95	101
Buffalo cotton mills, S. C., pfd.	....	99
Cabarrus cotton mills, N. C.	122	....
Chipuola Mfg. Co., S. C.	....	99
Clearwater Bleachery and Mfg. Co., Ga.	....	90
Clifton Mfg. Co., S. C.	170	....
Clinton cotton mills, S. C.	118½	....
Courtenay Mfg. Co., S. C.	124	....
Columbus Mfg. Co., Ga.	85	....
Dallas Mfg. Co., Ala.	85	....
Darlington Mfg. Co., S. C.	91	....
Eagle and Phenix mills, Ga.	93	....
Easley cotton mills, S. C.	94½	....
Enoree Mfg. Co., S. C.	86	88½
Enterprise Mfg. Co., Ga.	80	85
Exposition cotton mills, Ga.	....	151
Gaffney Mfg. Co., S. C.	95	100
Granby cotton mills, S. C.	....	99
do. first preferred	....	101
Graniteville Mfg. Co., S. C.	158	165
Greenwood cotton mills, S. C.	....	100
Grendel mills, S. C.	....	103
Henrietta mills, N. C.	....	210
John P. King Mfg. Co., Ga.	92	95
Lancaster cotton mills, S. C.	100	110
Langley Mfg. Co., S. C.	102	106
Laurens cotton mills, S. C.	164	....
Lockhart mills, S. C.	....	101
Louise mills, N. C.	....	101
Mayo mills, N. C.	140	....
Mills Mfg. Co., S. C.	....	99
do. preferred	....	103
Monarch cotton mills, S. C.	....	96
Monaghan mills, S. C.	94	98½
Newberry cotton mills, S. C.	115	....
Norris cotton mills, S. C.	....	110
Olympia cotton mills, S. C.	100	....
do. preferred	....	98
Odell Mfg. Co., S. C.	100	....
Orangeburg Mfg. Co., S. C., pfd.	....	102½
Orr cotton mills, S. C.	101½	....
Pacolet Mfg. Co., S. C.	190	205
Pelzer Mfg. Co., S. C.	165	....
Piedmont Mfg. Co., S. C.	165	172½
F. W. Poe Mfg. Co., S. C.	128	....
Richland cotton mills, S. C.	....	99
do. preferred	....	100
Roanoke mills, N. C.	95	100
Sibley Mfg. Co., Ga.	64	....
Southern cotton mills, N. C.	95	....
Spartan mills, S. C.	130	....
Trion Mfg. Co., Ga.	125	140
Tucapau mills, S. C.	130	....
Union cotton mills, S. C.	148	....
do. preferred	100	102½
Victor Mfg. Co., S. C.	119	....
Warren Mfg. Co., S. C.	98	....
do. preferred	106	....
Washington mills, Va.	....	103½
do. preferred	....	103½
do. common	7½	....
Whitney Mfg. Co., S. C.	110	....
Wilmington cotton mills, N. C., pfd	100	....
Wiscassett mills, N. C.	115	....
Woodruff cotton mills, S. C.	89	....

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, January 22.—Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red western winter 6s 1-2d; No. 1 California 6s 9d; futures steady; March 6s 4 3-4d; May 6s 3 1-8d.

Corn, spot quiet; American mixed new 4s 10 1-2d; do old, no stock; futures steady; January nominal; March 4s 5d; May 4s 2 3-4d.

Local Bonds and Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923	106	....
Atlanta 6s, 1914	121½	....
Atlanta 7s, 1904	102¾	103¼
Savannah 5s, 1913	108	109
Savannah 5s, 1909	106	107
Macon 4½s, 1926	107½	....
Macon 6s, 1910	115	....
Augusta 6s, 1921	130	....
Augusta 6s, 1921	130½	....
Augusta 6s, 1913	119½	....
Columbus 5s, 1909	105¼	....
Columbus 4½s, 1927	107½	....
STATE BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 3½s, 1930	108½	....
Georgia 4s, 1926	115	....
Georgia 4½s, 1915	115	....
Georgia 4½s, 1922	120	....
Alabama, class A	104	....
Alabama, class B	103	....
Alabama, class C	100	....
RAILROAD BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922	109	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1910	110½	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1922	122	....
Central of Ga. first 5s, 1946	118	....
Central of Ga. Col. Trust 5s, 1937	103	104
Central of Ga. consol 5s, 1945	106½	....
Central of Ga. first incomes	....	77¼
Central of Ga. second incomes	....	38
Central of Ga. third incomes	25	....
Southern Ry. first 5s, 1994	117½	....
Ga. Pacific first 6s, 1922	125	128
Seaboard 4s, 1950	86	88
Seaboard guar. 5s, 1902	102	....
Seaboard 10-year 5s	102	104
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co.	255	260
Southwestern	119½	121
Augusta and Savannah	116	....
Atlanta and West Point	155	....
Southern Railway preferred	95	97
Southern Railway common	36¼	38
Seaboard preferred	43	45
Seaboard common	29	28
STREET RAILWAYS.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta Con. St. Ry. 5s, 1939	105	107
Mobile Light and R. R. consol 5s, 1941	92½	95
Mobile Light and R. R. stock	24	26

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Still Talking About That JUNIPER STREET LOT.

If you could go out any day and buy such a lot for $950, we wouldn't be harping on it so much. If Juniper street lots were kept always in stock at this figure, and you could buy one whenever you wanted it, we wouldn't be wasting valuable space on it.

But when there is only one, and when it is gone, you can safely count on paying somebody a profit, or paying about $300 more for some other lot, then it's different. We consider it a "snap."

When you can buy property on a main thoroughfare, on a car line, in first-class neighborhood, on paved street, at less than $20 a foot, you are getting a bargain. You can't make a mistake on that.

By the way, in a short time you will see a handsome home erected on one corner of Juniper and Eleventh. Somebody to break the ice and start the ball rolling and property in that section will be in demand. No $20 a foot then.

Forrest and George Adair.

Do you want to sell anything?

Then you must tell folks about it! We furnish drummers that never send in bills for hotel fare, extra dinners, cigars, wines, etc.; that talk to hundreds or thousands of buyers at the same time, and work every day; and that are always in the right humor and dressed to make the best impression. For details of this service, see us to-day.

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Dealers in fine Wines and Liquors, Distillers of the celebrated Stone Mountain Corn Whisky, the finest in the world. Sole agents for Budweiser bottled beers. We solicit your patronage.

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It's a Lesson in Economy...

For prudently disposed housekeepers to visit any one of our stores. There are bargains at every turn. Bought for bargains—and sold for bargains.

TODAY

A 25c tin Lowney's Cocoa, only	19c
A 25c cake Lowney's Chocolate, only	17c
A 10-lb. Bucket Cottolene (why buy lard?)	$1.15
Fancy Michigan Irish Potatoes, peck	25c
Flour—our La Rosa, fancy patent, 24 lb. bag	58c
Flour—our La Rosa, fancy patent, 48 lb. bag	$1.15

THE ROGERS STORES. Phone Connections.

MANUFACTURING PLANT.

We have for sale the most DESIRABLE and cheapest MANUFACTURING site in the city, which we can offer at a price that will sell it. Two large BUILDINGS are already on the grounds, with side-track extending through the yard. This is well located, and has over an acre of ground. If you are in the market for something of this kind, see us at once.

S. B. TURMAN & CO.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, Ga., January 22.—Flour: Diamond patent $4.75; second patent $4.20; straight, $3.70@3.80; extra fancy, $3.30; fancy, $3.30. First patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white 66c; No. 2 white 65c; No. 2 mixed 64c. Oats, white clipped, 50c; No. 2 white 48c; No. 2 mixed 46c; No. 3 mixed 45c; Bran $1. Brown shorts $1.15; white shorts $1.40. Barley 95c bu. Victor food $1.35 per 100 lbs; Quaker food $1.25. Choice large bale $1.15. No. 1 small $1.10; No. 2 small $1.05. Plain corn meal 65c; bolted 60c. Cotton seed meal $1.25 per 100 lbs. Hudnut's grits $1.85.

New York, January 22.—Flour shade higher. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 83 3-4. At Chicago the support of wheat was continued on a large scale today and prices rose to the highest point of the movement. A big export trade, coupled with higher English cables and less favorable home crop news helped the bulls; closed firm and 1-2@7-8c net higher; March 85 3-4; May 83 3-4; July 80 5-8. Corn, spot firm; No. 2 firm 65; options again quiet but very firm all day on covering induced by cables, the wheat advance and export demand; closed firm at 5-8@1 1-4c net advance; January 65; Februray 57 3-4; March 55 1-4; May 50 1-8; July 48 1-2 . Oats, spot firmer; No. 2 44, options fairly active and stronger; May 41 7-8.

St. Louis, January 22.—Flour firm. Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash and elevator 74; track 75 1-4@76; May 77 1-2@77 5-8; July 73; No. 2 hard 71 1-2@74. Corn higher; No. 2 cash 42 1-2; track 42 3-4@44; May 41 7-8. Oats higher; No. 2 cash 36; track 36@37; May 36 3-4; No. 2 white 38.

Chicago, January 22.—Cash quotations were as folows: Flour dull and firm. No. 2 spring wheat 78@82; No. 2 72@80; No. 2 red 77@77 7-8. No. 2 corn 47 1-4; No. 2 yellow 47 1-4. No. 2 oats 34 1-4; No. 2 white 38; No. 3 white 34 1-4@35 3-4. No. 2 rye 50 1-4.

Cincinnati, January 22.—Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 80. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 48 1-2. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 38 1-4.

Provisions.

Atlanta, January 22.—Clear rib sides, boxed, 9.15; half ribs 9 1-2; bellies 10; ice cured bellies 19 1-2. Sugar cured hams 15c; California hams 10 1-2. Lard, 10 3-4c; compound 8c.

New York, January 22.—Lard dull; western steam 10.45; refined quiet; continent 10.60; compound 7 1-2@7 3-4. Pork quiet.

St. Louis, January 22.—Pork lower; jobbing, standard mess, $19.10. Lard stronger at 9.67 1-2. Dry salted meats steady; boxed shorts 9.00; clear ribs 9.00; short clears 9.25. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts 9.87 1-2; clear ribs 100.00; short clear 10.25.

Chicago, January 22.—Mess pork 18.00. Lard 10.10. Short ribs sides, loose, 8.97 1-2@9.22 1-2; dry salted shoulders, boxed, 9.33 1-2@9.62 1-2.

Cincinnati, January 22.—Lard fimer at 9.55. Bulk meats firm at 8.87 1-2. Bacon steady 10.25.

Groceries.

Atlanta, January 22.—Coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle's $10.30; Lion $9.80; Cordova, $10.05; Blue Ribbon, $10; green coffee, choice 10c; fair, 8c; prime, 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5⅛c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle, $3.00@4.65; mixed, choice, 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 35c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; Ice cream, $1.25; common, 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, twins 15c; singles, 15. Matches, 15s, 45 3-4@55; 200s, $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $1.75. Crackers, soda, 6c; cream, 7c; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Pie peaches, $1.75; table peaches, $2.75@3. Canned tomatoes, $2. Canned corn, $1.80@1.90. Best mince meat, 10c lb.; choice, 7c lb. Oysters, F. W., $1.75; L. W., $1.20. Fancy head rice, 7c; head rice, 6c. White fish, 60 lb keg, $2.75; white fish, 100 lb kegs, $4.40; mullet fish, 50 lb kegs, $4.50; pigs' feet, 40 ¾ kegs, $1.90; macaroni, 7c lb; pork sausage, 8 1-2c lb; Bologna sausage, 7c. Sardines, oil, case, $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.50; salmon, case, $3.60@5.50. Jellies, 30-lb pails, 4c lb. Pepper sauce, 4oz., 60c; Worcester, doz., 85c; catsup, pints, dozen, 85c; mustard, dozen, 90c; krout, 15 gallon kegs, $2.75. Pickles, 15 gallon 600s, $5.50.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, January 22.—Apples: Fancy, $3.00 to $3.50; choice $2.50 to $3.00. Oranges—Florida, 126 to 216 to the box, $3@3.50 box. Mangarine $3.50@4 box. Grape fruit $4@5 box. Lemons, fancy, $3.50; choice $3@3.25. Malaga grapes $5@5.50c per keg. Bananas, per bunch, culls, 60@75c; straights, 90c@$1.10. Nuts—Walnuts, No. 1 12 1-2; No. 2 10 1-2; almonds, 13; pecan, 9 1-2 to 10; Brazils 12@13; mixed nuts 12 1-2c. Peanuts, Virginia, 4 1-2 to 6. Georgia, 4c. Cocoanuts, per 100, $3. Pineapples, $2.50 crate. Dates, 60 lb boxes, 6@6 1-2c lb; packages 7 1-2c lb. Figs, 13 1-2@14c. Citron, 15c. Raisins xx $1.65 per box; xxx $1.85 per box. Prunes, small, 5@6; large, 6@7 1-2. Candy, common stick, 6c lb.; mixed, 6 1-2c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, January 22.—Eggs, fresh, 22@23c; storage stock, 20@21c per dozen. Cranberries, barrel, $10; gallon, 40c. Butter, Georgia fresh, 14@15c; Tennessee, 18@20c; Jersey 20@22 1-2. Live poultry, hens 30@32; fries, large, 18@22 1-2c; medium 16@18; small 14@16. Ducks, puddle 25c; Pekin, 30. Live turkeys, 15 to 16c. Dressed poultry, hens, 12@13c per pound; fries, 15c pound; cocks 8@10c pound; turkeys 18 to 19c pound. Quail 12 1-2 to 14 each. Opossums, 10 to 12 1-2c lb. Rabbits and squirrels 8@10c each. Onions $1.05@1.10 bu. Cabbage $1.25@1.50 per 100 lbs. Irish potatoes, northern 85@90c bu.; Tennessee and Virginia 70@75c bu. Sweet potatoes, 80@90c bu. Peas, white, $1.25@1.50 bu.; do lady $1.75@2.00; stock $1.00@1.25. Dried fruit, Georgia apples 5c lb; do. peaches 4@5c; do. peeled 10@12 1-2c. California dried peaches 7c lb. Celery per dozen 30@40c. Navy beans $2.90@3 per bu. Butter beans 6@6 1-2. Turnips, rutabaga, 1c lb. Beeswax 20 to 22c lb. Honey in comb 8@10c lb; in frames, 10@12c lb; strained 6@7c lb.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, January 22.—Turpentine firm at 59; reecipts 257; sales 4.25; exports 462. Rosin firm; reecipts 2,889; sales 2,921; exports 1,000. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, $1.65; F, $1.70; G, $1.85; H, 2.05; I, $2.40; K, $2.90; M, $3.35; N, $3.55; window glass, $3.80; water white, $4.20.

Charleston, January 22.—Turpentine firm at 58 1-2 bid; sales none. Rosin firm; A, B, C, D, E, $1.60; F, $1.65; G, $1.75; H, $2.00; I, $2.35; K, $2.85; M, $3.30; N, $3.50; window glass, $3.75; water white, $4.15.

Wilmington, January 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 59; receipts 23. Rosin firm at $1.55@1.60; receipts 376. Crude turpentine firm at $2@3.50; receipts 7. Tar firm at $1.60; receipts 223.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, January 22.—Cotton seed oil was steady on spot and firmer to arrive; offerings somewhat lighter; prime crude here nominal; prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 34@34 1-2c; prime summer yellow 40 1-2c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c. Prime meal $27.50@28.

Memphis, Tenn., January 22.—Cotton seed oil—Car load lots per gallon, prime crude, 36c; off crude 30@35c; prime summer yellow 39c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, nominal. Meal—Prime $21.50@21.75; cake $21@21.25.

New Orleans, January 22.—Cotton seed oil—Prime refined in barrels 39 1-2c; off refined in barrels 37 1-2c; prime crude, loose, 35c.

Allen-Miles Co.'s Hide and Leather Letter.

Chicago, January 22.—Predictions of lower country market now verified. Several cars buffs sold at 8 1-4c and 7 1-4c, which dealers kept quiet for a short time in hopes of securing more business on that basis. Buyers now predicting 8c market for February, as receipts steadily increase. Heavy steers steady at 11c, but cows not quotable over 8 3-4c. Buyers taking 8 1-2c for extremes, but no sales under 8 3-4c as yet. A city tanner bought two or three lots kip at 10c, but more is pressing for sale. Packer hides steady for native steer hides at 13c. Heavy native cows offered at 11c and light native cows at 9 1-2c. Branded cows October and November held at 9 1-2c. Bids of 9 1-4c declined. Harness tanners showing interest in the market for native steers. New York wires: Leather company bought 6,000 last half December and first half January native steers at 12 1-2c, mostly koshers. Branded hides in proportion. Market well sold up. Boston wires: Tanners decline; bidding 8 1-4c for Chicago buffs or 8 1-2c Ohio; claim the tendency is lower.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GALLAGHER—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Gallagher are invited to attend the funeral of the former from the Church of Immaculate Conception at 2:30 today. Mr. E. C. O'Donnell, Will Byers, J. M. Breslin, M. Brady, Thomas Gallagher and Patrick Campbell will act as pallbearers and meet at Hilburn & Poole's, 49 East Hunter street, at 1 o'clock. The interment will be at Westview.

BLOUNT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Blount, Mrs. Maggie Kimbro, Miss Catherine Blount, Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Blount, Mrs. M. B. Murphy and family, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs James E. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Lynch, Mrs. A. Hamilton and family, Mrs. Kate Wooten and family, Mrs. Mary Buchardt, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Agricola, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Donahue and Mrs. Pat Lynch and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Patrick Blount today (Friday), at 10 a. m., from the Church of Immaculate Conception. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at office of H. M. Patterson at 9 a. m.: John Gatin, Sr., Frank Gillespie, John Doherty, N. J. Heard, O. M. Ezell and L. V. Kennerly.

CONNALLY—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. S. N. Connally and family, Mr. W. L. Calhoun and family, Dr. E. L. Connally and family and Mr. L. Z. Rosser and family are invited to attend the funeral services of Mr. S. N. Connally at his late residence, near College Park, at 10 o'clock Saturday morning next. Interment at Oakland. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: W. Woods White, I. C. McCrory, M. D. Willingham, B. L. Willingham, Edward Beach and J. N. Pittman.

MEETING NOTICE.

A regular communication of Piedmont lodge No. 447, Free and Accepted Masons, will be held in Masonic temple this (Friday) evening, January 23, at 7:30 o'clock. The degree of fellow craft will be conferred. All Masons duly qualified are fraternally invited to meet with us.

A. H. EASTERLY, Worshipful Master.

HENRY M. WOOD, Secretary.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street, Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, January 22.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Georgia and South Carolina—Fair Friday; Saturday rain and warmer; light variable winds becoming southeast.

Virginia—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness; rain by night; light variable winds becoming fresh southeast.

North Carolina—Fair Friday; Saturday rain; light variable winds becoming fresh southeast.

Eastern Florida—Fair Friday and Saturday except rain in north portion Saturday; variable winds becoming fresh southeast.

Western Florida, Mississippi and Alabama—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday rain; fresh south winds increasing.

Western Texas—Fair in south, rain and colder in north portion Friday; Saturday fair; colder in southern portion.

From Various Stations.

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall 12 hours in inches.
Abilene, clear	56	64	.00
Augusta, clear	46	52	.00
Buffalo, clear	28	28	T
Charleston, clear	48	56	.00
Charlotte, clear	44	50	.00
Chattanooga, clear	42	46	.00
Chicago, snow	28	32	.06
Cincinnati, clear	34	40	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	60	64	.00
Detroit, snow	32	32	T
Dodge City, cloudy	38	48	.00
Galveston, clear	56	60	.00
Huron, clear	2	4	.00
Jacksonville, clear	52	58	.00
Kansas City, clear	32	34	.00
Knoxville, clear	36	38	.00
Memphis, clear	48	54	.00
Mobile, clear	46	50	.00
Montgomery, clear	46	50	.00
New Orleans, clear	50	58	.00
New York, cloudy	36	40	.00
Norfolk, clear	46	50	.00
North Platte, cloudy	26	30	.02
Omaha, clear	22	22	T
Palestine, clear	54	60	.00
Raleigh, clear	46	52	.00
Rapid City, snow	22	26	.02
St. Louis, clear	38	48	.00
St. Paul, clear	8	14	.00
Savannah, clear	50	56	.00
Tampa, partly cloudy	54	62	.00

J. F. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

THE GRAND

Saturday Matinee and Night. CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS **JOHN DREW** In His Greatest Success **The Mummy and the Humming Bird,** By Isaac Henderson. Entire Empire Theater Cast and Production. Sale Opens Thursday.

BIJOU

Tonight, Saturday Matinee and Night. **VAUDEVILLE** M. B. CURTIS & CO. SEMINARY GIRLS. Bailey and Madison, Ernest and Albert Latimore and Leigh, Wartenburg Bros. Dick and Alice McAvoy. No change in Bijou prices.

THE KIMBALL HOUSE TURKISH BATHS. Now Open ON OFFICE FLOOR

DAY & NIGHT TRAINS VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY, OVER One hour and half quickest time **TO JACKSONVILLE & ST. AUGUSTINE AND ALL FLORIDA RESORTS.** Vestibuled Trains. All meals on Dining Cars. Write or call on J. C. Beam, Jr., D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.